

Douglas – Westwood







History and Office Locations

- Established 1990
- Aberdeen, New York & Canterbury

Activities & Service Lines

- Market research & analysis
- Commercial due-diligence
- Business strategy & advisory
- Published market studies

Industry Sector Coverage

- Oil & Gas
- Renewables
- Power

Large, Diversified Client Base

- 600 projects, 400 clients, 50 countries
- Leading global corporates
- Energy majors and their suppliers
- Investment banks & PE firms
- Government agencies

Our Business

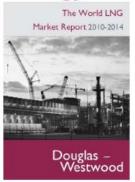




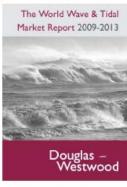




Energy Business Analysts

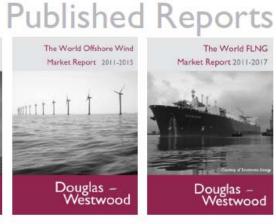




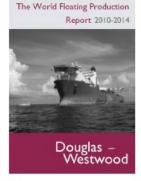


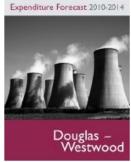


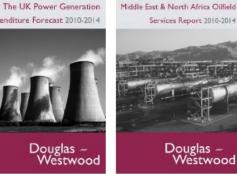


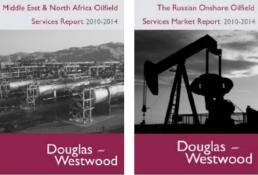




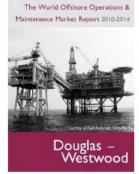


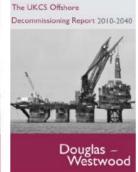




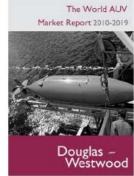










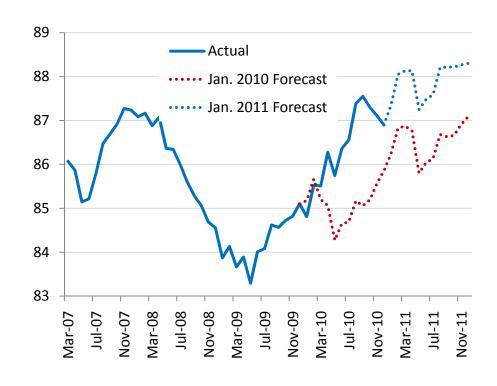




Gathering Steam

Macro Oil Outlook Offshore Oil & Gas Conclusions

- Strengthening recovery, to new peaks in consumption: 87.6
- Forecast for 2011 up 1.2 mbpd compared to Jan. 2010 forecast
- OECD up modestly in 2010
 - US up 200k
 - EU up 200k
 - Japan down -150k
- China up 6%, +500k
- Other non-OECD: +900k
- Global consumption up 1.8 mbpd over last year

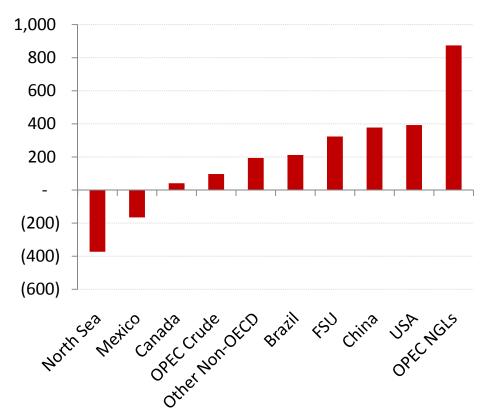


EIA World Oil Consumption, Actual and Forecast, million barrels per day (3 mma)

Source: EIA STEO Jan. 2010 and Jan 2011



- North Sea and Mexico continue decline
- Canada flat
- Brazil underperforms
- FSU—mostly Azerbaijan doing well
- Geezers China and USA at front of the pack
- OPEC NGLs are leading the way
- Total world supply up 2.0 mbpd, half is NGLs
- EIA expects 2011 largely flat



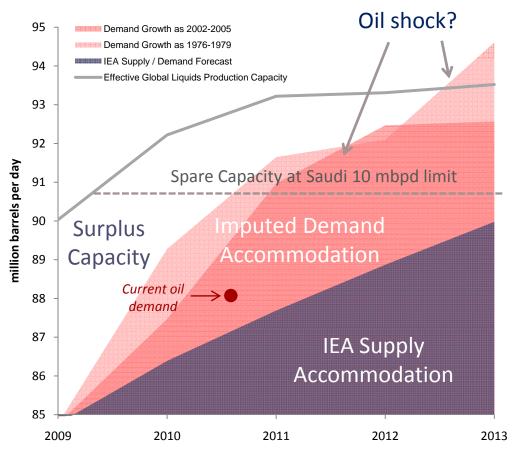
World Liquids Production Growth, 2010 million barrels per day

Source: EIA STEO Jan 2011



Medium Term Outlook: Risks of Oil Shock Growing

- Adequate spare capacity today—but ¾ of it is in Saudi Arabia alone
- IEA sees demand rising slowly, less than 1.3 mbpd / year in 2011, vs. up 2.5 mbpd in 2010
- Previous recoveries strong demand growth during first three years
 - After 2002: 7.7 mbpd
 - After 1976: 7.3 mbpd
- If previous patterns hold true, a possible supply crunch in 2012/2013
- What will Saudi do?



Oil Demand under Three Scenarios and Global Liquids Production Capacity

Source: IEA, Douglas-Westwood analysis

Supply Risks: Iraq and Bakken

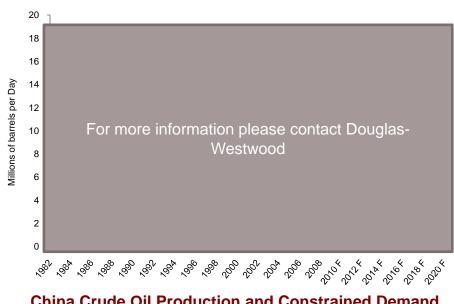




- Iraq
 - Output up 300 kbpd to 2.7 mbpd
 - Potential to increase by 0.5 mbpd per year to 6-7 mbpd
- Bakken
 - Output up 80 kpbd to 380,000 bpd
 - Potential to add 80 kbpd / year, potentially to greater than 1 mpbd or more
 - Like gas shales, production is front-loaded
 - More to come from other sources?

Longer Term Outlook: China, China...and Others



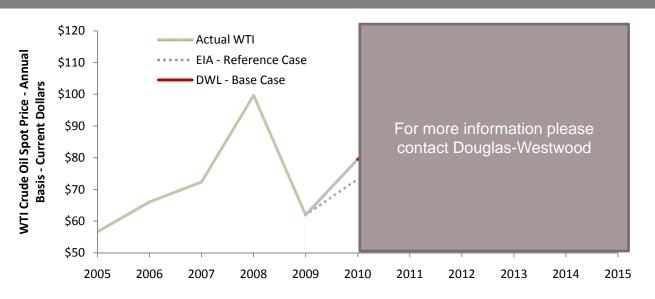


China Crude Oil Production and Constrained Demand

Source: EIA, Douglas-Westwood Analysis

- World's second largest economy: 10% GDP growth
- "Astonishing" oil demand growth
- 18 million light vehicle sales vs. 13.6 million prior year (12.6 m for US in 2010)
- 120 million new cars by 2015 = all passenger vehicles UK + France + Germany
- In 2010, China was 1/3 of total global oil demand growth (less than other Asia and non-OECD)
- China's foreign oil dependence rises from 1 in 2 bbls to potentially 9 in 10 by 2030

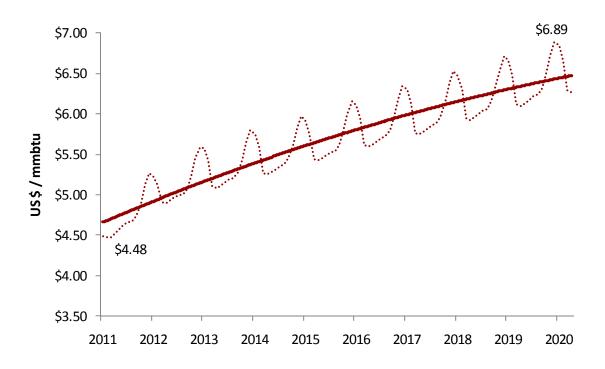
Medium Term Oil Price Outlook



Annual WTI Spot Oil Price Forecasts: EIA, Douglas-Westwood

Source: EIA AEO (* adjusted, RACC + \$1.50), Douglas-Westwood

- We assume supply is flat to modestly increasing
- Historically, US could not add oil consumption at more than 4% of GDP—equals \$86
- In last three months of 2010, US up 230 kbpd at average \$85
- US up 700 kbpd in December at \$89
- WTI at \$92—above our expectation of mid-to-high \$80s for 2011
- If US can reset to a higher tolerance for oil prices, a substantial oil price rally could be in store

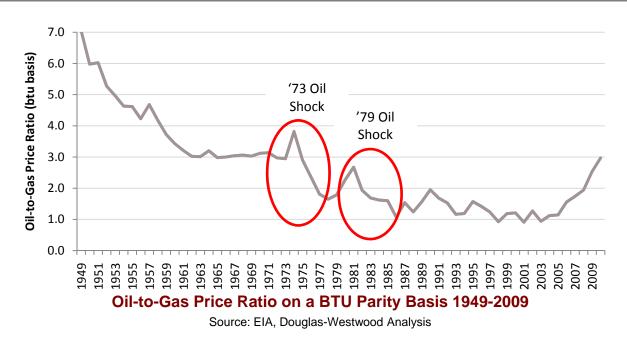


NYMEX Natural Gas Futures: 2011-2020

Source: NYMEX, as of 12 January 2011

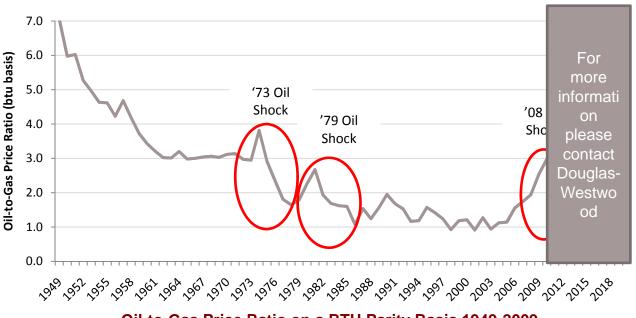
Pretty miserable price deck.

Historical Oil-to-Gas Relationship



- Oil is three times as valuable as nat gas on a btu parity basis!
- Reversion to historical relationship: natural gas as 'junk fuel' compared to oil?
- We've seen this pattern before: '70's oil shocks
- At first, the relative price of oil rose with OPEC actions
- But over the next few years, natural gas re-valued as consumer economies switched over from oil.
- Natural gas—not oil—was the primary beneficiary of the oil shocks
- Natural gas will revalue against oil

Prospective Oil-to-Gas Relationship

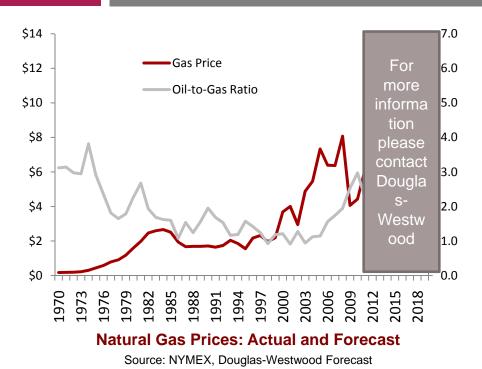


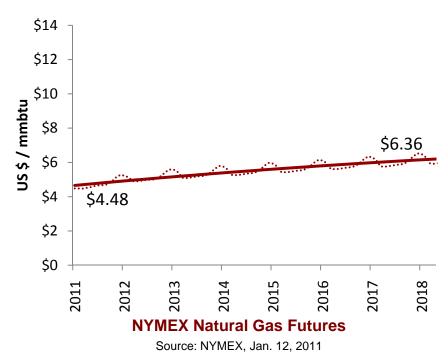
Oil-to-Gas Price Ratio on a BTU Parity Basis 1949-2009

Source: EIA, Douglas-Westwood Analysis

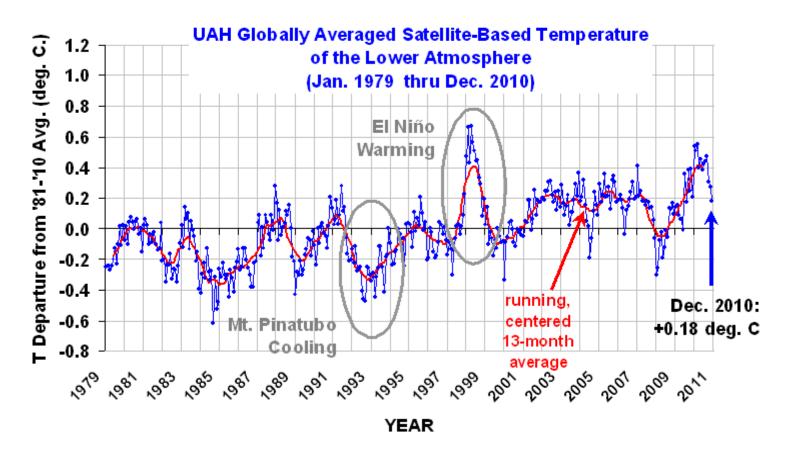
- Price arbitrage encourages greater use of and switching to natural gas
- Pace of ratio decline similar to historical precedents
- Oil price spike in 2012-2014 drives ratio and prices back up
- Ensuing recession reduces energy prices
- Price arbitrage trend continues afterwards to 'convenience discount' threshold
- Modelled 1974-1983 period

A View on Future Natural Gas Prices





- Oil prices remain high
- Switching to gas continues
- Natural gas price rises over time to approach btu price parity with oil
- Second half of the decade sees high natural gas prices
- A very different view than the futures strip
- "Rigs, Recessions and the Tyranny of the Futures Curve"

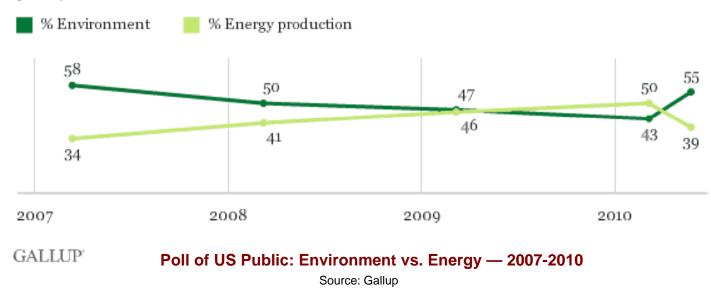


- 2010 second warmest year in satellite record, probably modern record
- But temps dropping rapidly with fading of 2010 La Niña
- Cool through June

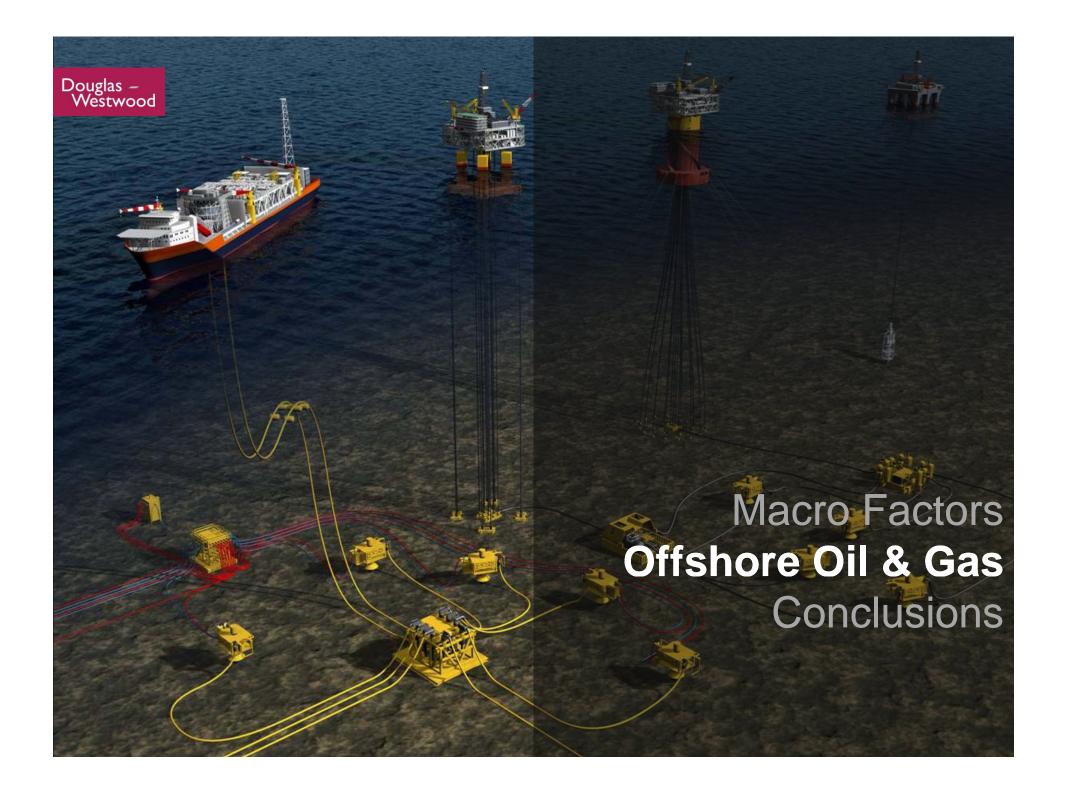


Recent Trend: Higher Priority for Energy Production or Environmental Protection

With which one of these statements about the environment and energy production do you most agree -- [ROTATED: protection of the environment should be given priority, even at the risk of limiting the amount of energy supplies -- such as oil, gas and coal -- which the United States produces (or) development of U.S. energy supplies -- such as oil, gas and coal -- should be given priority, even if the environment suffers to some extent]?



- Macondo reversed priority of energy over environment
- Swing of 23 percentage points within a month



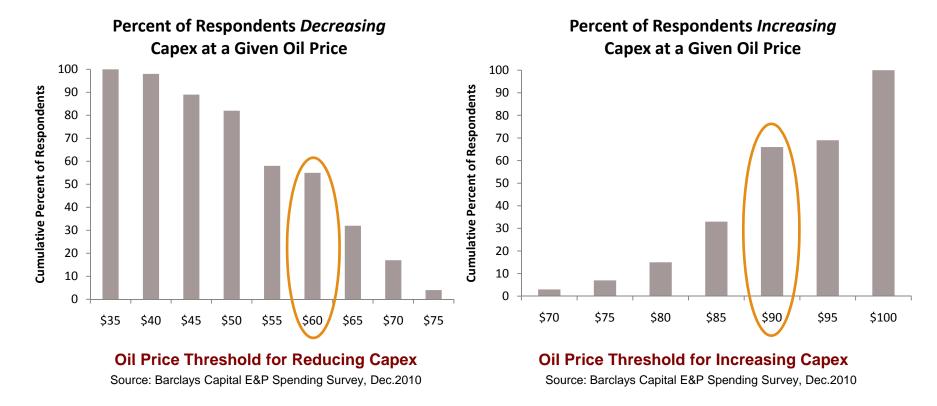
2010 – Recovery in E&P Spend



Source: Jim Crandell, Barclay's E&P Spending Survey, December 2010

- Recovery in 2010, up 10.2% to \$442 bn
- Continued growth in 2011 to \$490 bn, up 10.8%—new peak
- US spend up 8%, Canada up 5%, international up 12%
- Spend up \$48 bn in 2011, of which 82% to international

2010 – E&P Spend Sensitivity to Oil Prices

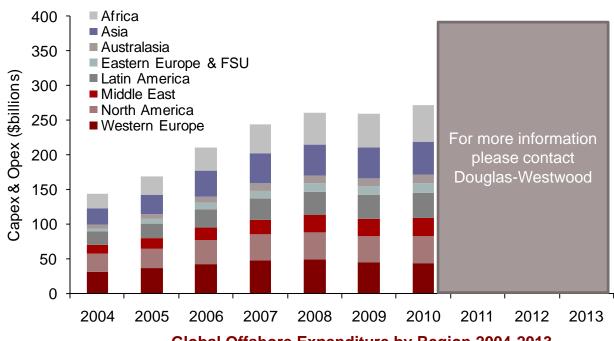


- E&P companies prepared budgets assuming \$77 oil on average, up from \$70 last year
- Expect capex to materially decrease in the industry if oil prices fall much below \$60
- Expect capex to increase materially if oil prices sustain above \$90, up from \$85 last year



Offshore oil & gas production & spend to grow





Global Offshore Expenditure by Region 2004-2013

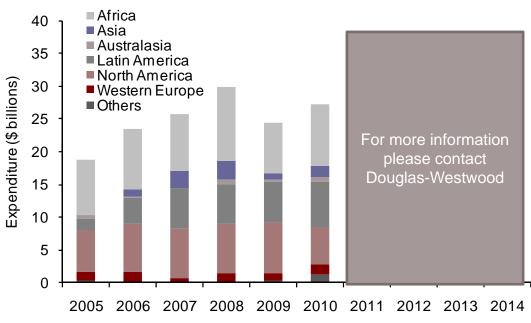
Source: Energyfiles / Douglas-Westwood

- Offshore capex to \$360 bn by 2013
- Gathering pace of recovery



Deepwater Capex to reach new highs

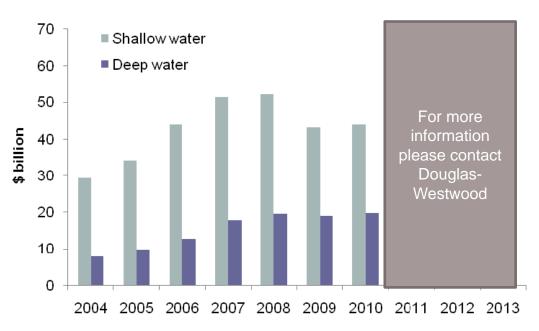




- Deepwater production to double
- Shallow water growth 20%
- \$137 billion Capex over the next five years



Offshore drilling – Deepwater to show strongest growth





Source: "World Offshore Drilling Spend Forecast 2009-2013" EnergyFiles & Douglas-Westwood

- Deepwater fundamentals look strong
- High oil prices, ample capacity in the system
- Spend to reach \$89 bn in 2013 (+57%)

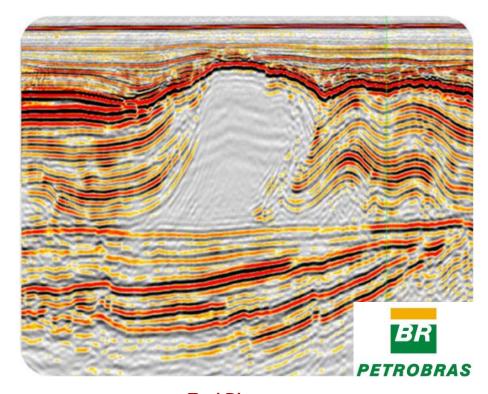


By 2018, 58 new drilling rigs

- 23 being delivered by 2011
- 9 in 2012
- 28 being built in Brazil 2013 to 2018

By 2020

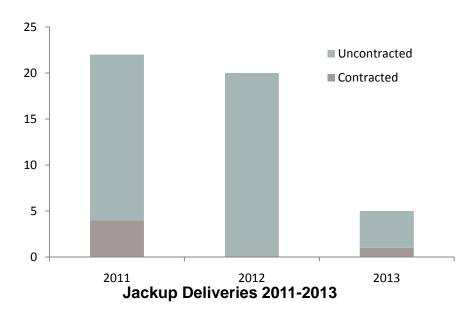
- 49 VLCCs
- 135 supply & service vessels
- 45 production platforms
- 7 wellhead platforms
- 140 manifolds
- 629 compressors
- 229 subsea wellheads
- 417 subsea trees

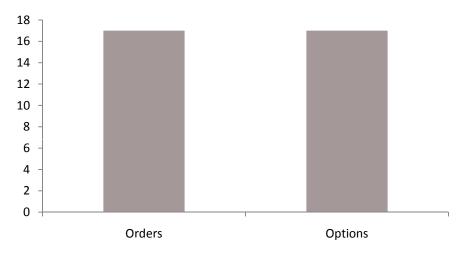


Tupi Discovery Source: CGG Veritas

- Spend of \$224 bn to double output by 2014
- Capex & Opex to total \$1 trillion to 2020

Douglas – Westwood



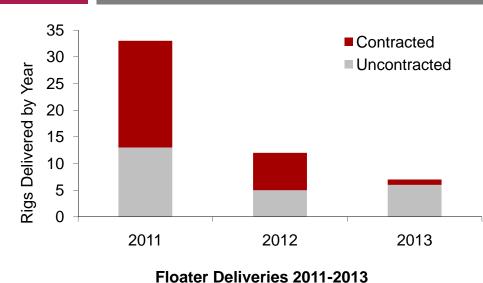


Jackup Orders and Options since October 1, 2010

- 47 jackups to be delivered 2011-2013
- 42 have no contract
- Many low spec, older rigs stacked (60+); many may never re-enter service
- Demand for high spec rigs
- 17 orders, 17 options since October



Floaters: Semisubmersibles and Drillships



Options
Orders

Orders

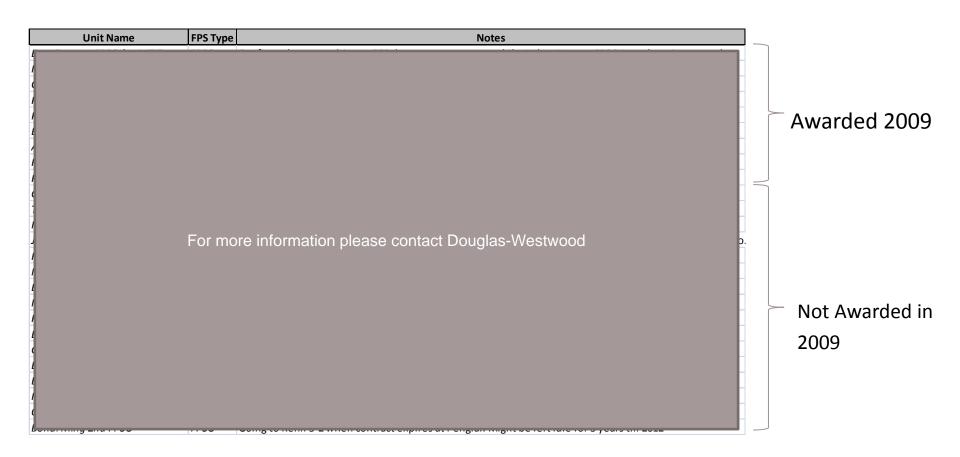
Floater Orders and Options since October 1, 2010

- 52 floaters to be delivered 2011-2013
- 24 have no contract
- Weakness in mid-water utilization and rates
- Modest strength in deepwater segment
- Healthy orderbook has not deterred new orders: +8 since early October
- Rig prices are favorable: \$550-\$600 million, down \$50-100 million





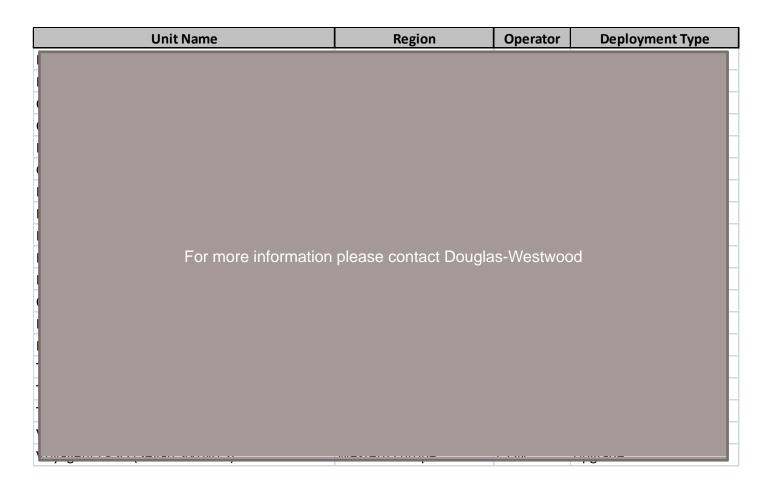
FPS Sector: What Happened in 2009?



- 1H 2009 was quiet. Second half of 2009 saw some recovery in the market.
- Ten contract awards (from an expected 25).



The Floating Production Sector: What happened in 2010?

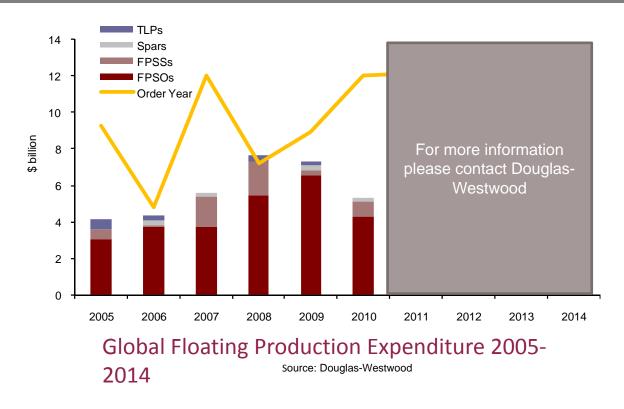


- 19 FPS orders placed in 2010, including 12 FPSOs
- Combined order value of \$6.9bn (FPSOs = \$6bn)
- Market is recovering....



The Floating Production Sector Market Outlook





- FPSOs account for 80% of forecast global FPS expenditure
- 87 FPSO deployments expected 2010-2014 \$35 billion spend
- Long term >200 FPS opportunities tracked
- Global FPS market to be worth \$45 billion over 2010-2014 period



Gas – the potential for FLNG



For more information please contact Douglas-Westwood

Image:Shell

2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

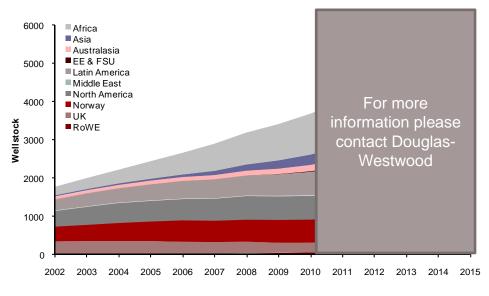
- Long talked about as a solution for stranded gas assets
- Liquefaction finally becoming a reality? \$20 bn spend forecast
- Shell Prelude project currently and design and engineering phase, more environmental requirements to be met
- Impex and Petrobras -- Australia, Indonesia, Timor, Brazil?
- Mentality is still utility-driven
- Capital costs and required natural gas price?
- Stranded fields or associated gas?

Source: The World FLNG Report Douglas-Westwood



Subsea Completions and Wellstock Continue to Grow





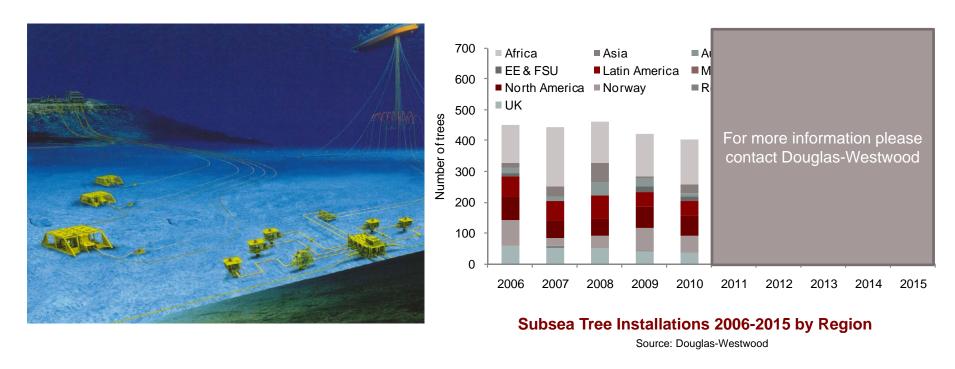
Subsea Wellstock by Water Depth 2002 - 2014

Source: Datamonitor/ Douglas-Westwood

- In 2009 the subsea completed wellstock stood at approximately 3,400 wells.
- We anticipate 3-5x growth for deep and ultradeep segments by 2015 over 2002 levels
- Deepwater subsea completions primarily takes place in the deepwater golden triangle of West Africa, Gulf of Mexico and Latin America
- Large growth, in percentage terms, in Asia



Subsea technology is vital to offshore production



Subsea tree installations to increase from 2011 onwards:

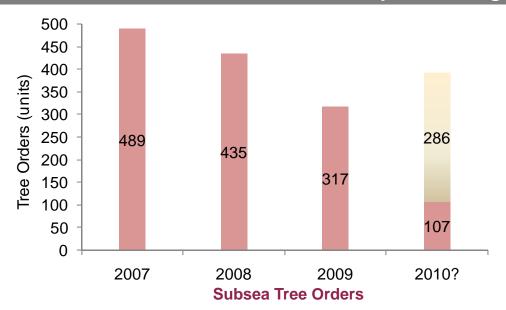
- The market remains strong despite a decline in activity during 2009-2010
- Installations forecast to pass 2008 levels by 2012
- Africa to remain the largest market for subsea trees in period up to 2015
- Brazilian market starting to ramp up installations from 2012

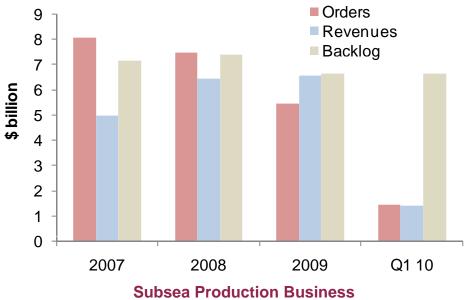


Subsea revenues have been buffered by backlog



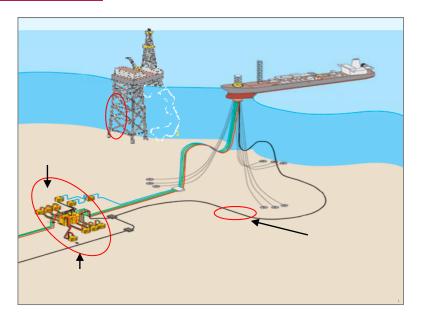
- Tree orders are not the full measure
- 07-09 rising revenues from backlog
- FMC was market leader with 45-47% share over the period 2007- 2009

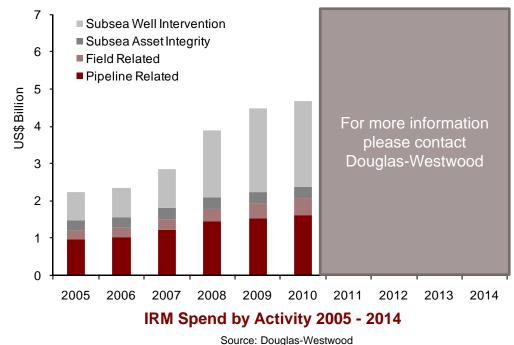




Source: Douglas-Westwood



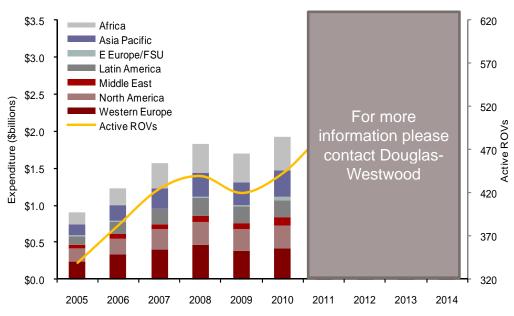




- Market as a whole increases from \$4.5 bn in 2008 to \$7 bn in 2014
- 10% annual growth
- Driven by subsea well intervention
- Africa takes lead over from Gulf of Mexico and North Sea by 2014



ROV Paces the Growth of Deepwater



The World Work Class ROV Operations Market 2005-2014 (Oil & Gas)

Source: "The World ROV Report 2010-2014" - Douglas-Westwood



Source: Schilling ROV

- 550 new work class ROV's to 2014
- Market reaching to \$3.2 billion by 2014

AUV – Autonomous Underwater Vehicles

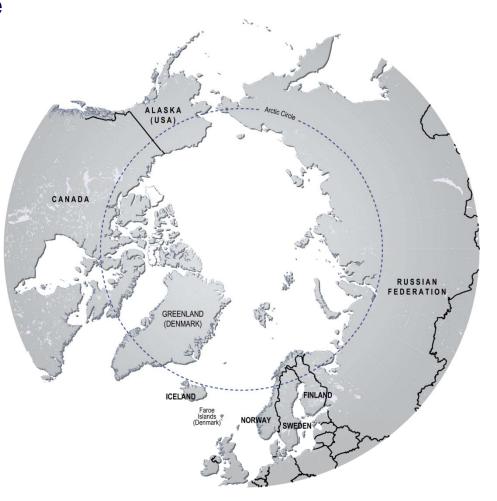


Hugin 1000 MR AUV Courtesy: Kongsberg Marine

- Self-guided under water survey and inspection vessels
- From 1 to 5 meters long
- Priced from \$150,000 to \$7 million
- Very hot topic recently—military contractors looking for commercial applications
- Greater acceptance for not only deep, but shallow water, oil and gas survey
- But a small market…



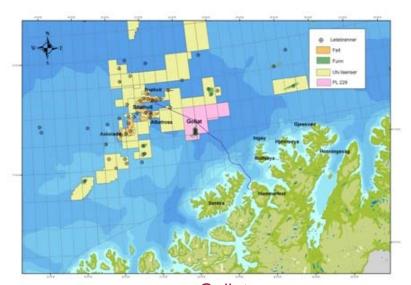
- Arctic Circle: 6% of Earth's surface or 8.2 million sq. miles + north and east Canada + Greenland
- Today, over 400 fields discovered with approx. 240 BBOE
- Further 412 billion Boe yet undiscovered (USGS), technically recoverable resources for Arctic, comprising
 - 90 bn barrels of oil
 - 1,669 tcf of natural gas
 - 44 bn barrels of NGL
 - Approx 84% offshore
- 22% of global o&g reserves?
- But, USGS recently reduced Alaska oil resources by 90%



Credit: Hugo Ahlenius, UNEP/GRID-Arendal

Some Arctic Projects

- Norway Goliat
 - Predominantly oil
 - Extended shutdown, now back on line
- Cairn
 - Two drilling rigs off coast of Greenland
 - Modestly promising results to date
- Hebron ExxonMobil
 - East Canada
 - Fourth Newfoundland field
 - 400 700 m barrels, 92 meters
 - First oil 2017
- Shell
 - Chukchi and Beaufort seas
 - Air permits pulled
 - One year delay
 - Macondo will cast a long shadow



Goliat Source: Eni Norge

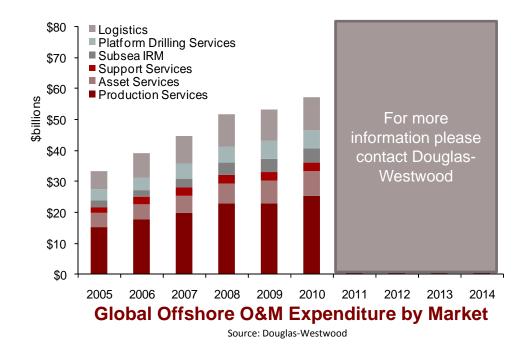


Sevan 1000 Source: Sevan



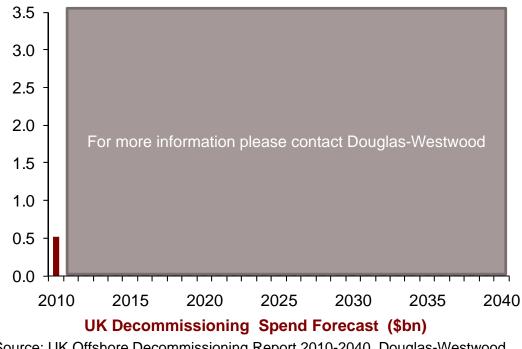
O&M – a massive aging offshore infrastructure

- >7,000 fixed platforms, >200 floating
- 185,000 km subsea pipelines
- 3,600 subsea wells operating
- 690 offshore drilling rigs
- Increasing costs and energy intensity per barrel
- Demand for major modification work increasing
- N. Sea decommissioning
- GoM P&A



- Offshore O&M \$62 billion spend in 2010 and growing rapidly.
- Over \$330 billion worth of expenditure expected over the next five years.





Source: UK Offshore Decommissioning Report 2010-2040. Douglas-Westwood

- UK 260 platforms, 2.4 million t. steel, 5,000 wells
- Total spend to exceed \$30 billion
- Super heavy lift vessels could reduce the platform decom. cost by \$2-3 billion
- Wider impact as timing coincides with N Sea offshore wind build
- GOM –3,500 disused wells to be plugged and 650 old platforms removed

The Gulf Moratorium



- Macondo blowout: April 20, 2010
- Moratorium: nominally lifted in October
- But no new permits issued; industry remains at a standstill
- Result: GoM production down 13% from 2011, not up 6% as earlier expected equals 220 kbpd difference
- Govt to expedite 13 companies, including Chevron and Shell, to resume work on a 16 projects that were already under way when the moratorium took effect.
- The 16 projects must still comply with new safety rules
- Safety rules are yet to be clarified
- Resume GoM activity H2 2011 2012?
- Oil prices will put administration under pressure





- US and EU economies seems to be on firmer footing—enhanced appetite for oil
- Global economic growth continues strong—China firmly on path to motorization
- Oil supply outlook remains restrained
- Will OPEC answer the call for its nominal spare capacity?
- Oil prices are high—above our expectations—but few visible drivers to push them down materially in 2011
- OFS pricing competition should remain pronounced in 2011
- Spare capacity in offshore sector: rigs, equipment, services
- High oil prices and restrained cost pressures should encourage operators to bring projects forward—activity levels should pick up
- Market players appear to be anticipating the next cycle—gap in rig orders and building may not be as pronounced as earlier expected.
- Administration will be under pressure to re-open the Gulf.

A good year for the offshore business.

