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## Game Changer

### “Good News”

**U.S. Economy Added  
136,000 Jobs in  
September**

**US unemployment drops  
to lowest since 1969**

**China’s Economy Gets  
a Little Better**

**Australia retail sales rise,  
suggesting recent rates  
buoying consumption**

**Mortgage Apps Jump  
Back Up, Borrowers  
Rush to Refi**

**S&P Reports \$14.6  
Billion Increase in U.S.  
Dividends for Q3**

### “Bad News”

**US manufacturing  
sector falls to lowest  
level in 10 years**

**Global manufacturing  
contraction stretches  
to longest in 7 years**

**Global markets fall on  
poor economic data**

**US services sector  
growth slips to three-  
year low in September**

**South Korean exports  
slump for tenth month  
and prices fall**

**Germany’s services  
sector suffers as  
recession fears mount**

## Game Changer

One view of the US economy is that it has been weak and fragile, eg, bond yields have plunged, PMIs have declined sharply, mfg is in a recession, and the S&P peaked over a year ago.

A second view is that the US economy is OK and solid, eg, unemployment claims, consumer confidence, and EVRISI company surveys. The S&P is set for another leg up.

Last week's employment report gave the lead to the second view. Payroll employment with revisions increased +181k, up +1.3% y/y, and household +391k, up +1.4% y/y. The unemployment rate declined to 3.5%. These stronger employment data for Sep suggest S&P earnings in 3Q were OK. That's also suggested by S&P dividends which increased +8.2% y/y in 3Q.

AHEs slowed to just +2.9% y/y in Sep, which suggests the odds of a recession are low.

Global Short Rates made a new low last week, highlighting the ongoing *Global Easing Cycle*.

There was an unusually positive package of data for Australia, ie, exports, retail sales, and the mfg PMI, which

ticked up to 54.7%. So Australia is in its 29<sup>th</sup> year without a recession and still moving ahead. And RBA just cut its policy rate to just 0.75%, something the FOMC might take into consideration.

To be sure, there's a significant package of negatives, eg, the inverted yield curve, 2020 elections, trade war, China/HK, and Brexit.

Very best regards,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Ed Hyman". The signature is written in a cursive, slightly slanted style.

212-446-5617

646-287-7242

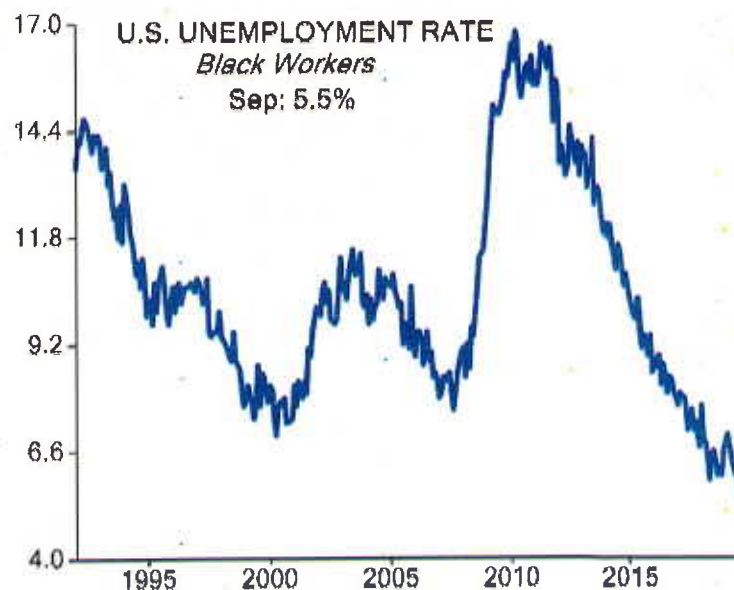
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## SUMMARY

### Game Changer

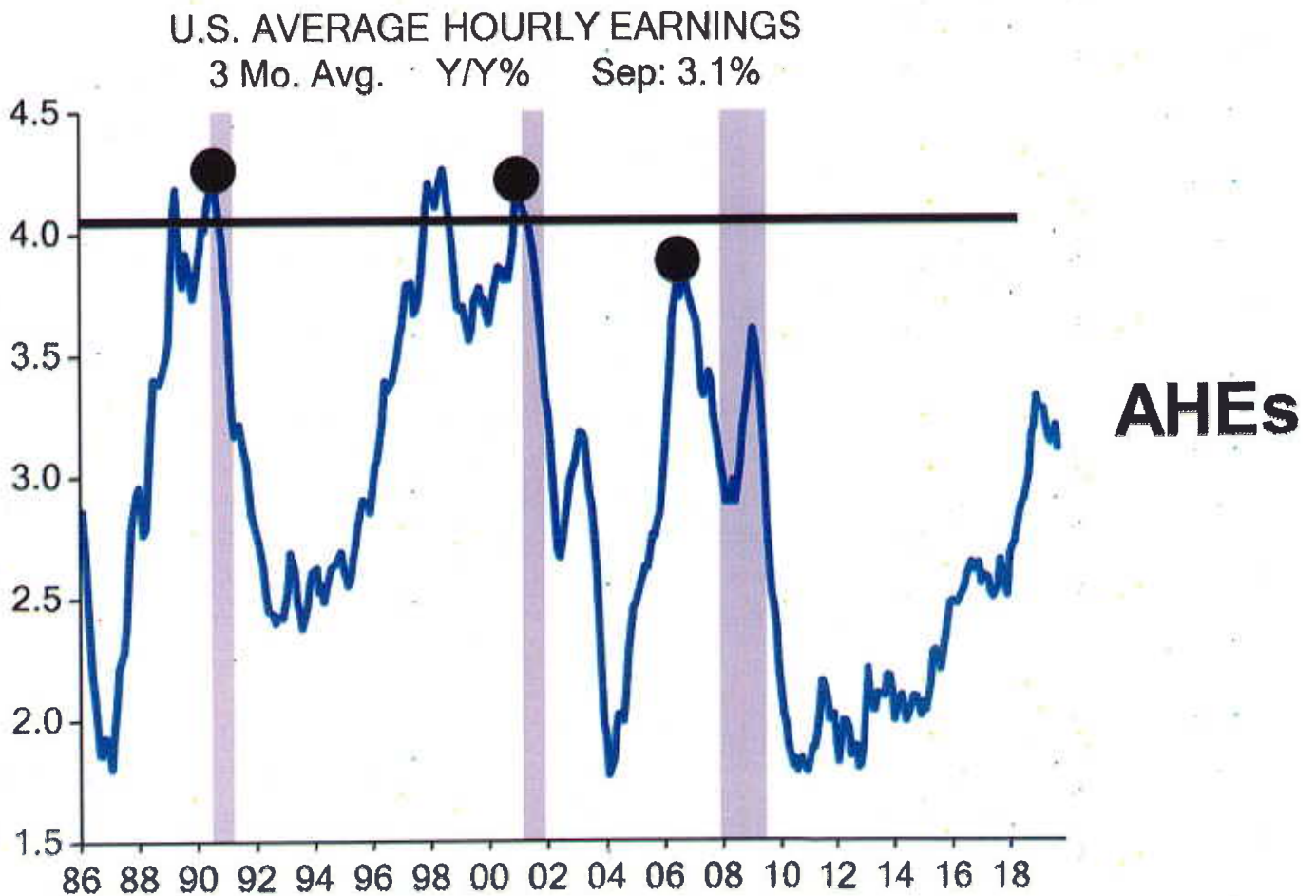
Employment gains have certainly slowed. But payroll employment and household employment were up +1.3% y/y and +1.4% y/y respectively in Sep. That's faster than labor force growth, and with just +1.1% productivity, would support +2.5% real GDP growth. Payroll employment has increased almost +22m or almost +17% over the past nine years. That's +1.6% per year. As a result, the unemployment rate has declined to just 3.5% and the unemployment rates for blacks, Hispanics, and *less than high school education* all declined to record lows.

To say the least, the expansion has broadened out.



**Game Changer** Contd

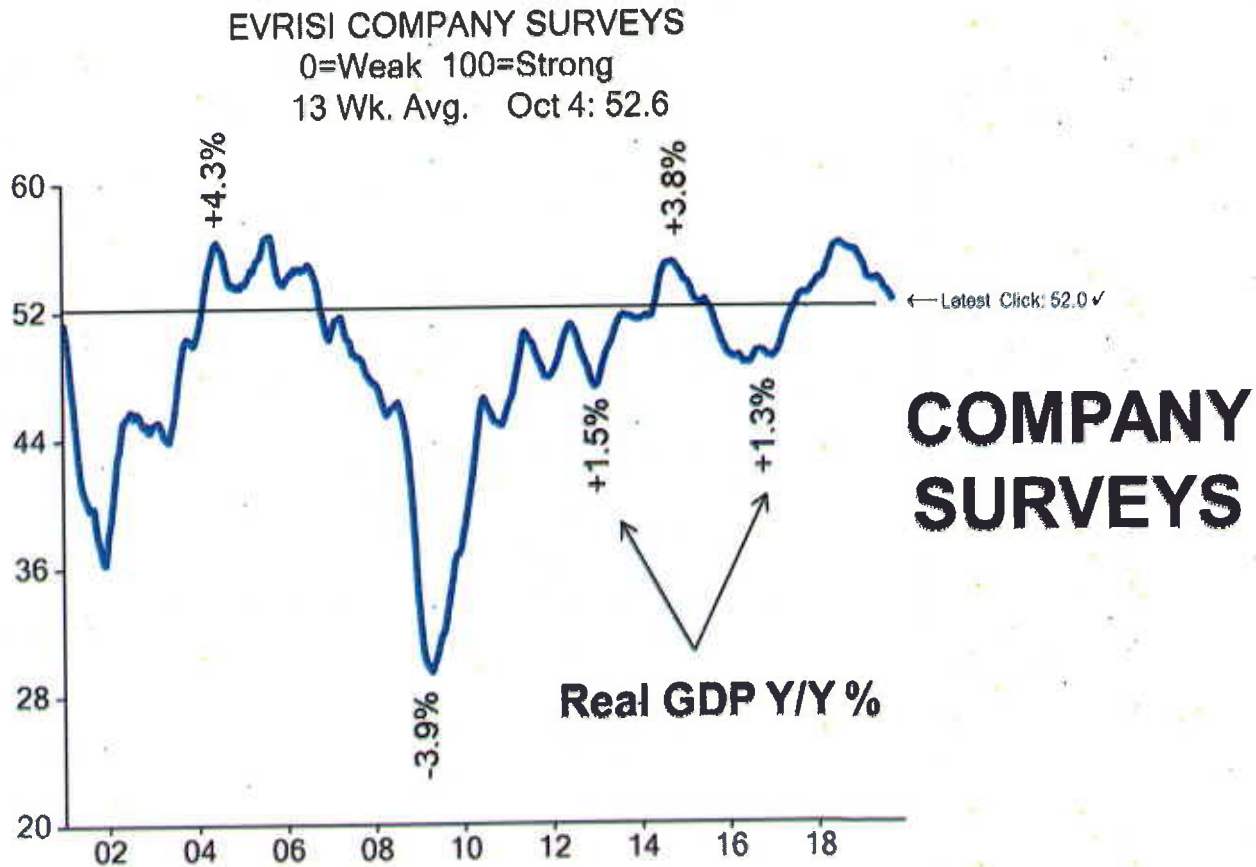
And with the unemployment rate down to just 3.5%, AHEs are still tame with a decline of -0.04% m/m in Sep and a slowdown to just +2.9% y/y. This is faster than inflation but well below the +4.0% that has been reached before previous recessions have started. *Slow And Steady* wins the race. A recession is not in sight.





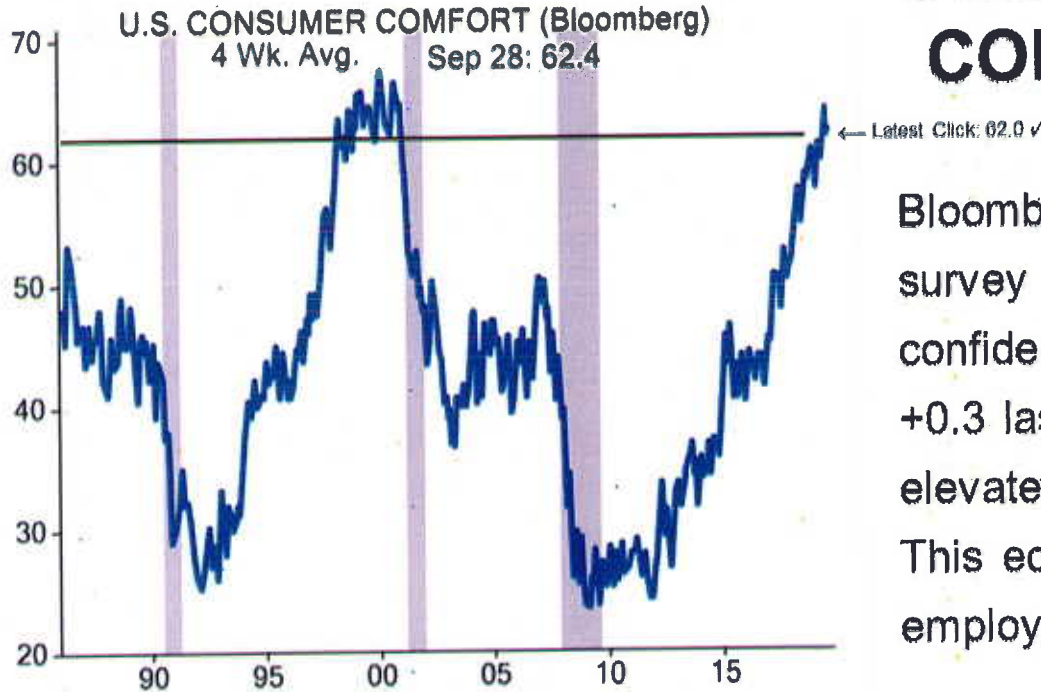
**Game Changer** Contd

We have identified 93 cities around the county that are doing well, eg, Charlotte, Boise, and Boston. So while the expansion has been slow, it has been persistent and that has led to the best economy overall we can remember. This fits with Friday's employment report, elevated consumer confidence, rising house prices, record-low unemployment claims, and EVRISI company surveys, which ticked up to 52.0 last week, a level consistent with +2.5% real GDP growth.



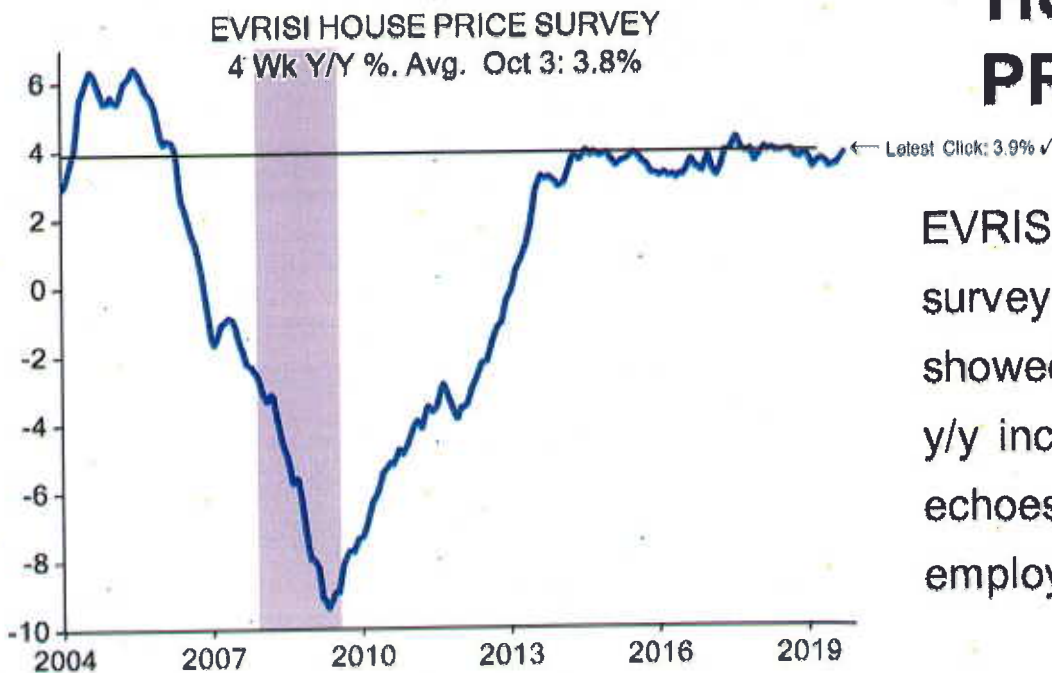
# Game Changer Contd

## CONSUMER COMFORT



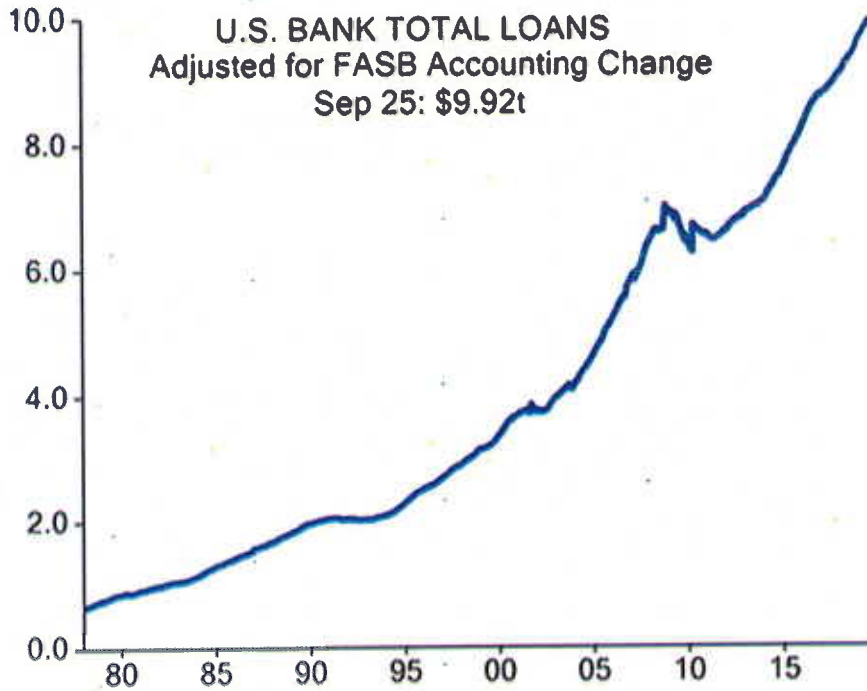
Bloomberg's weekly survey of consumer confidence increased +0.3 last week to an elevated 62.0. This echoes Friday's employment report.

## HOUSE PRICES



EVRISI house price survey last week showed a +3.9% y/y increase, which echoes Friday's employment report.

## Game Changer Contd



## **BANK LOANS**

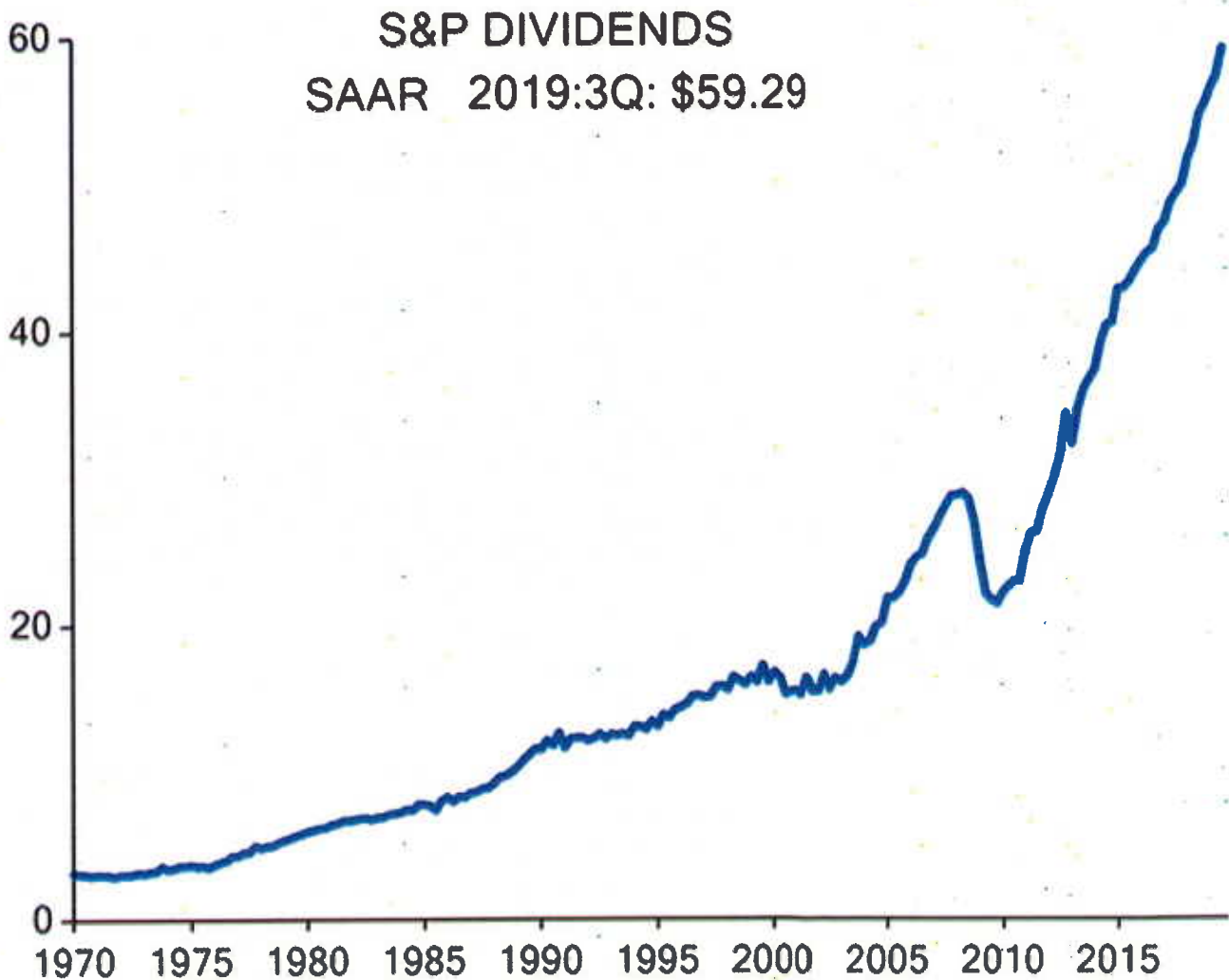
M2 was reported last Thursday with an acceleration to +6.0% y/y! Bank loans were reported Friday with an acceleration to +5.2% y/y. Again, both echo Friday's employment report.



### Game Changer Contd

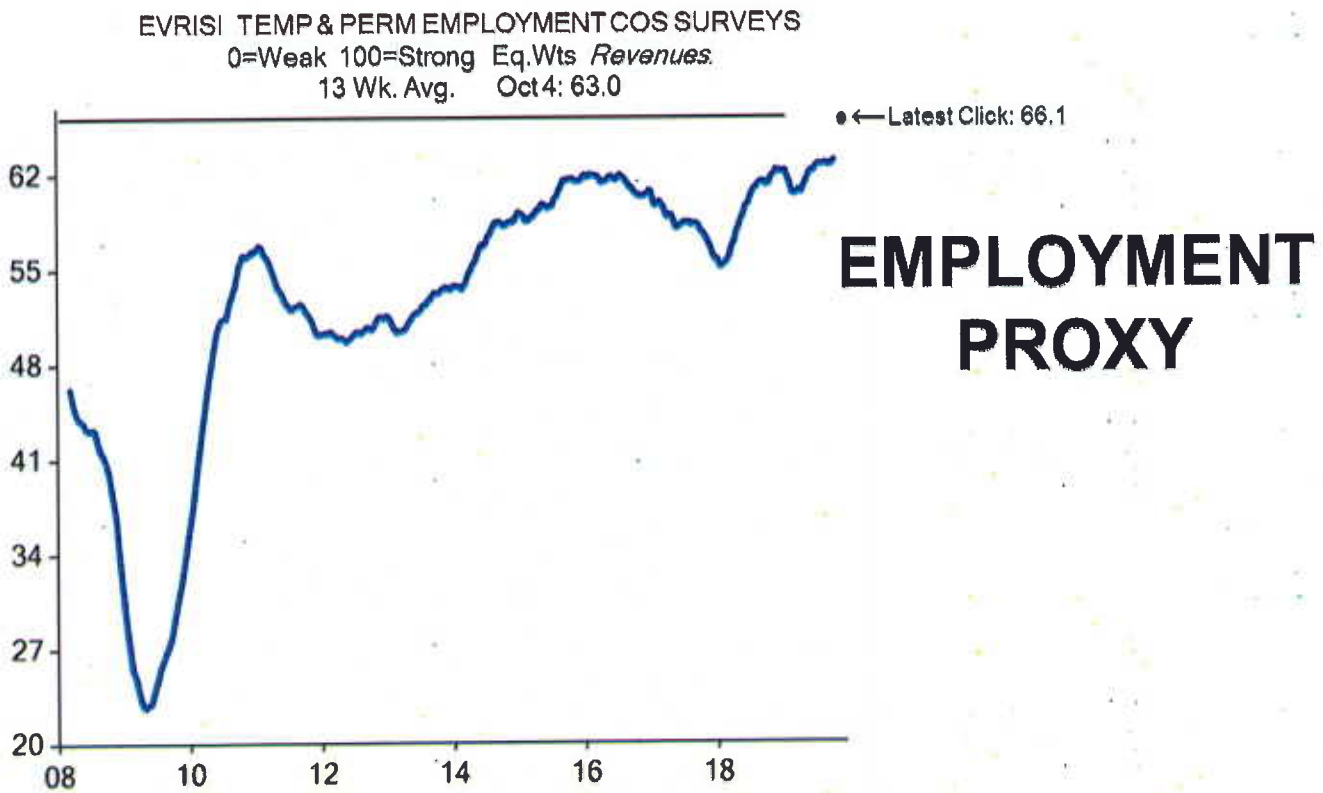
Also of note here, S&P dividends for 3Q were reported last week with a very strong +13.5% q/q a.r. increase and a strong +8.2% y/y increase. Dividends at \$59.29 put the S&P yield at 2.01% versus the bond yield at 1.53%.

**Stronger employment and dividends both suggest stronger S&P earnings in 3Q.**



**Game Changer** Contd

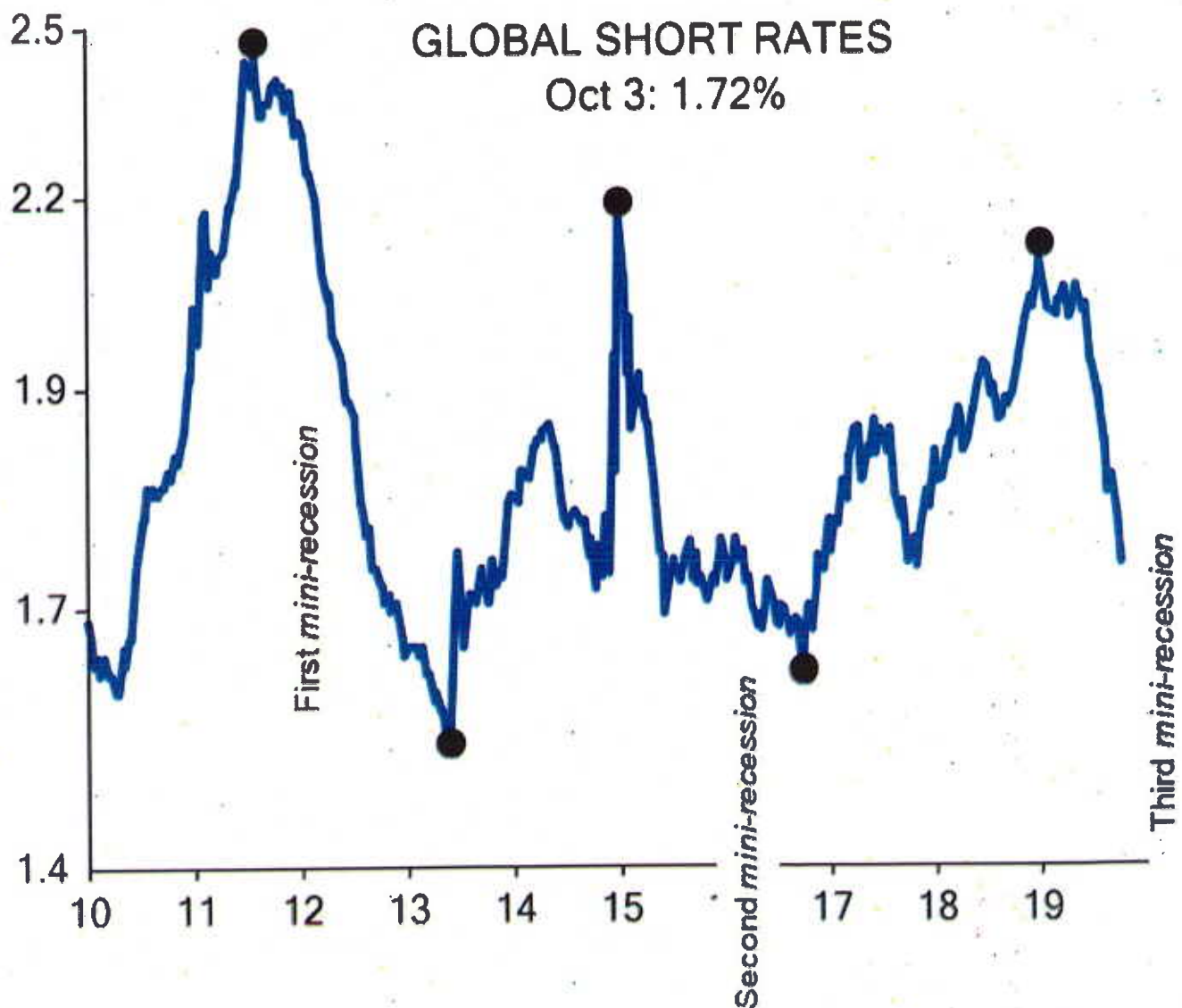
Every week Oscar Sloterbeck’s team surveys 13 temp & perm employment agencies around the country, asking them how their revenues are doing. This proxy of employment has been strong and surged last week to very strong 66.1. This survey echoes Friday’s employment report.



To be sure, US mfg sector is in recession, and the economy overall has slowed significantly over the past year. But it’s still growing at a solid pace and is likely to keep growing for the foreseeable future.

## Global Easing Cycle

EVRISI's proprietary measure of *Global Short Rates* declined again last week, has declined significantly over the past nine months, and is likely to continue to decline. Judging by history, this is setting the stage for this Third *mini-recession* to bottom.



## **Inflation MIA Give Central Banks Green Lights**

The surprising slowing in AHEs to just +2.9% underscores restrained inflation in the US. And three core CPIs for Sep outside the US reported last week were all restrained, to say the least:

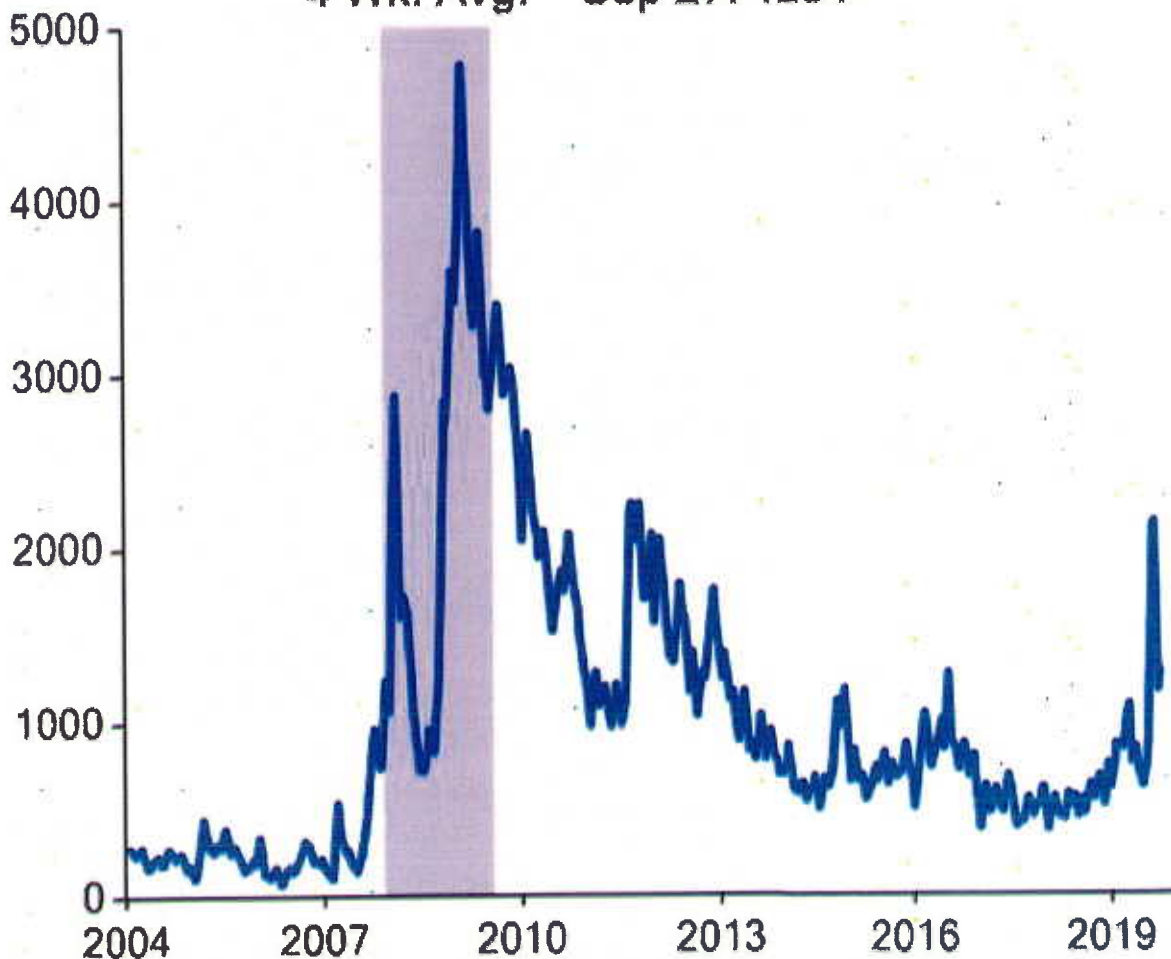
- Eurozone +0.10% m/m and +1.0% y/y.
- South Korea -0.18% m/m and +0.5% y/y.
- Thailand +0.05% m/m and +0.4% y/y.

Krishna Guha expects the Fed to cut in Oct to 1.75% and to resume balance sheet growth (\$15b per month).

## PMIs Influenced By “Recession” Mentions?

It’s possible that the unusual spike in “recession” mentions that occurred going into Sep influenced PMI survey results. Many articles mentioned “recession” in the context of the trade war, inverted yield curve, and Brexit. Since then, “recession” mentions have returned to more normal levels.

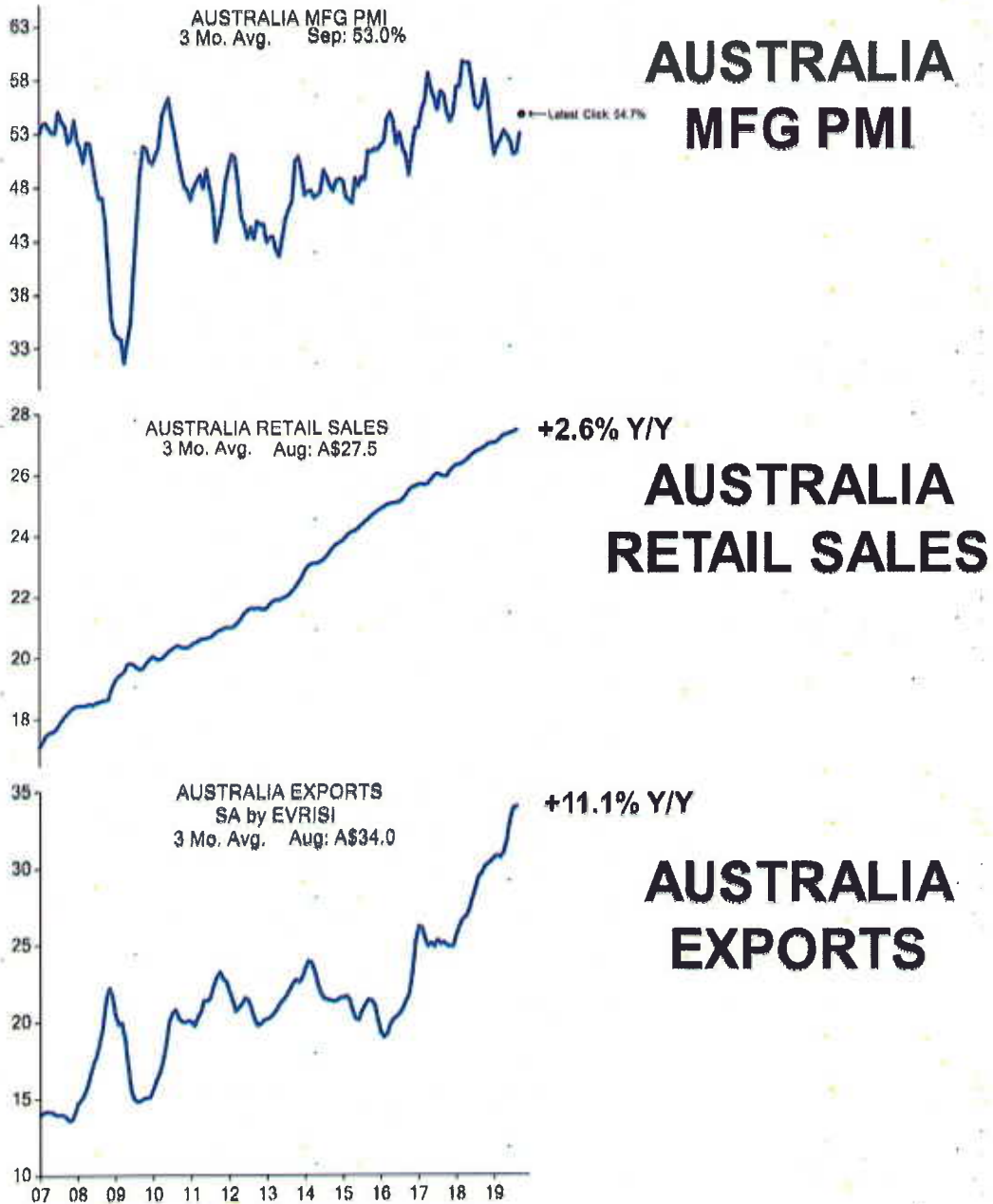
**BLOOMBERG ARTICLES  
MENTIONING “RECESSION”  
4 Wk. Avg. Sep 27: 1284**





## 29<sup>th</sup> Year!

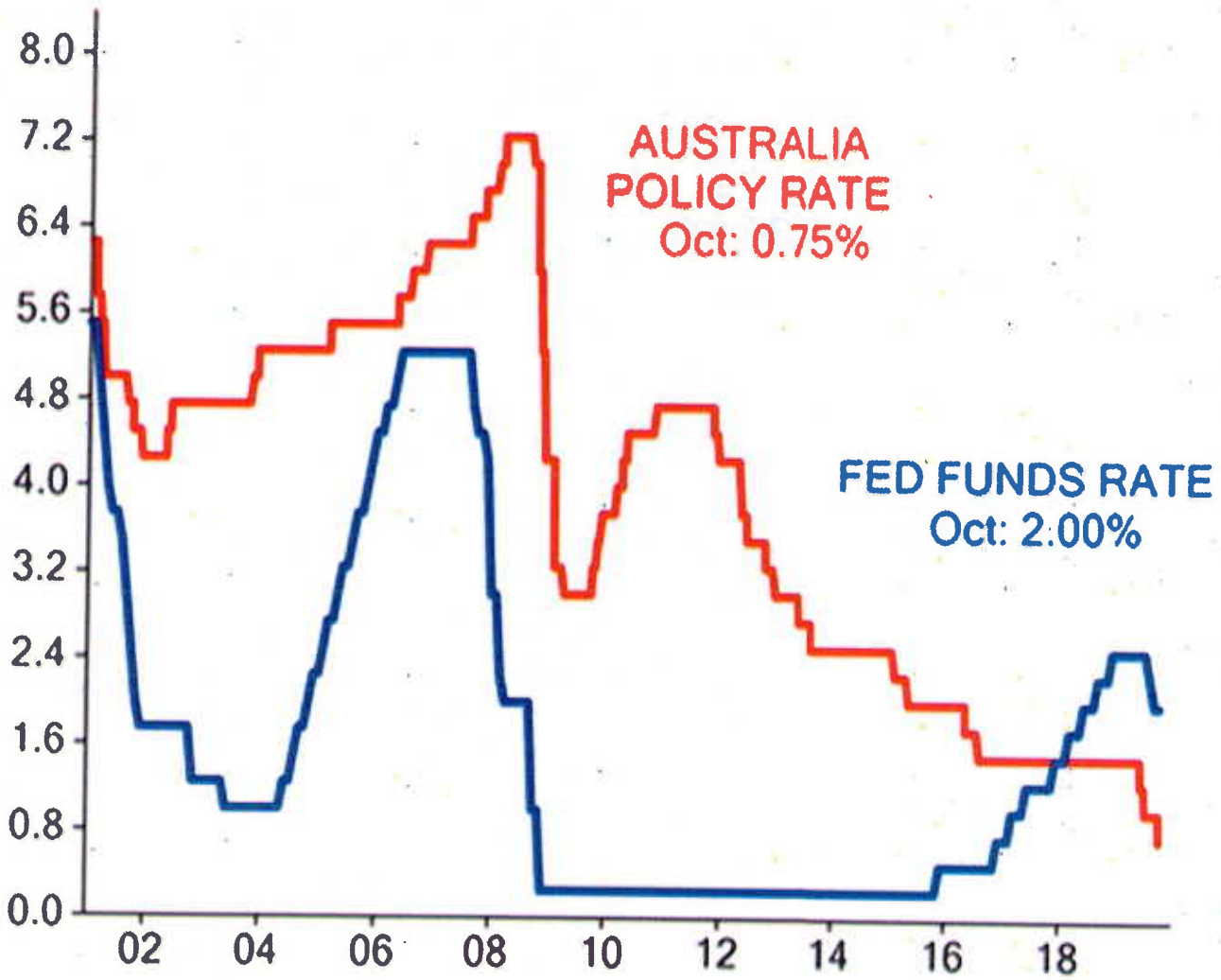
There was an unusually positive package of data for Australia reported last week:



So Australia real GDP probably increased again in 3Q, the start of its 29<sup>th</sup> year of expansion.

**29<sup>th</sup> Year!** Contd

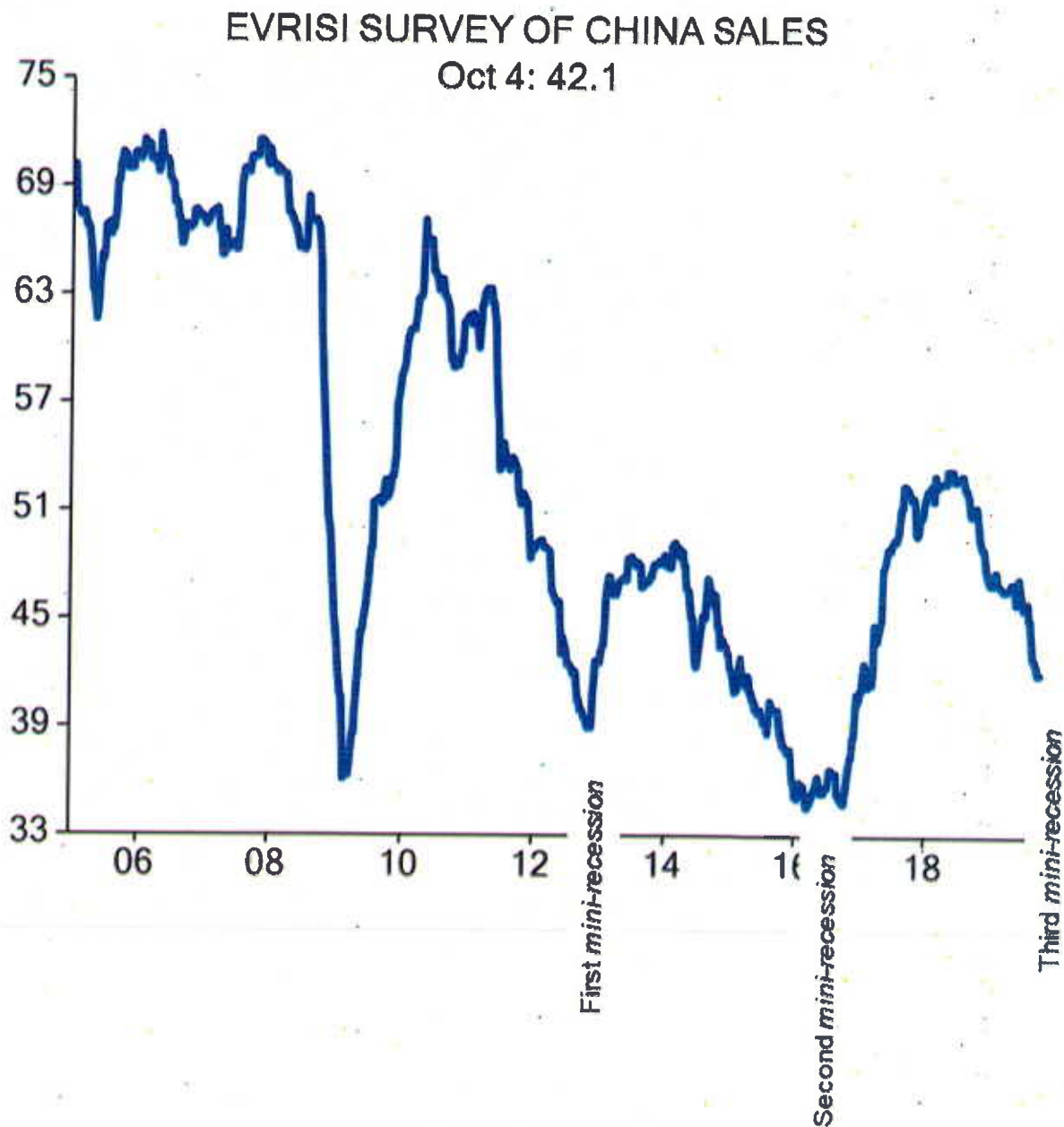
The Fed may want to take note of the fact that Australia's policy rate was cut to just 0.75% last week, particularly given that fed funds are roughly +50bp above bond yields.



*(CNBC) -- Major Asia markets close higher as Australia slashes cash rate by 25bp to new record low of 0.75%.*

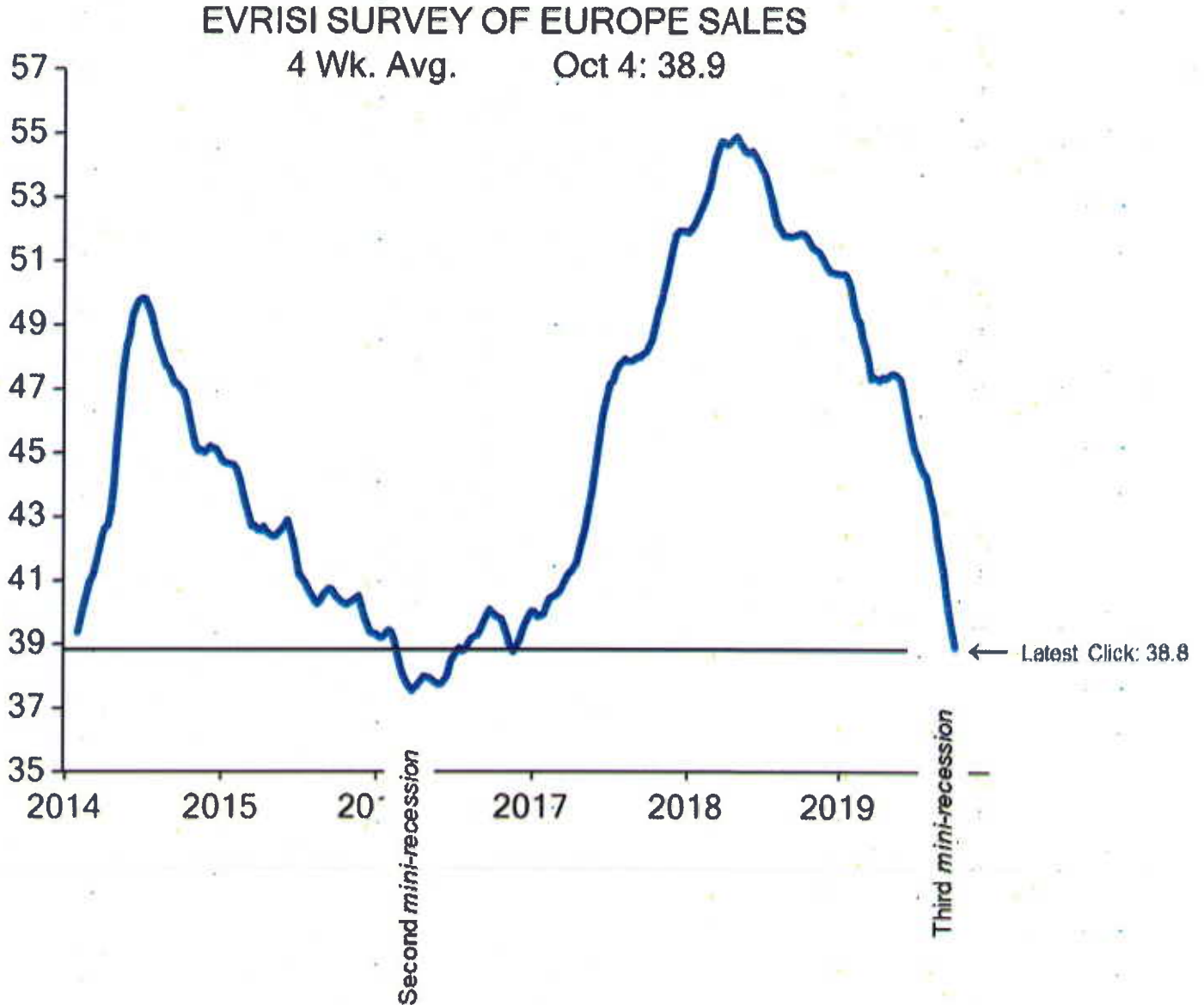
## China Survey Still Very Weak

EVRISI survey of China cos sales was unchanged last week at a very weak 42.1. China was a driver of the First and Second *mini-recessions*, and it has been a driver of this Third *mini-recession*.



## Europe Survey Still Very Weak

EVRISI survey of Europe cos sales was unchanged last week at a very weak 38.8.



## **Don Straszheim**

- Highly confident -- US announced progress but not final trade resolution.
- Expect 'progress' per Trump from trade talks in DC Oct 10-11. US put on 'indefinite hold' the scheduled (Oct 15) rise in tariffs (25% rate to 30% rate).
- Flow of recent news has our confidence high. Not a tariff cut – just no hike. US side celebrates – process is working.
- Then, Nov 16-17 Santiago, Trump-Xi meet. US announces more 'progress' and another 'indefinite hold' on US tariffs set to rise to 15% on Dec 15.
- Santiago, likely a 'Joint Statement' by US and China, first since May 19, 2018.



## Recession Risks Review

We do not expect a recession in the foreseeable future, but there are certainly risks:

*Yield curve*

*Trade war*

*2020 election*

*China*

*Brexit*

These risks help explain why the Fed is continuing to ease.

Here is a brief review of what caused the last three recessions:

### **1990 Recession**

- Real fed funds hit 500bp.
- Inflation moved over +4.0%.
- Oil prices surged.
- Yield curve inverted.
- Japan bubble burst.
- Housing starts plunged.

### **2001 Recession**

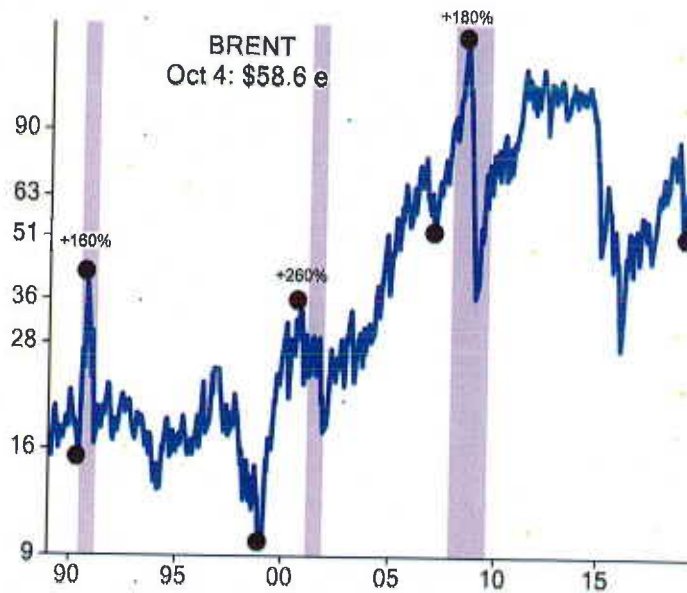
- Real fed funds hit 400bp.
- PE roughly 30x.
- Oil prices surged.
- Yield curve inverted.
- Tech bubble unwinding.

### **2008 Recession**

- Real fed funds hit 250bp.
- Oil prices surged.
- Yield curve inverted.
- Housing bubble unwinding.

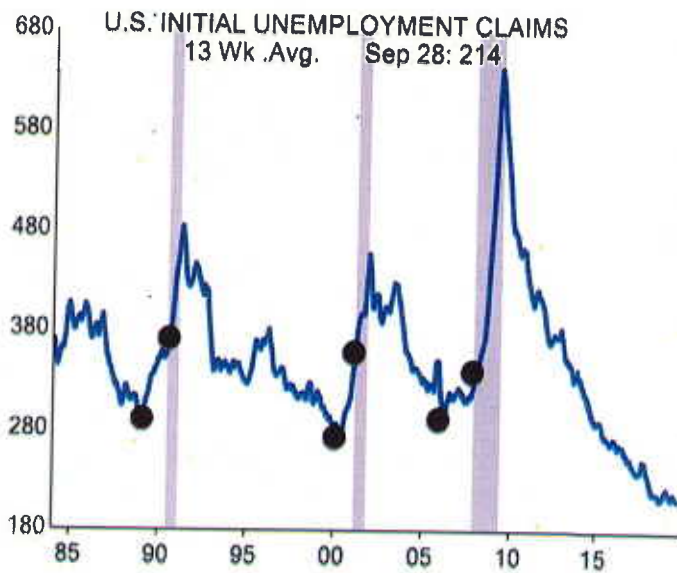
# Recession Risks Review Contd

## Oil Spikes And Recessions



Oil is not giving a recession signal.

## Unemployment Claims And Recessions



Unemployment claims are not giving a recession signal.

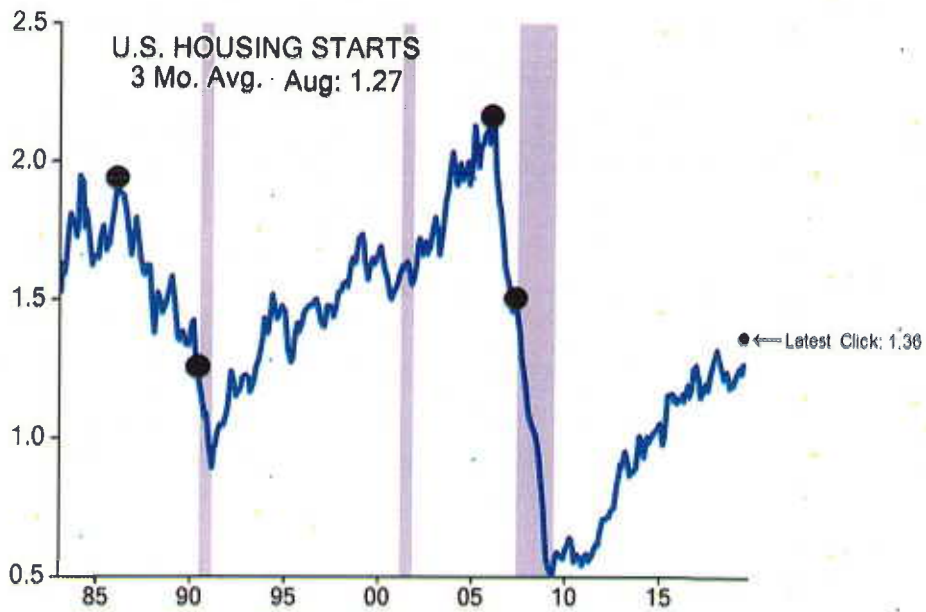
## Recession Risks Review Contd

### Saving Rate And Recessions



The saving rate is not giving a recession signal.

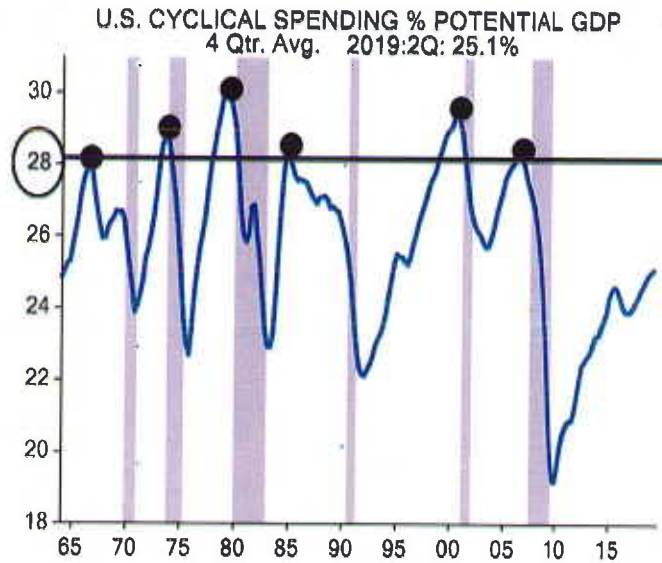
### Housing Starts And Recessions



Housing starts are not giving a recession signal.

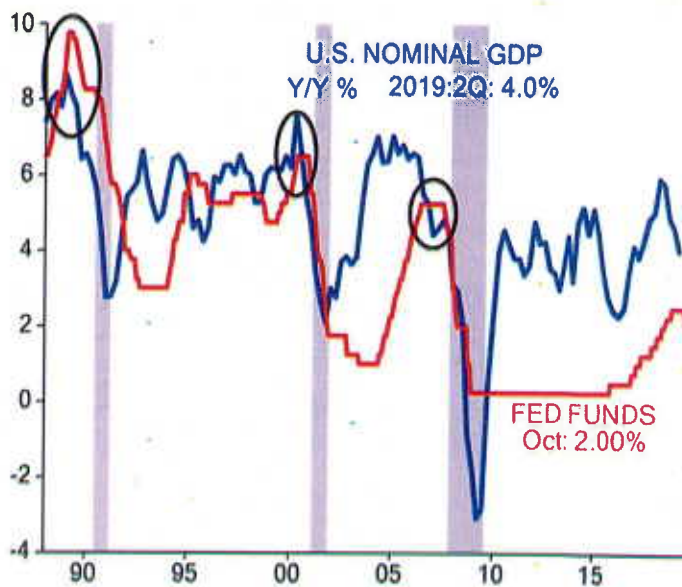
# Recession Risks Review Contd

## Cyclical Spending And Recessions



Cyclical spending as a percent of GDP is not giving a recession signal.

## Fed Funds, Nominal GDP And Recessions.



Fed funds relative to GDP are not giving a recession signal.

## Evercore ISI U.S. Outlook

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019 f</u>	<u>2020 f</u>
<b>Real GDP</b>	2.5%	2.2%	1.8%
<b>GDP Price Deflator</b>	2.3%	1.4%	1.7%
<b>Nominal GDP</b>	4.9%	3.6%	3.5%
<b>Fed Funds Rate*</b>	2.50%	1.75%	1.75%



# The CPI and Consumer Sentiment Will be the Market's Focus This Week

The headline and core CPI probably advanced +0.1% m/m and +0.2%, respectively, in Sep, following big core readings over the prior three months. The budget gap will probably show a surplus around +\$76.0b for Sep. However, the budget deficit for the next fiscal year could approach \$1.05t. Consumer sentiment readings will probably remain elevated: So far trade tensions, political discord, and equity volatility have not significantly weighed down sentiment.

Overseas, Canadian employment is the key release: Their employment, which surged in Aug, likely registered little gain in Sep.

*Stan Shipley*

		<u>Consensus</u>	<u>Evercore ISI</u> <sup>10/07/19</sup>	<u>Actual</u>
<u>Tuesday, Oct 8</u>				
UNITED STATES	<b>Aug</b>		<b>Sep</b>	
1. NFIB	103.1	102.5		103.0
2. PPI	+0.1%	+0.1%		+0.2%
Core PPI	0.3%	+0.2%		+0.3%
3. Budget Gap	-\$200.3	+\$85.0		<b>+\$76.0</b>
4. 3/10/30 Treasury Auctions				
<u>Wednesday, Oct 9</u>				
UNITED STATES	<b>July</b>		<b>Aug</b>	
5. JOLTS - Openings	7.217	N/A		7.250
<u>Thursday, Oct 10</u>				
UNITED STATES	<b>Sep 28</b>		<b>Oct 5</b>	
6. Unemployment Claims	219	220		215
4 Wk.Avg.	213	216		215
	<b>Aug</b>		<b>Sep</b>	
7. CPI	+0.1%	+0.1%		<b>+0.1%</b>
Core CPI	+0.3%	+0.2%		<b>+0.2%</b>
<u>Friday, Oct 11</u>				
UNITED STATES	<b>Aug</b>		<b>Sep</b>	
8. Import Prices	-0.5%	+0.0%		+0.0%
	<b>Sep</b>		<b>1H Oct</b>	
9. Consumer Sentiment	93.2	92.0		<b>92.5</b>
CANADA	<b>Aug</b>		<b>Sep</b>	
10. Employment	81.1	0.0		<b>+5.0</b>

# EVERCORE ISI

## Economic Estimates

Mon  
Oct 7

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 917 463-6773

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Monday Oct 07	Oct 08	Oct 09	Oct 10	Oct 11
<b>CONSUMER CREDIT</b> 3:00 July +\$23.3 Aug +\$15.8 E +\$16.0  <b>BUDGET GAP *</b> 2:00 Aug -\$200.3 Sep +\$76.0 E +\$86.0  * Oct 7 to Oct 11	<b>NFIB</b> 8:00 Aug 103.1 Sep 103.0 E 102.6 C  <b>PPI</b> 8:30 Aug +0.1% Sep +0.1% E +0.2% C  <b>PPI CORE</b> Aug +0.3% Sep +0.3% E +0.2% C  <b>PPI CORE EX TRADE</b> Aug +0.4% Sep +0.2% E  <b>OECD BROAD LEI</b> 9:00 Aug +0.1% Sep 0.0% E	<b>MORTGAGE APPS</b>  <b>JOLTS - Openings</b> 10:00 July 7.217 Aug 7.250 E  <b>FOMC MINUTES</b>	<b>UNEMP CLAIMS</b> 8:30 Sep 28 219 Oct 5 215 E 220 C  <b>CONSUMER COMFORT</b>  <b>CPI</b> 8:30 Aug +0.1% Sep +0.1% E 0.1% C  <b>CPI CORE</b> Aug +0.3% Sep +0.2% E +0.2% C  <b>REAL AVG EARNINGS</b>	<b>IMPORT PRICES</b> 8:30 Aug -0.6% Sep +0.0% E 0.0% C  <b>CORE IMPORT</b> Aug 0.0% Sep +0.1% E  <b>CONSUMER SENT</b> 10:00 Sep 93.2 Oct 1H 92.5 E 92.0 C
Monday Oct 14	Oct 15	Oct 16	Oct 17	Oct 18
	<b>EMPIRE MFG INDEX</b> 8:30 Sep +2.0 Oct 0.0 E +3.4 C	<b>MORTGAGE APPS</b>  <b>RETAIL SALES</b> 8:30 Aug +0.4% Sep +0.4% E +0.3% C  <b>RETAIL SALES EX AUTO</b> Aug 0.0% Sep +0.3% E +0.2% C  <b>NAHB</b> 10:00 Sep 68 Oct 70 E  <b>MFG &amp; TRADE INV</b> 10:00 July +0.4% Aug +0.5% E  <b>TICS</b>	<b>UNEMP CLAIMS</b> 8:30 Oct 5 215 E 220 C Oct 12 215 E  <b>CONSUMER COMFORT</b>  <b>HOUSING STARTS</b> 8:30 Aug 1.364 Sep 1.300 E 1.320 C  <b>BUILDING PERMITS</b> Aug 1.419 Sep 1.350 E 1.356 C  <b>INDUSTRIAL PROD</b> 9:15 Aug +0.8% Sep +0.2% E +0.1% C  <b>OPERATING RATES</b> Aug 77.9% Jul 78.0% E 77.9% C	<b>LEI</b> 10:00 Aug +0.0% Sep +0.1% E  <b>PHIL FED SURVEY</b> 8:30 Sep +12.0 Oct +8.0 E

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