* INFORMATION

CHINA: THE CHART PACK

> APRIL 2014

Phat Dragon

Westpac

CURRENT AS OF APRIL 22, 2014.

Institutional Bank

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China: the key messages

The end-2013 data described an investment cycle that was beginning to decelerate, with the softer elements beginning to out-weigh those that were still in good health. Clearly 2014 was beginning on a softer footing than the year that just closed, as *Phat Dragon* had long foreshadowed. The Q1 data, when it arrived, confirmed the slowdown in no uncertain terms. The weakness of nominal activity was particularly striking in the March quarter national accounts, consistent with the deterioration of survey measures of business conditions throughout the quarter.

Phat Dragon notes that the poor partial data has been principally due to weak outcomes in manufacturing (an overdue crunch for heavy industry) and utilities capex (a surprise, reflecting tighter fiscal policy and weaker SOE activity in 2013H2) in the months of January and February, with the weakness spilling over into real estate construction in March. Transport has been surprisingly resilient though, with central and western regions still seeing some action in this space. Also, the value of new projects unexpectedly spiked higher in the new calendar year, implying that the investment pipeline is being replenished to some degree, supporting a stabilisation of growth around the middle of the year. The composition of investment will continue to shift, but the growth rate will retain a "17" handle even as the sectoral situation settles down. Note that Phat Dragon published a 17.0% forecast for CY2014 fixed investment ahead of the Jan-Feb data outturn, while the NPC's FAI target is 17.5%.

An additional factor influencing *Phat Dragon's* forecasts is the tightening of credit conditions since the June quarter of 2013. Our research indicates that shifts in credit lead developments in the real economy by 6-9 months, so the interbank turmoil of May and June is weighing on the economy now; the erratic credit supply to firms over the second half of the year will hinder 2014H1, while Q1's OK bank lending, married to a shadow crunch, is relevant for outcomes from late Q3 forward.





China: the key messages

Phat Dragon brought forward the timing of the enactment of growth stabilisation policies from midyear to 'immediate' not long after the NPC. Policy needs be loosened to a degree because without a replenishment of the investment pipeline, the growth pulse will slow to the point where domestic demand growth will fall below 7% in Q3. Chinese policymakers have little room to move nowadays, with domestic demand growth sub 7% viewed as unpalatable from the point of view of job creation and anything exceeding 8% likely to be inflationary.

This change of tack by domestic policymakers will combine with an improvement in global economic conditions to lift the economy in late 2014, ensuring that it enters 2015 will some positive momentum. *Phat Dragon* anticipates that the world economy will be significantly firmer in 2015, which will assist China as it attempts to grow in a less credit-intensive fashion.

While RRR cuts remain possible, *Phat Dragon* argues that it must be obvious that OMO could not achieve the same ends before the PBoC would choose that avenue for boosting liquidity. The most likely time for a RRR cut is probably post deposit rate reform, which now has a definite "within two years" timeframe attached to it. (Note that "in the near future" meant 11 months in the case of the wider CNY band, and deposit insurance/guarantee system is likely to be built first).

Regarding China's balance sheet challenges, the financial system will remain a source of bearish news flow. While *Phat Dragon* feels that the ultimate risks relating to Chinese debt are generally exaggerated (it still has a current account surplus after all, and is the world's second largest international creditor) there seems little doubt in *Phat Dragon's* mind that bearish views on the growth-credit nexus will be remunerative in the first half of this year.

Finally, regarding commodity prices, *Phat Dragon* feels that the threat of a collapse has receded, given seasonality, cost curves and downstream inventory positions.



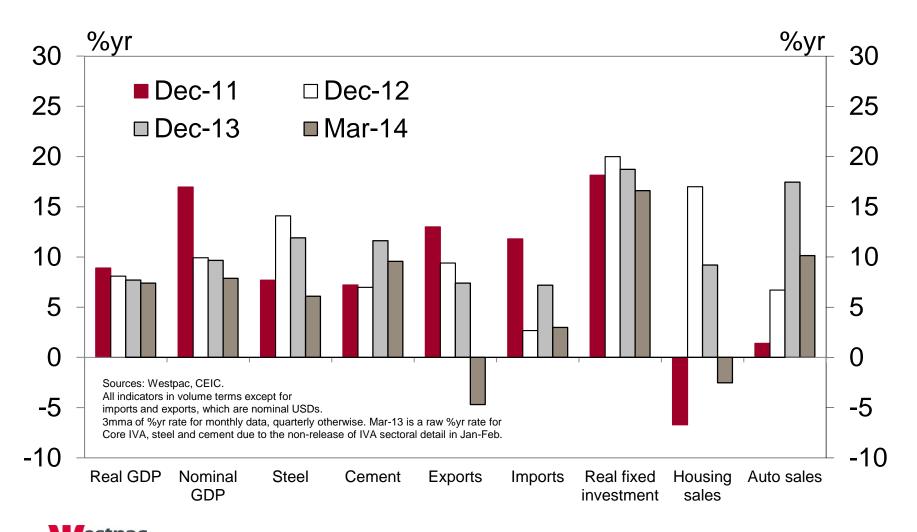
AGGREGATE DEMAND

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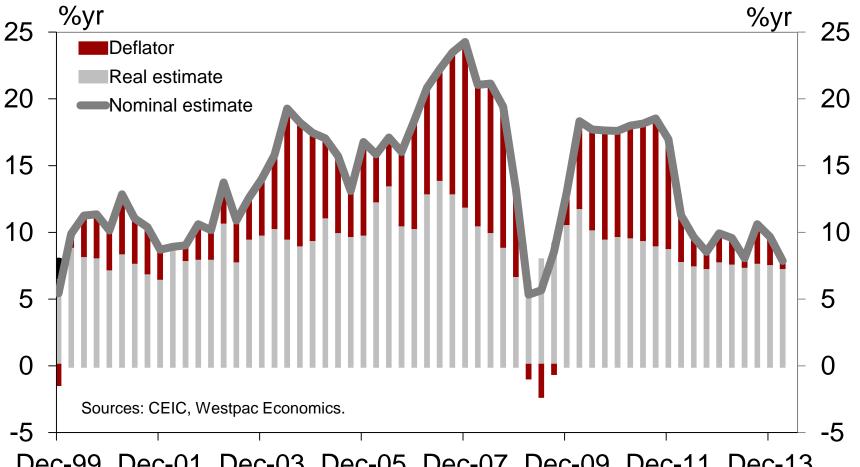
Key economic indicators







Chinese GDP: real & nominal estimates

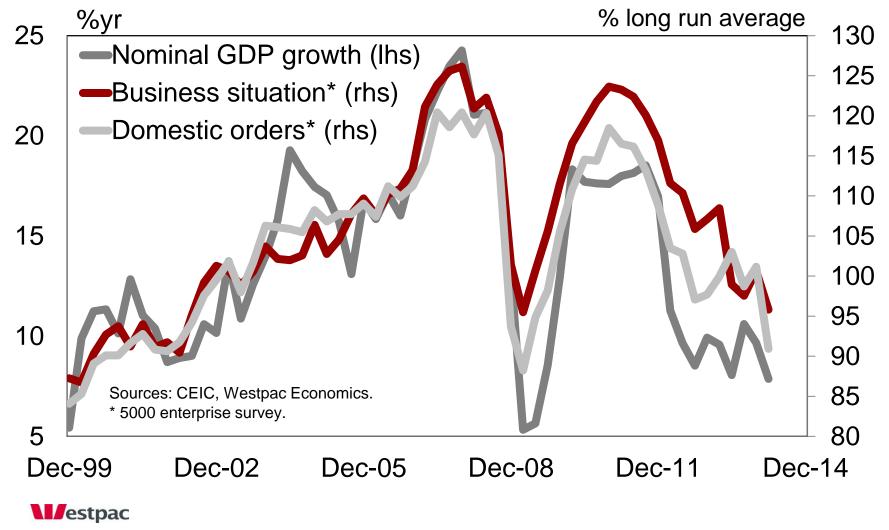








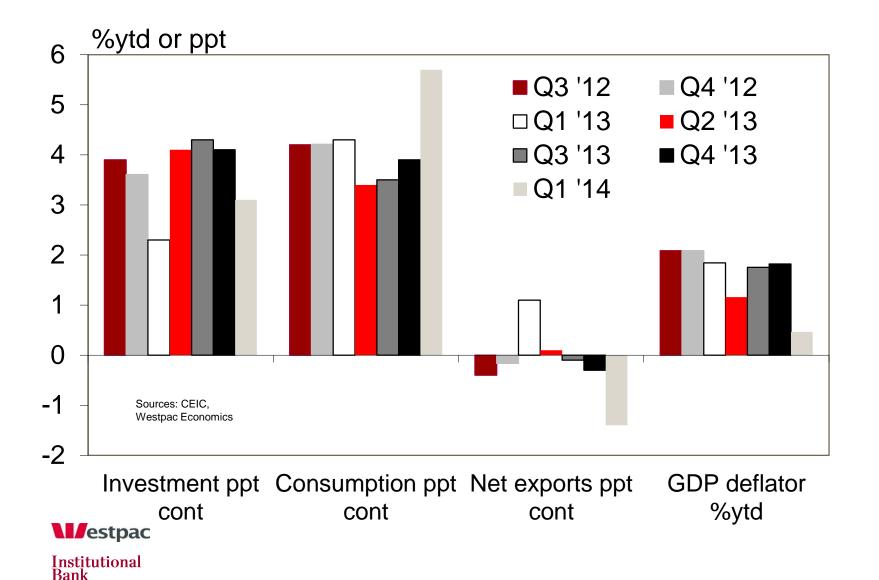
China: business conditions, orders & GDP





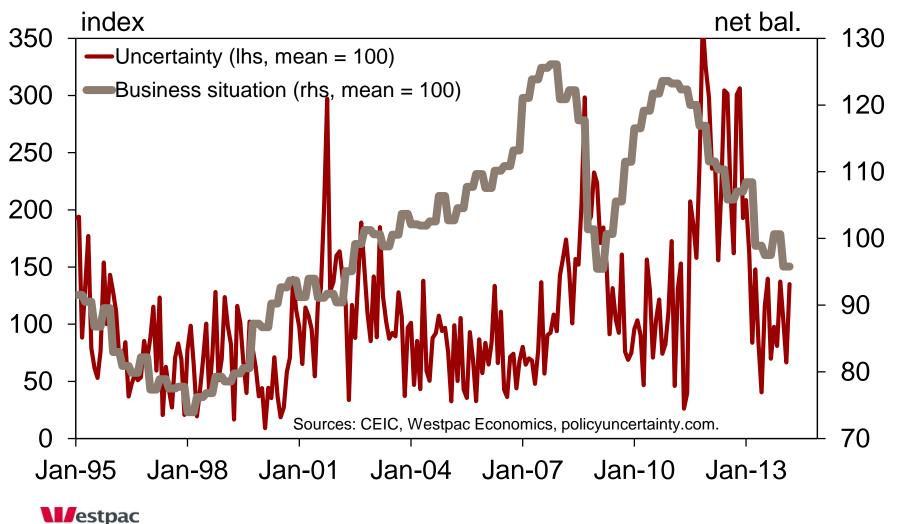


Various elements of China's national accounts





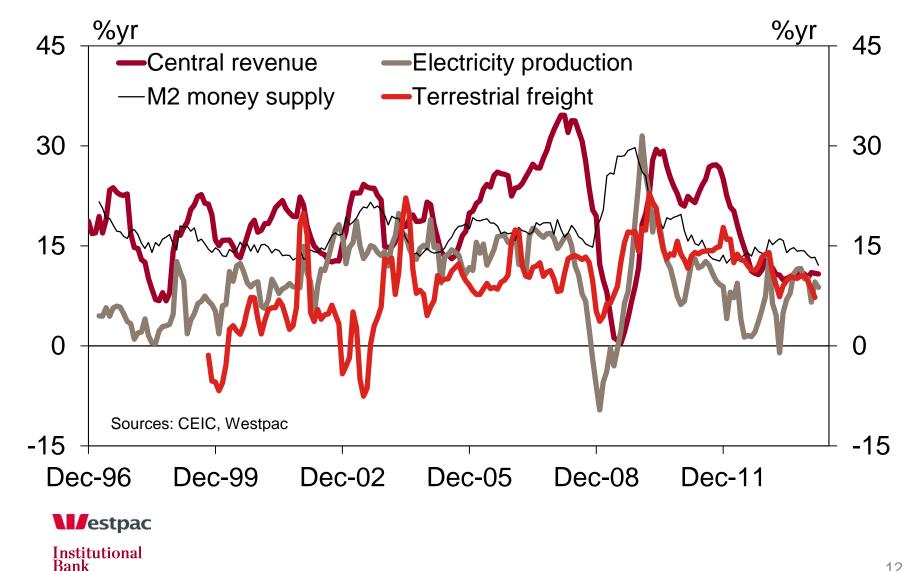
"Economic uncertainty" & business conditions





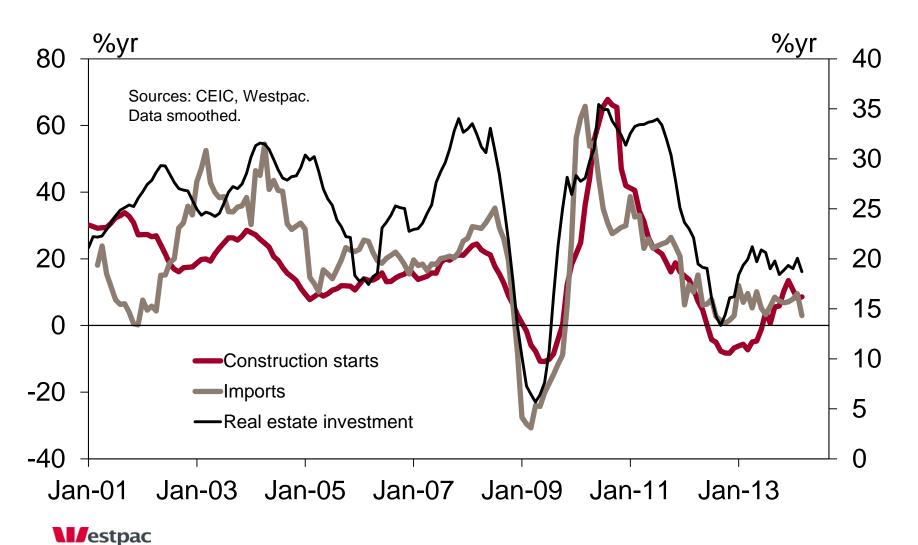


Aggregate activity proxies





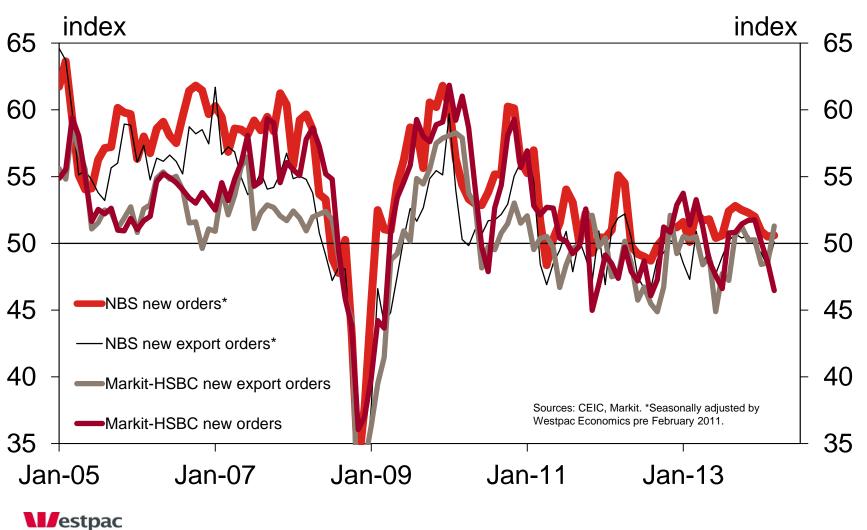
Aggregate activity proxies







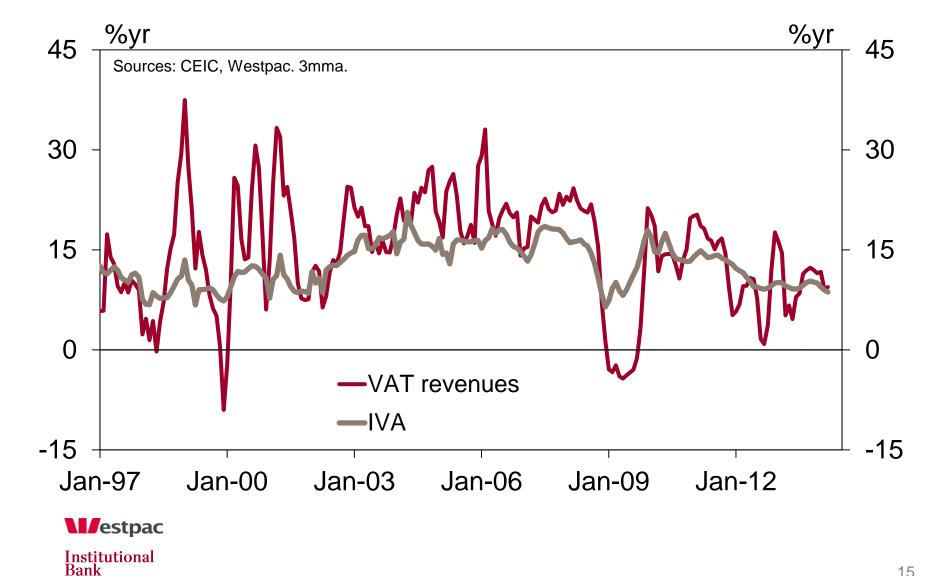
New orders & export orders: PMI measures





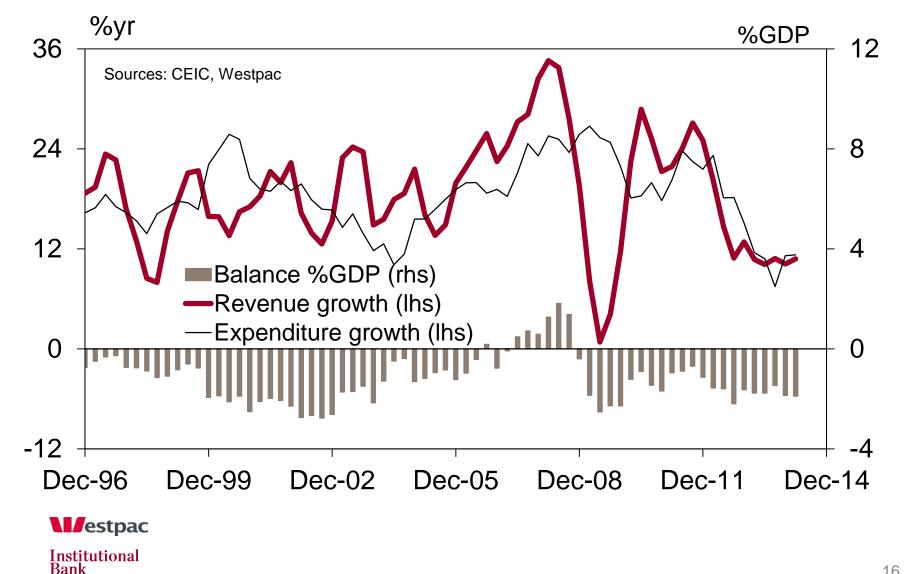


Central government VAT & IVA



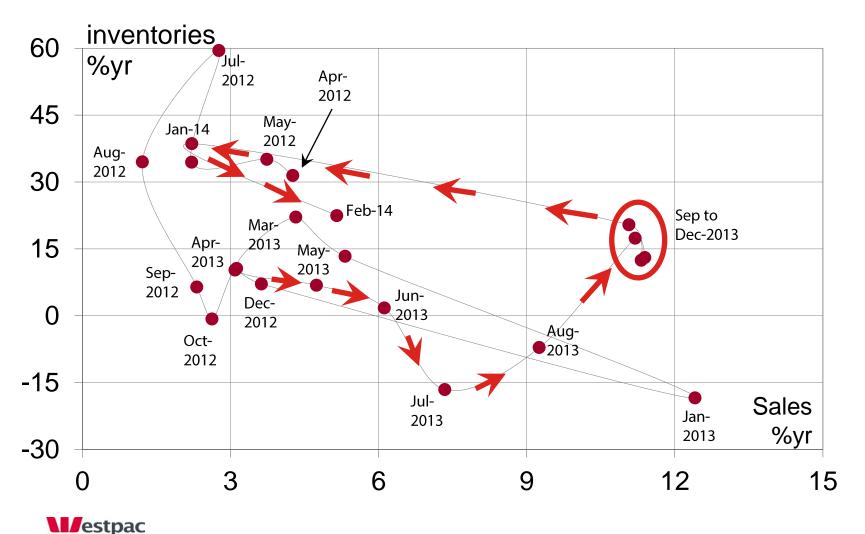


Central government finances





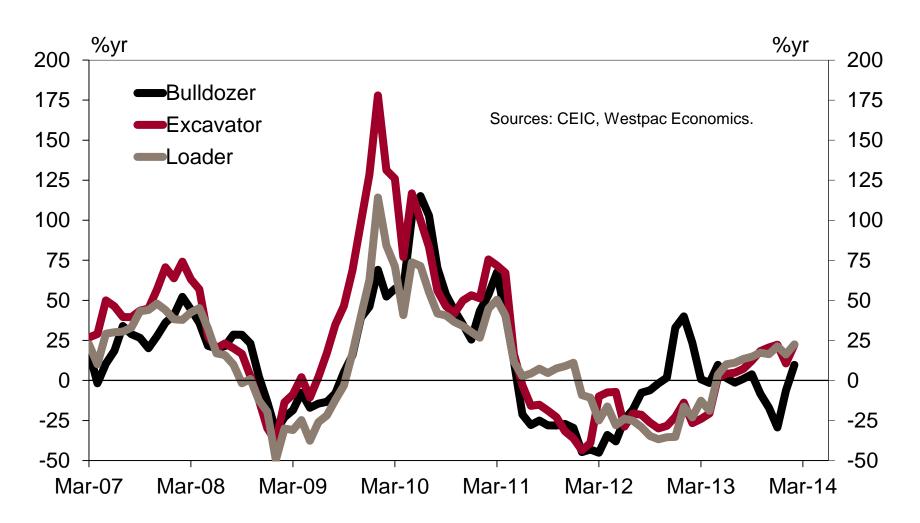
Steel inventory cycle since April 2012







Chinese domestic machinery sales





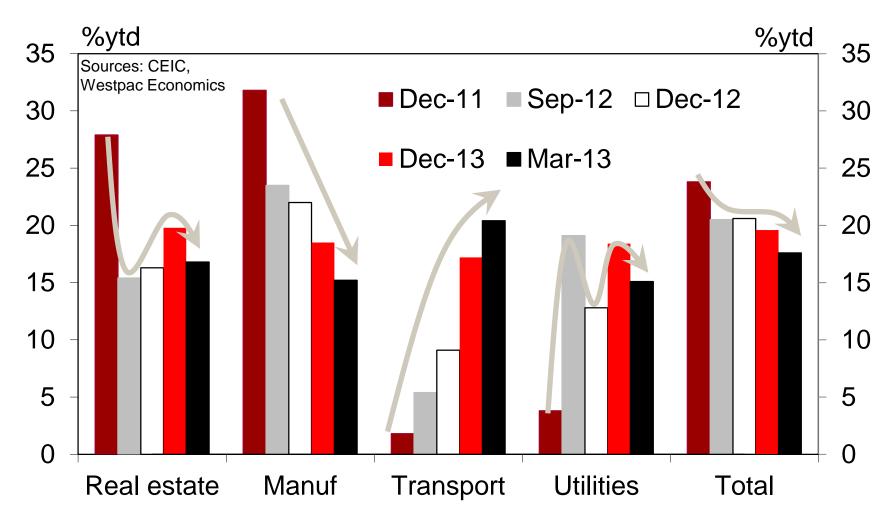
INVESTMENT CYCLE

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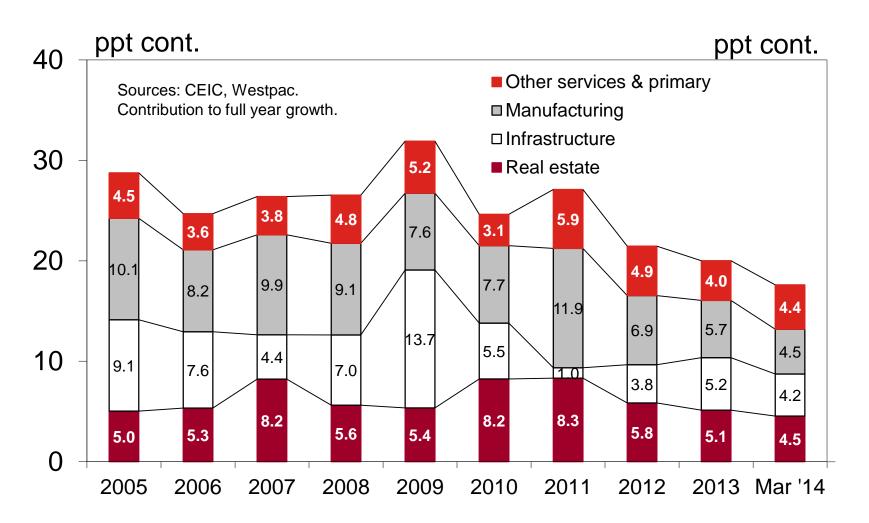
The development of the investment cycle







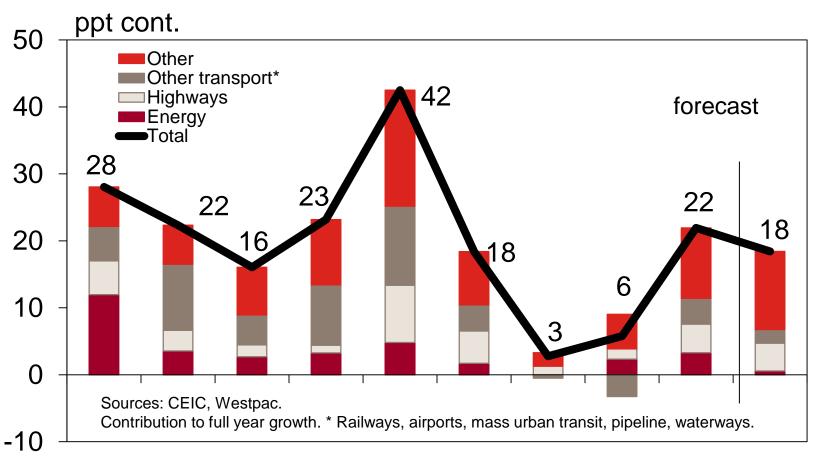
Contributions to fixed investment growth







Chinese infrastructure spending growth

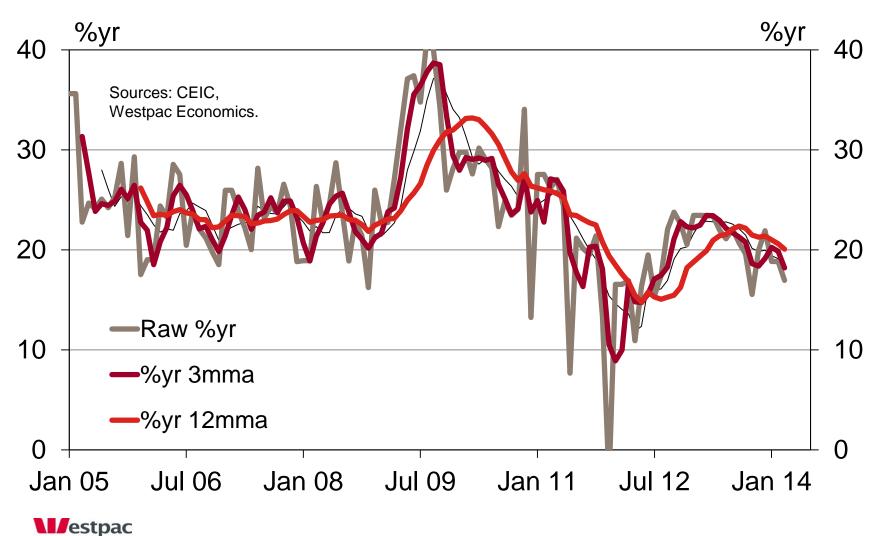


2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014





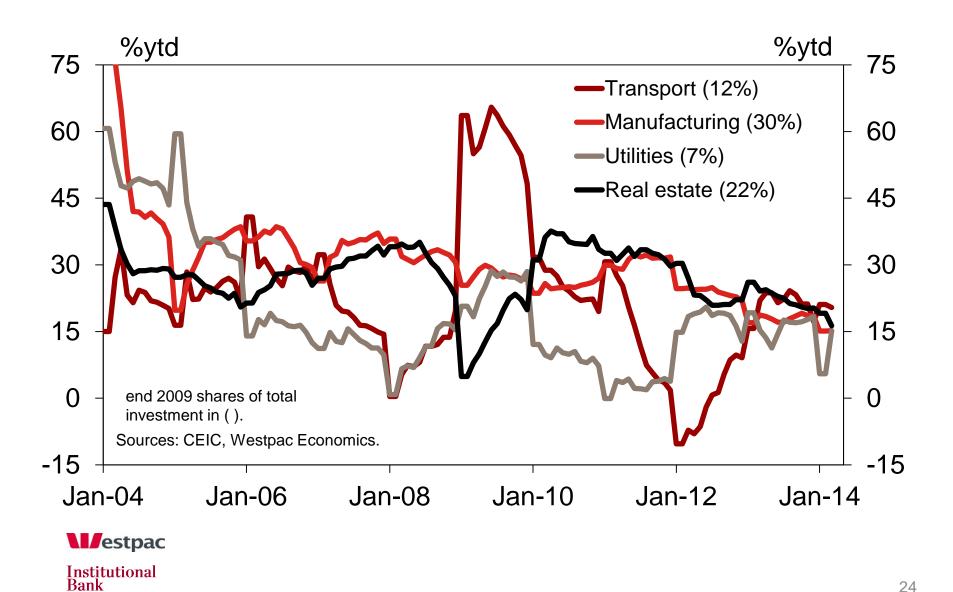
Chinese construction activity





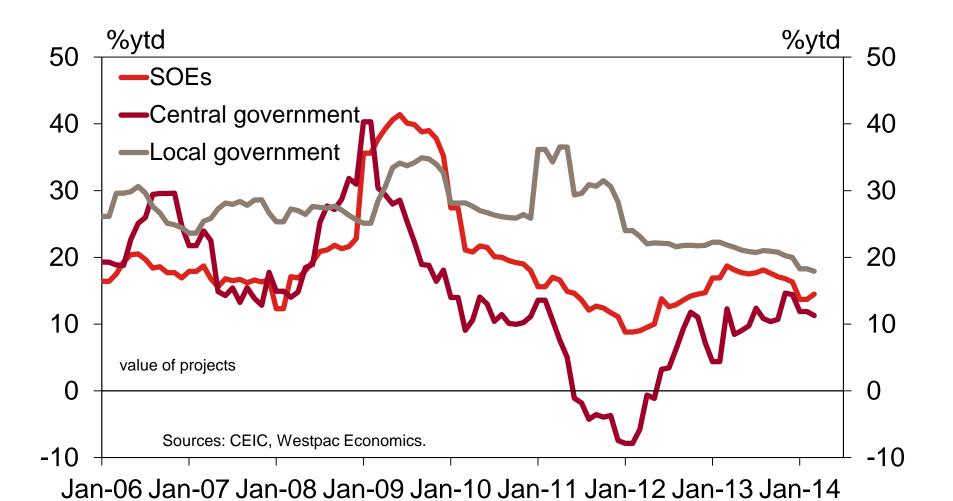


Chinese investment: converging trajectories





Investment projects by approver & by SOEs

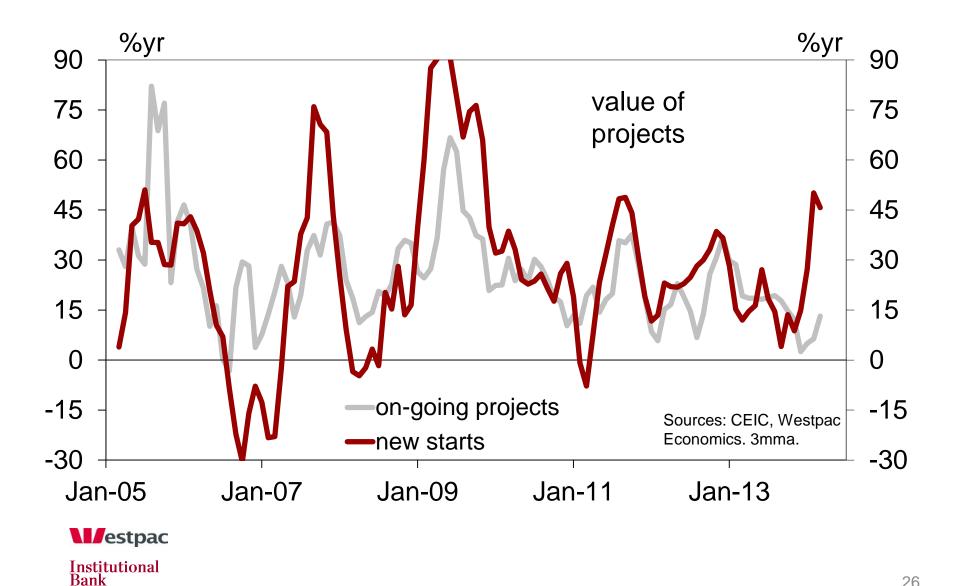






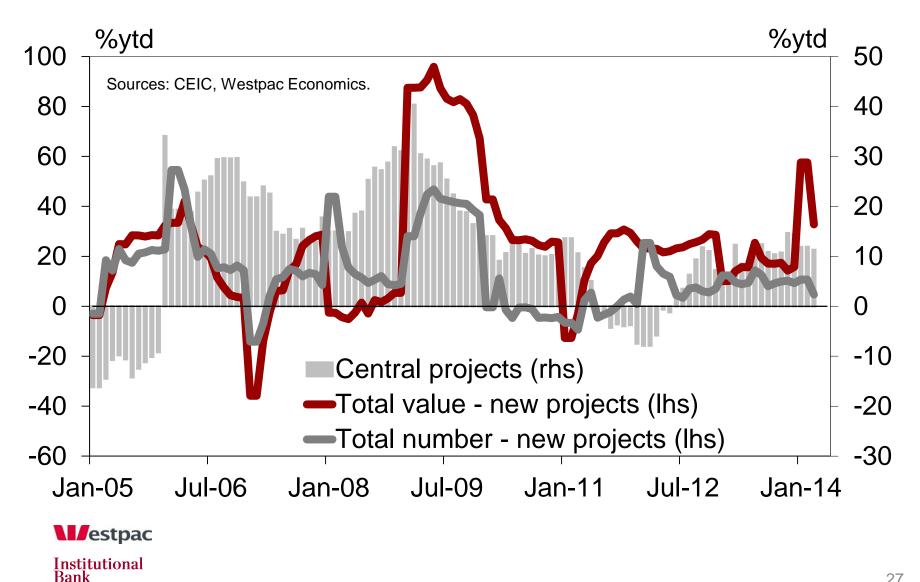


New and ongoing projects





The pipeline – new starts, central projects





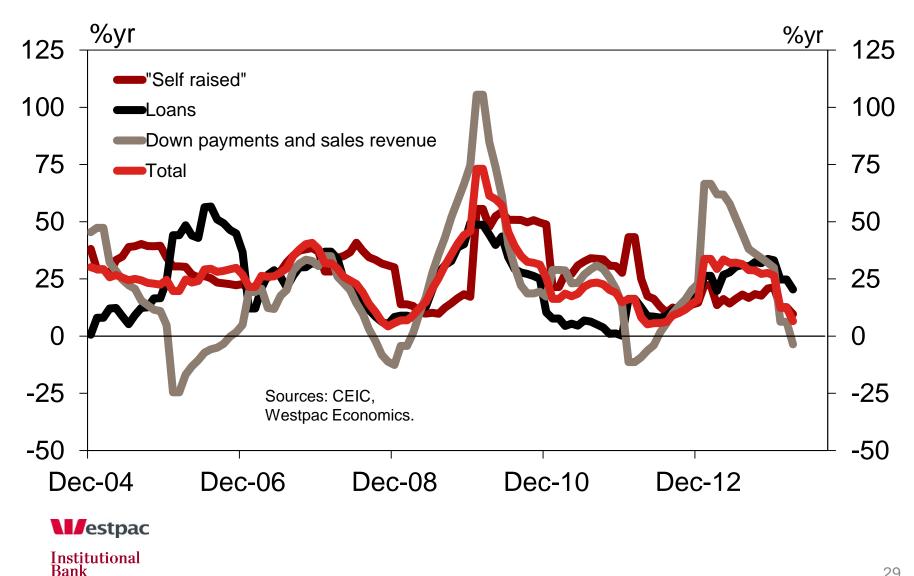
REAL ESTATE

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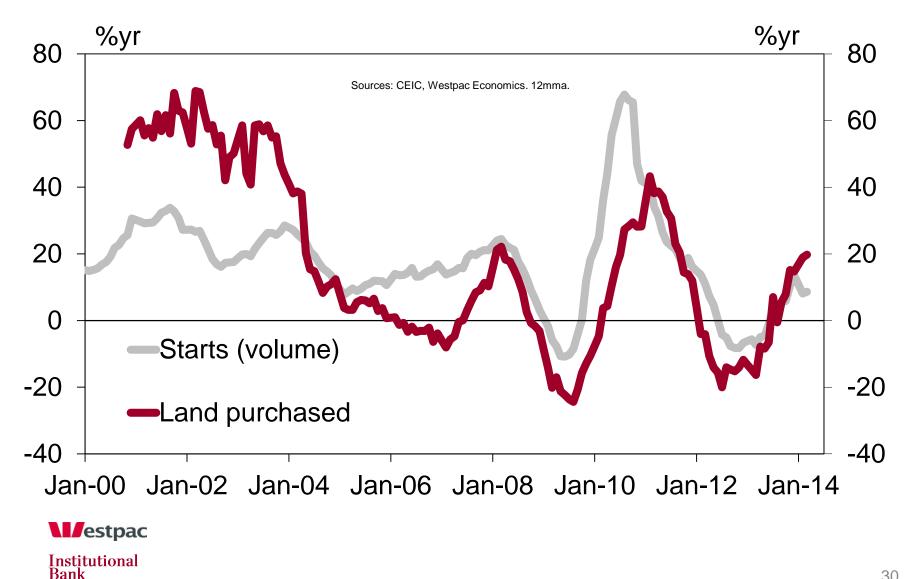


Property developer finance: growth by type



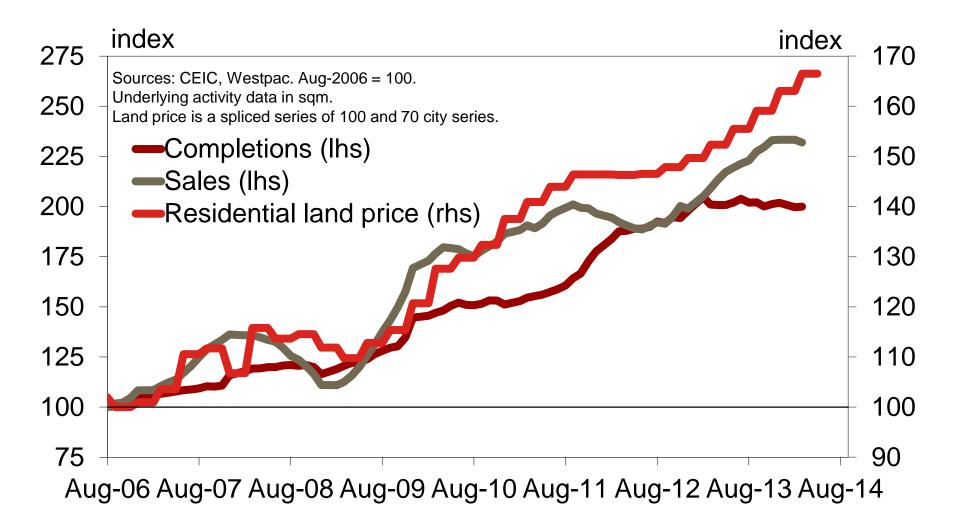


Land purchased and construction starts





Housing sales, completions & land prices

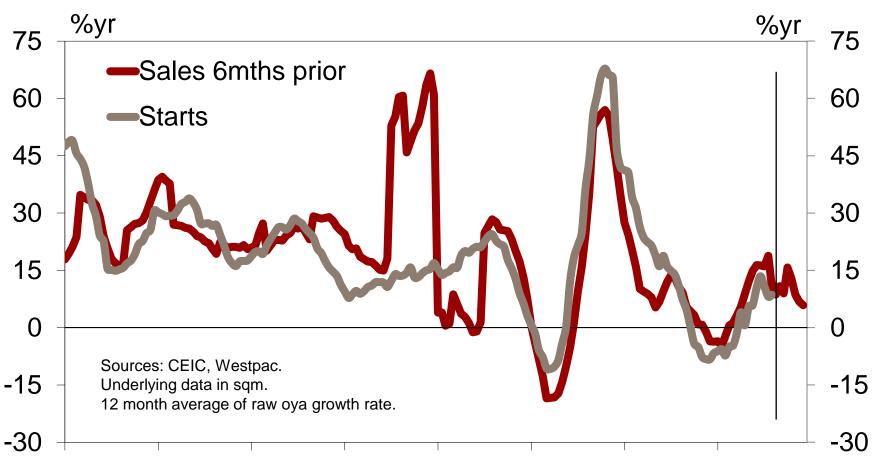








Sales volumes usually lead starts by 6 months

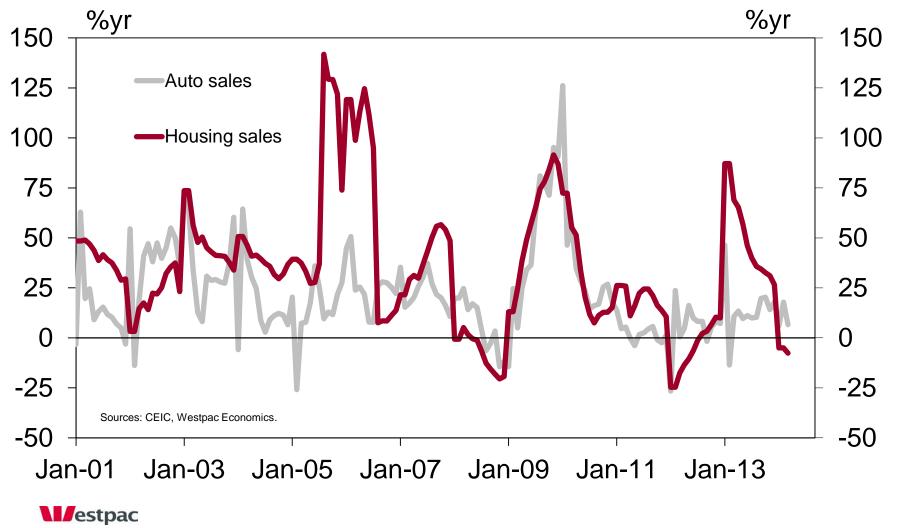








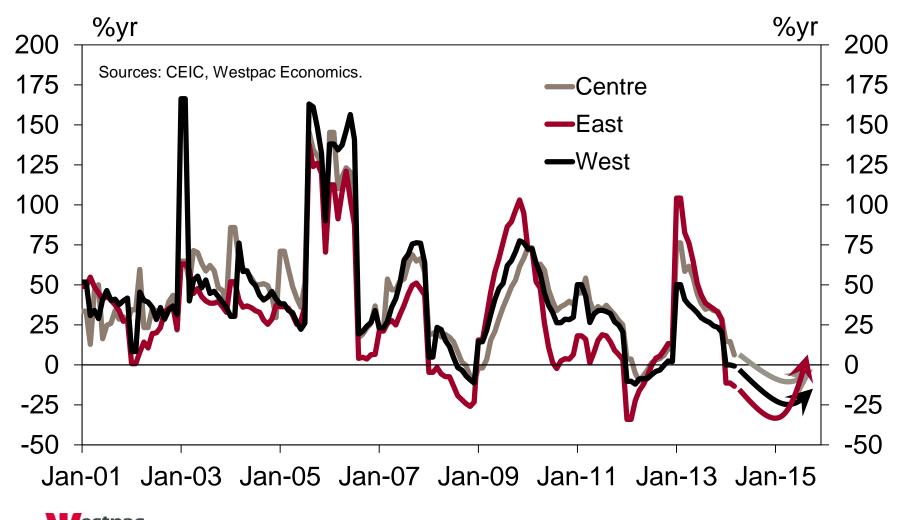
Housing and auto sales







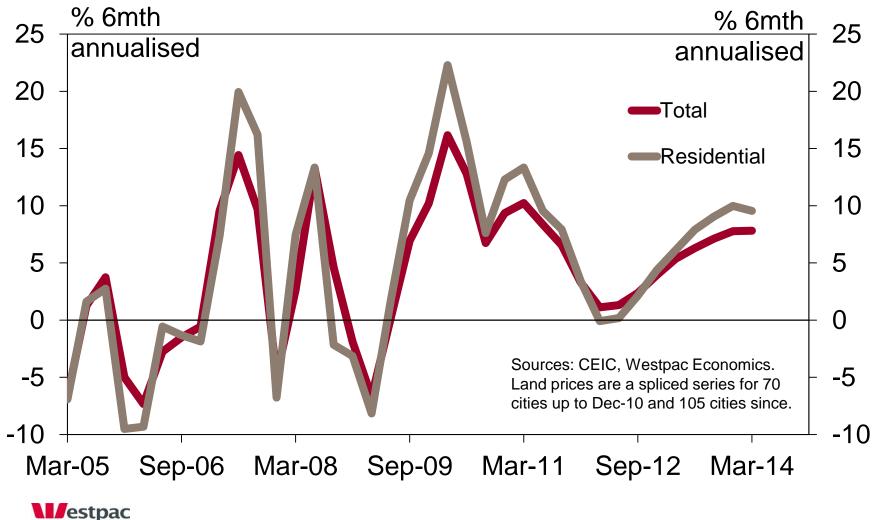
Chinese housing sales by region







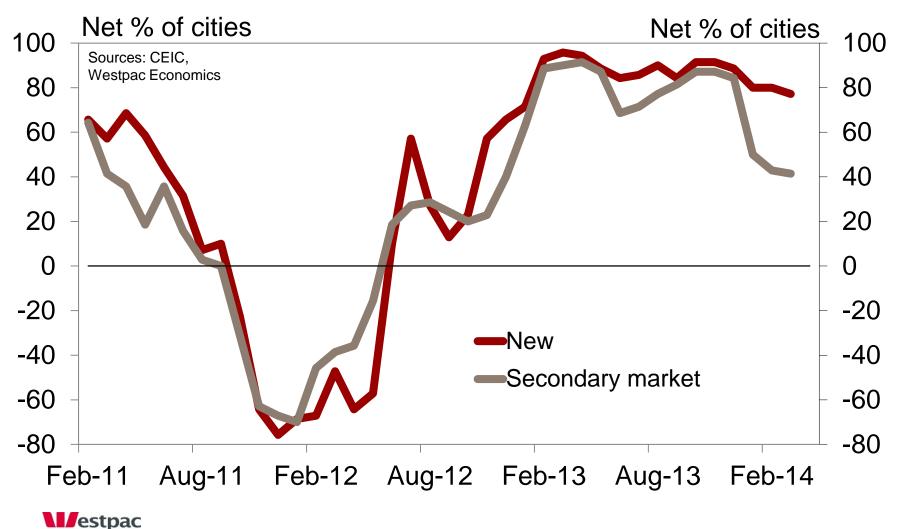
Chinese land prices: total & residential







70 city house prices: net balance m/m change

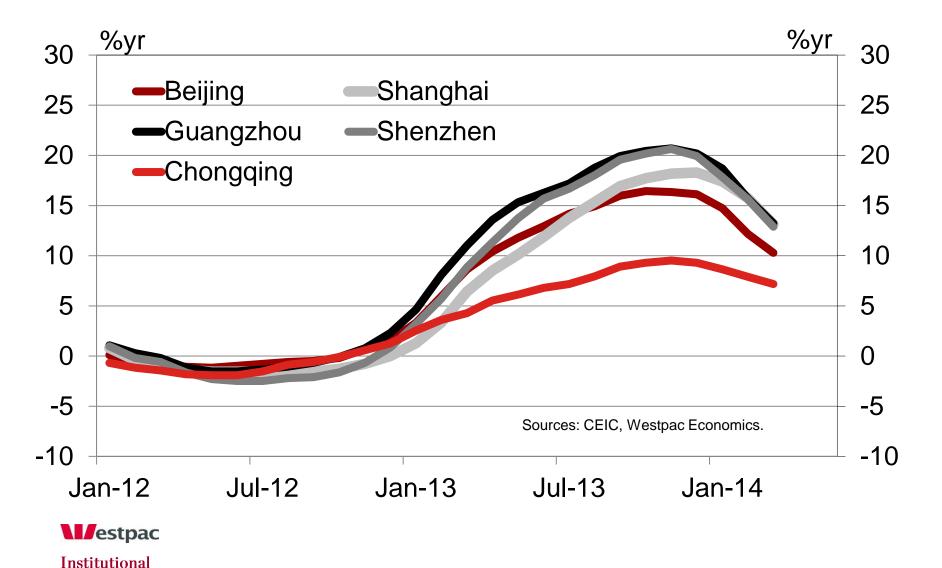






Major city NEW house prices: growth

Bank





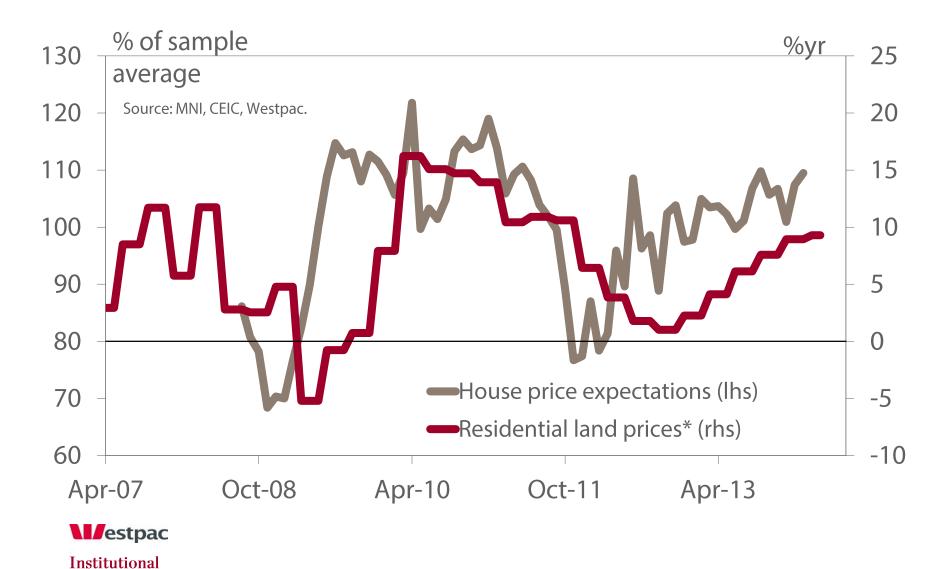
Major city secondary market house prices: growth





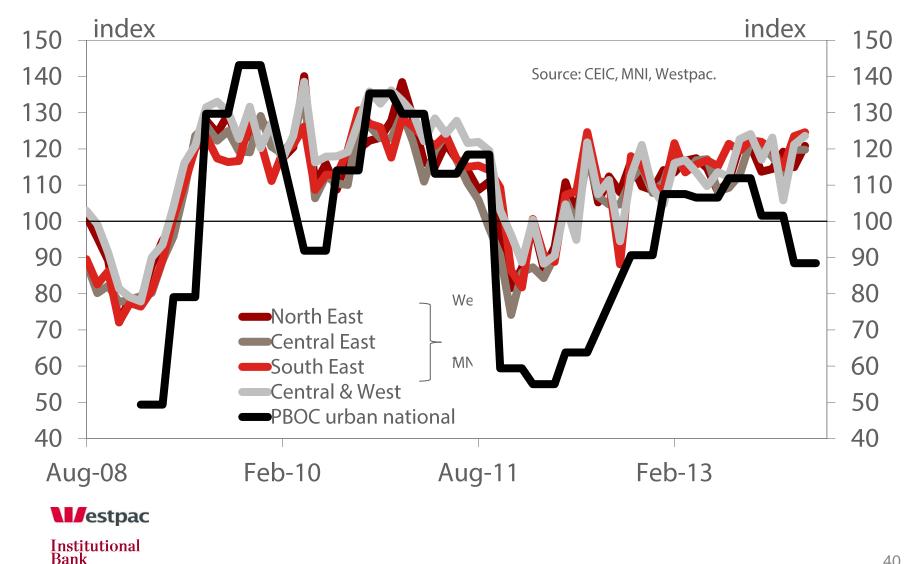
MNI house price expectations & land prices

Bank





House price expectations by region



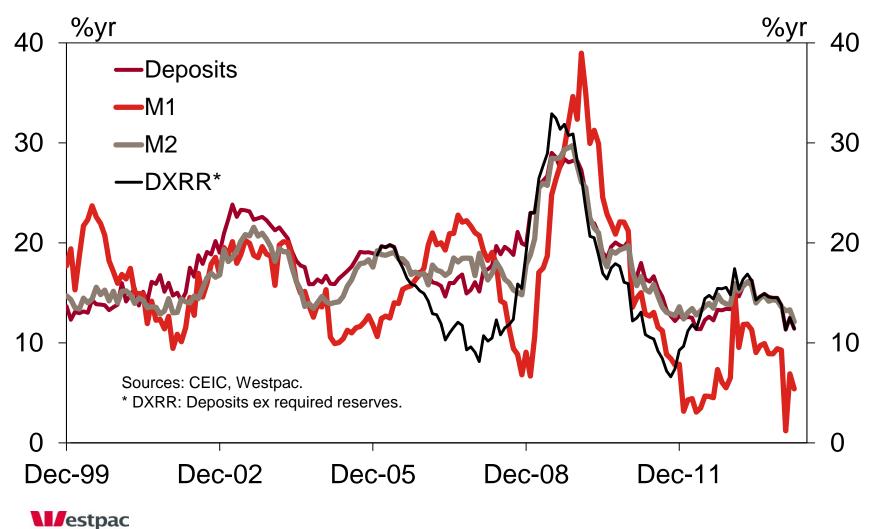
MONEY & CREDIT

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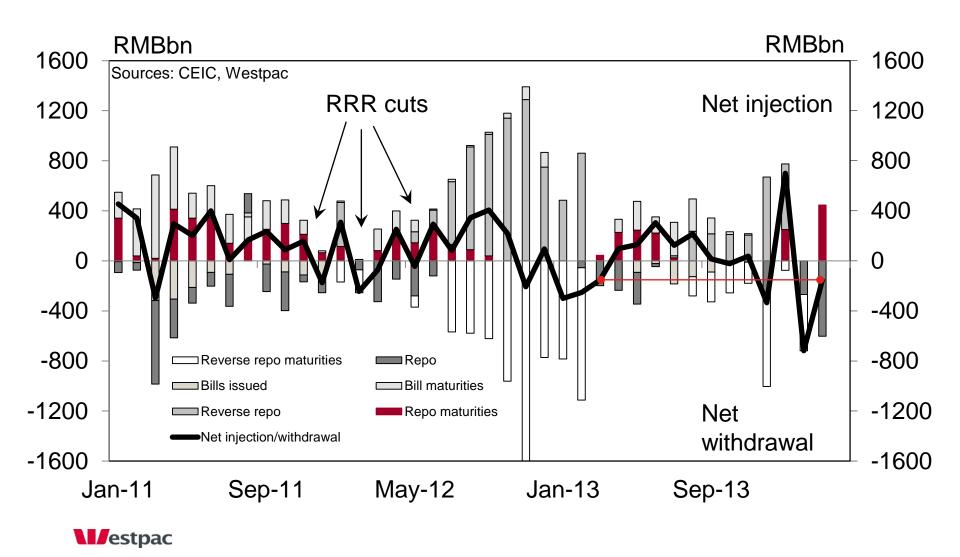
Growth in the monetary aggregates







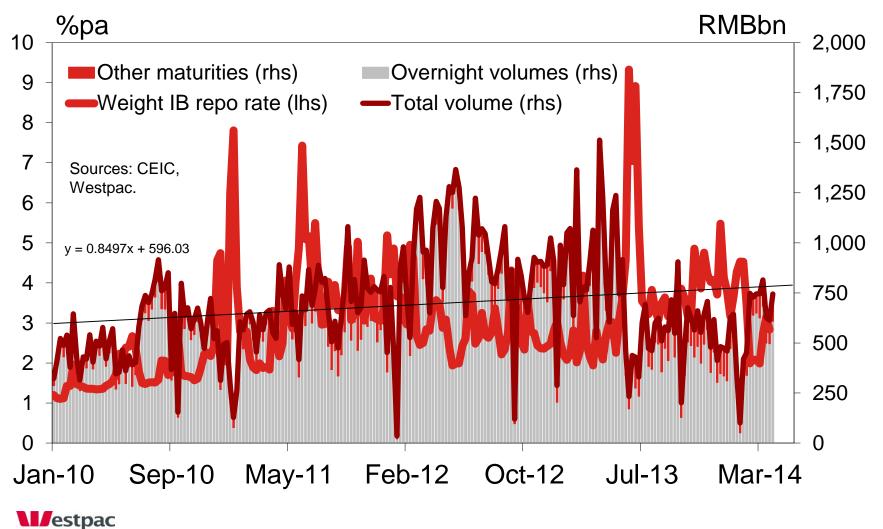
People's Bank open market operations







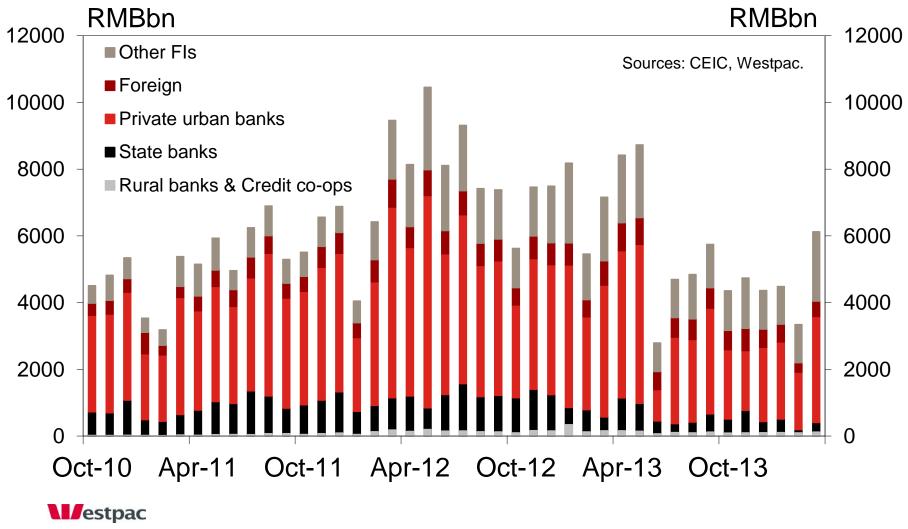
Interbank loan volume & IB repo rate: weekly







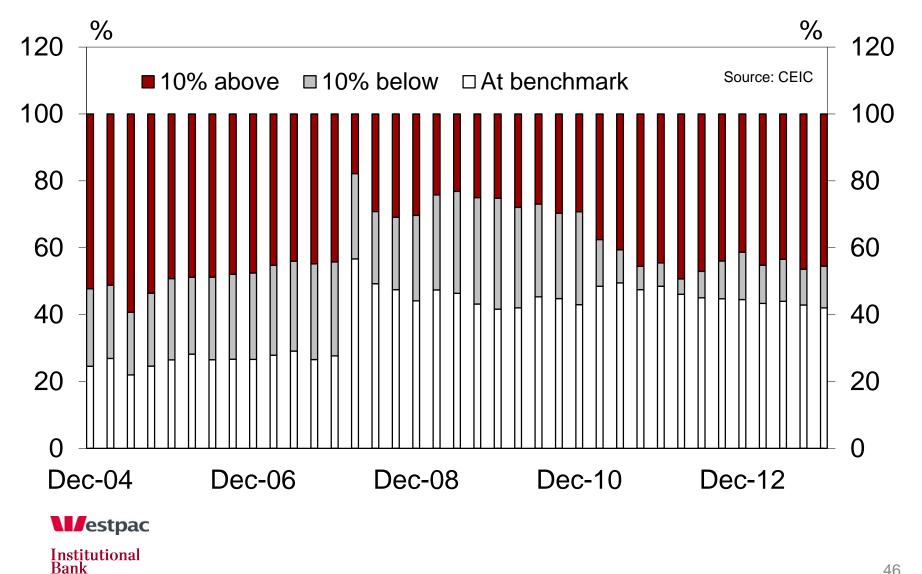
Interbank loan turnover volume by type of FI







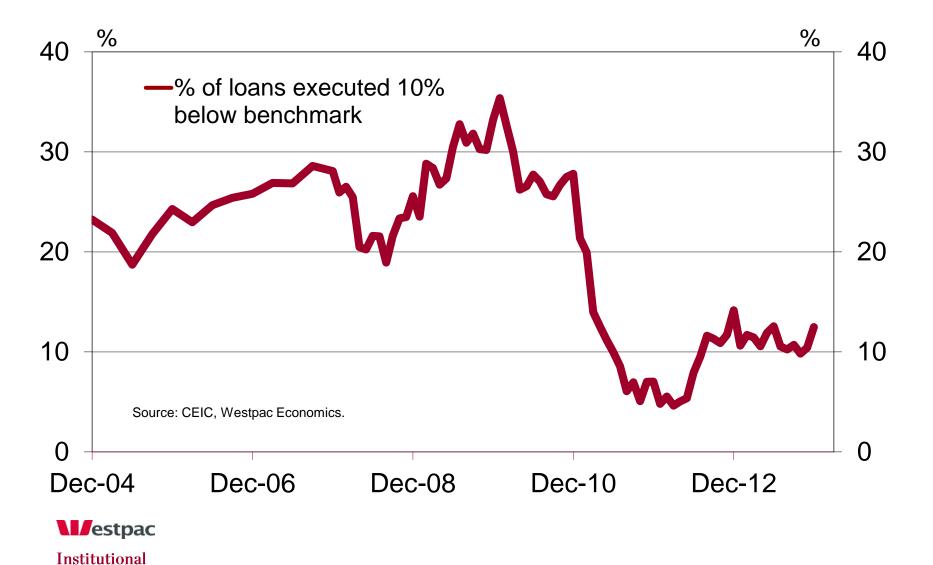
Loans executed relative to benchmark





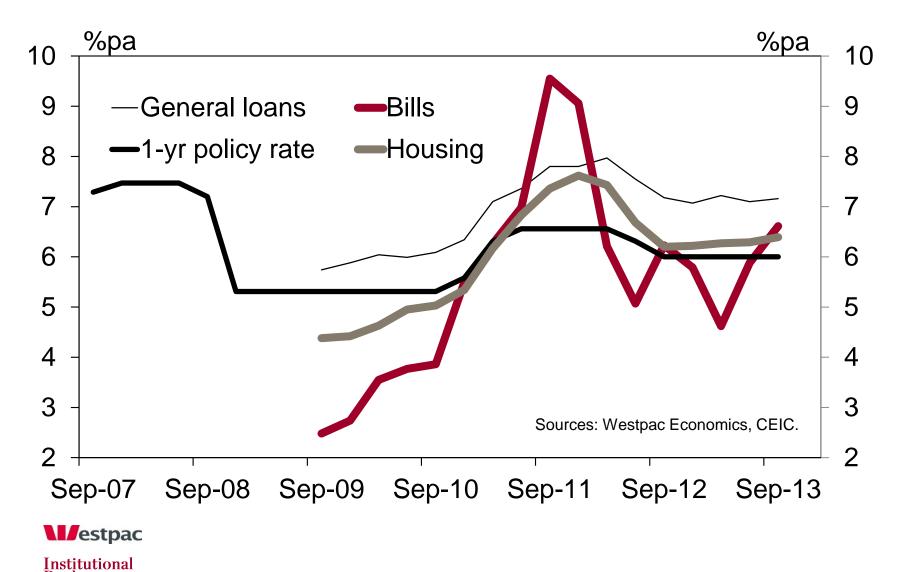
Percent of loans issued at a discount

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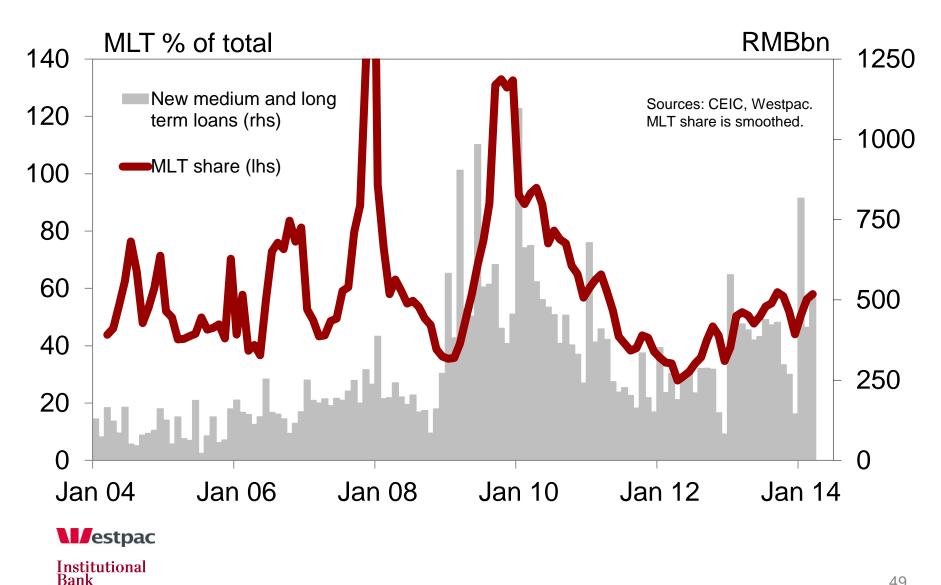


The policy benchmark & actual loan rates





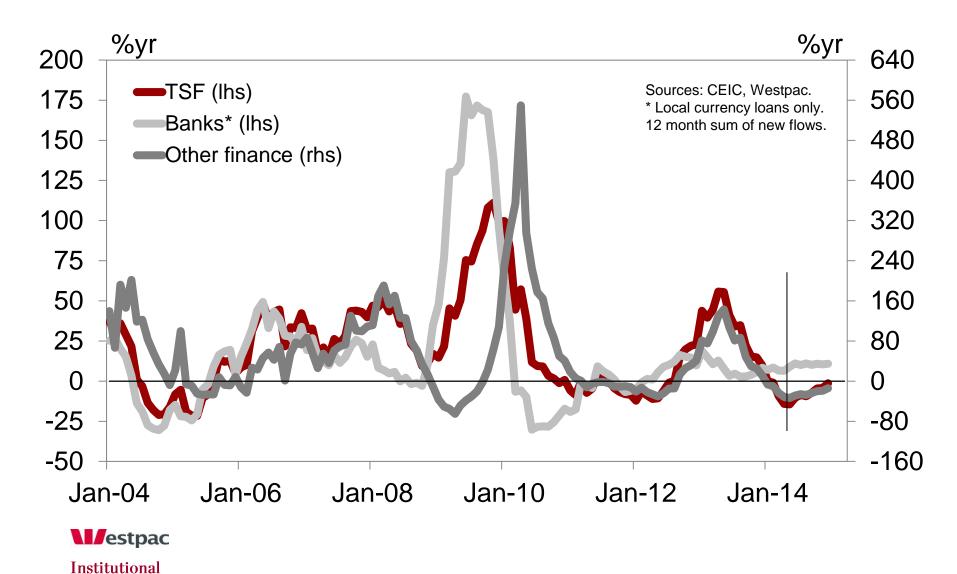
Medium & long term loans





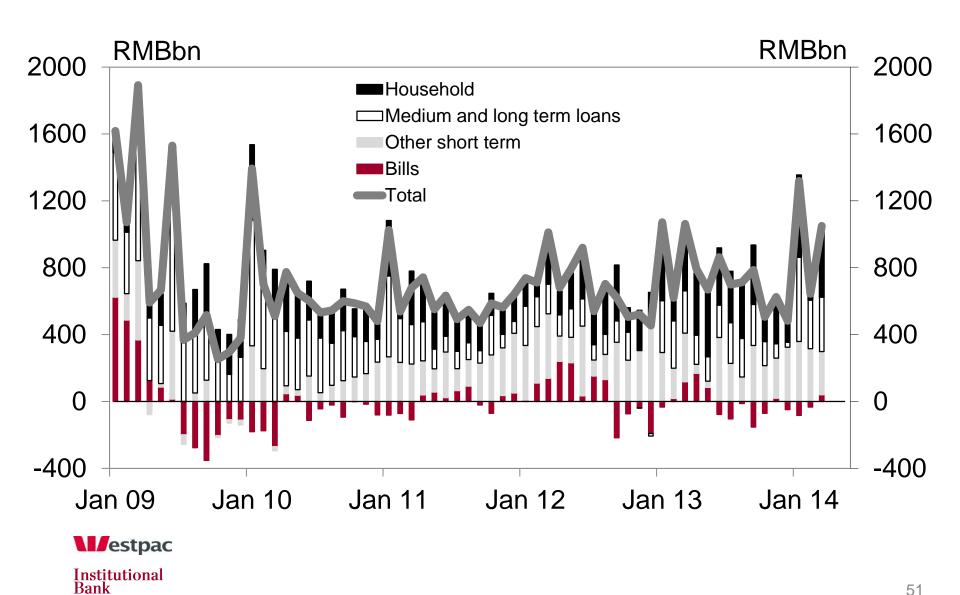
Total credit supply – new flows

Bank



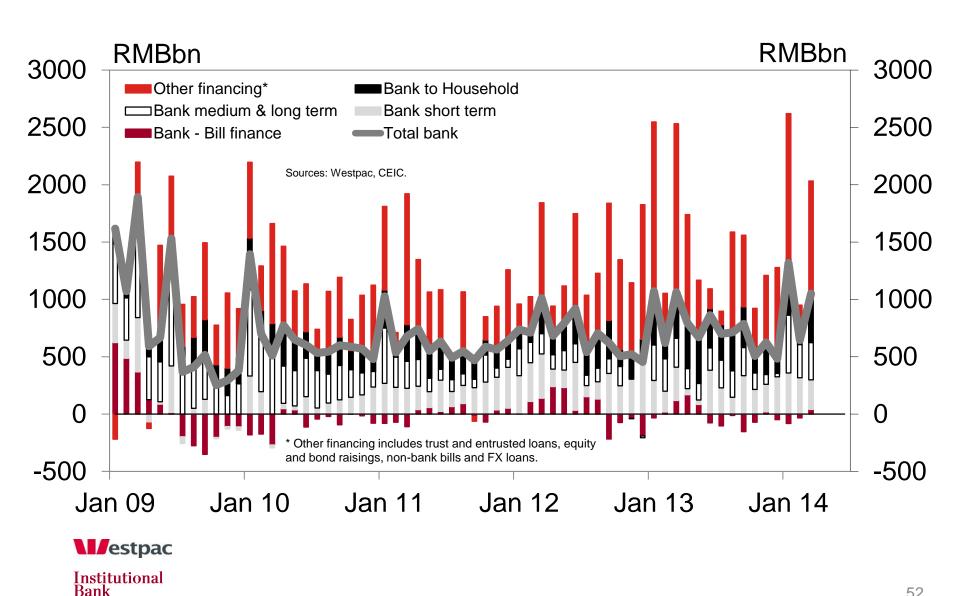


New bank credit flows





New lending: not quite déjà vu in Q1





PUBLIC DEBT

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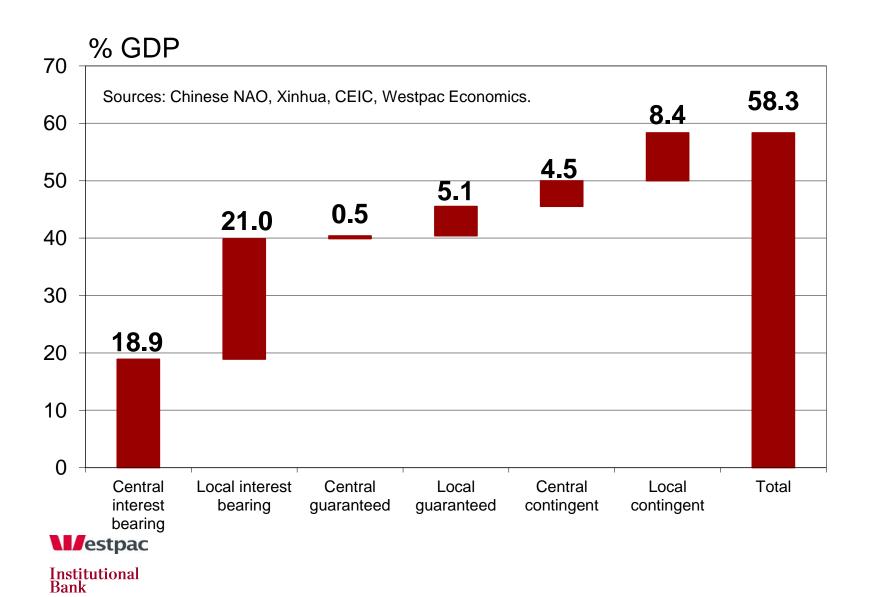
Debt in the Chinese economy: stylized facts

| Sector | Characterisation of its debt load |
|-----------------------|---|
| Urban households | Low – mortgage exposure < 20% of GDP |
| Rural households | Very low - property rights & collateral issue |
| State owned firms | Too much – ease of access to banks |
| Private firms | Low – difficulty of access to banks |
| Central government | Low – but has huge contingent liabilities |
| Local government | Too much – vertical fiscal imbalance & stimulus era hangover. |
| The nation as a whole | Huge international creditor |



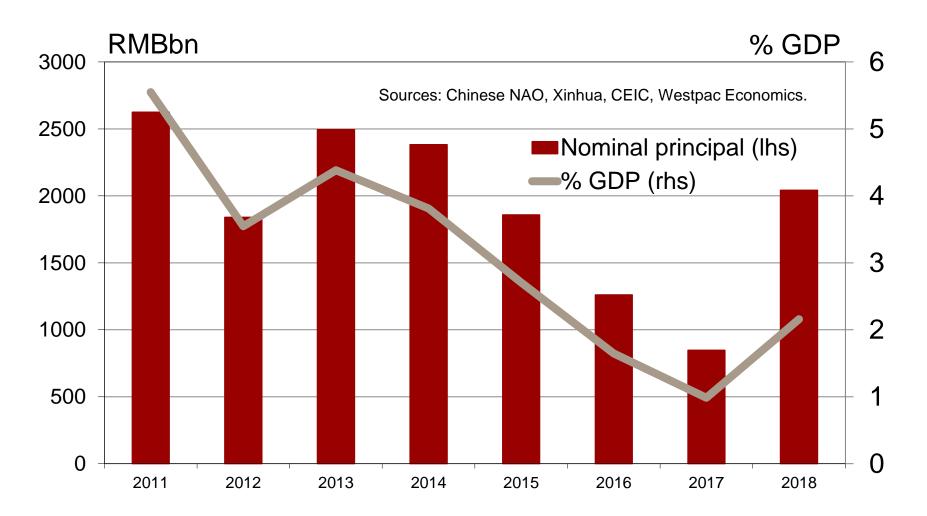


China's public debt as of June 2013





Local government debt maturity profile







A five year scenario for local government debt

The assumptions:

- All existing interest bearing liabilities (21% of GDP) rolled over.
- Nominal GDP grows at 9.5% per annum (7% real and 2.5% IPD)
- Existing & refinanced borrowings cost 5%, new borrowings cost 6%.
- Local deficits run at 1% of GDP per annum
- Asset sales of 0.2% of GDP per annum
- Directly controlled local revenues increase by 0.5% of GDP annually
- Grants from central government increase by 0.5% of GDP annually (Beijing grasps reality of vertical fiscal imbalance)

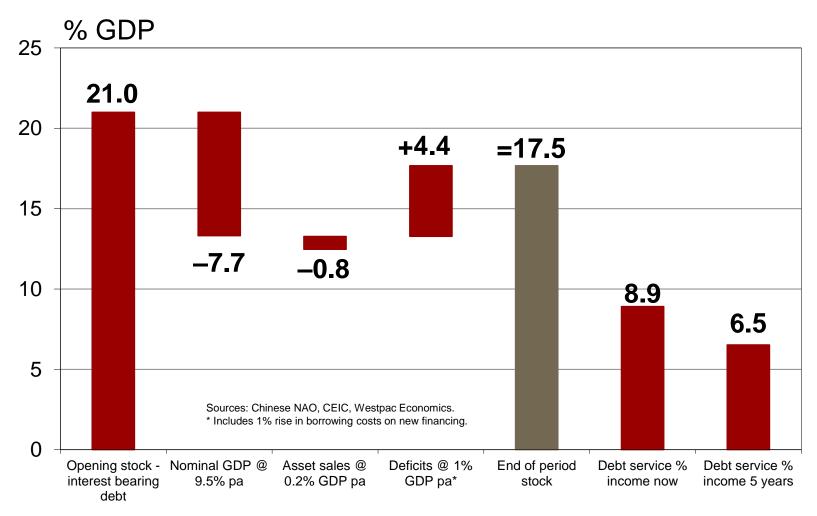
The assumptions:

- Presently, estimated debt servicing is equal to 8.9% of directly controlled revenues and 5.1% of total revenues (including central grants).
- Under the above, estimated debt servicing will fall to 6.5% of directly controlled revenues and 3.6% of total revenues (including central grants).
- The decomposition of these estimates is overleaf.





A five year scenario for local government debt

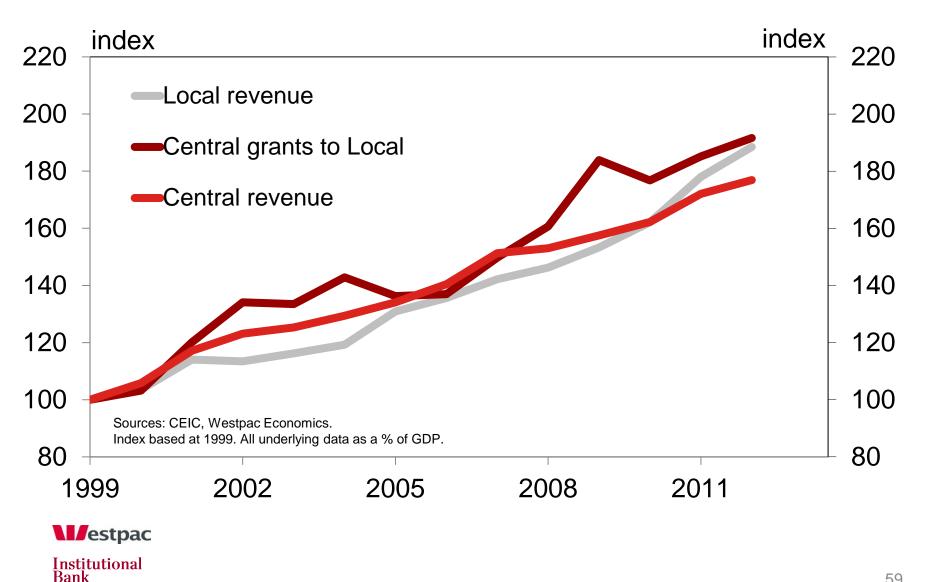






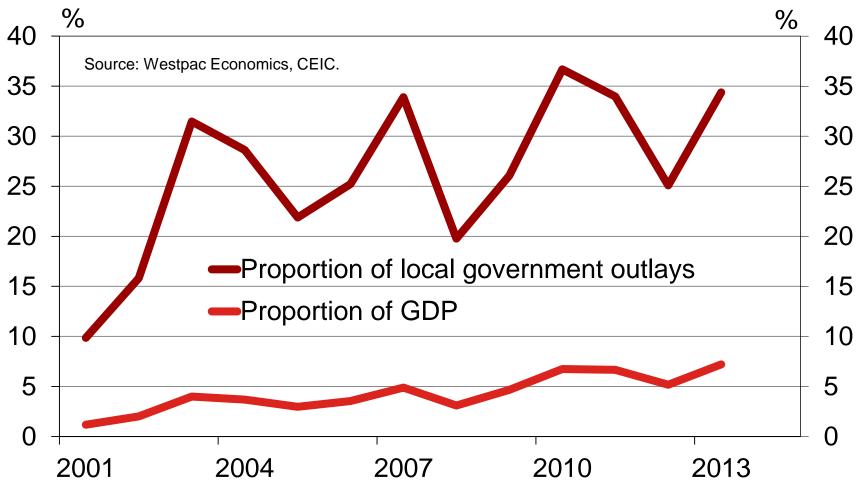


Rising revenue intensity of GDP in China





Land transfer revenues: a financial crutch





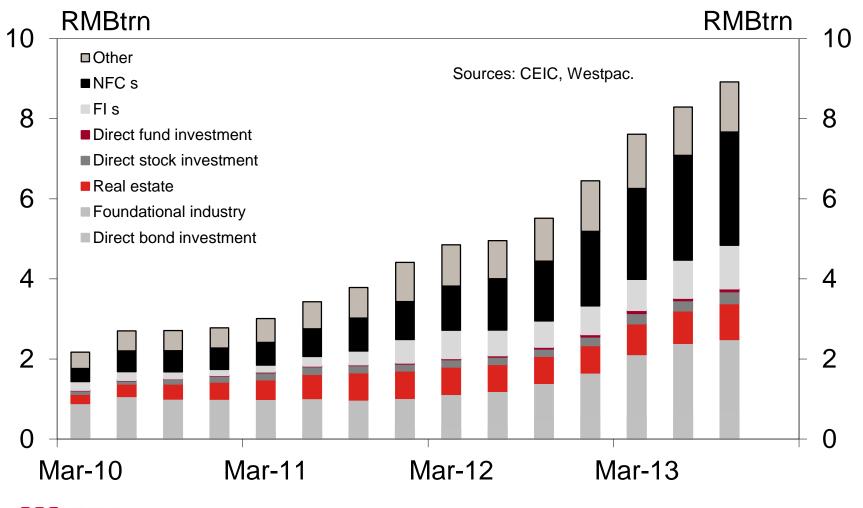
TRUST COMPANIES

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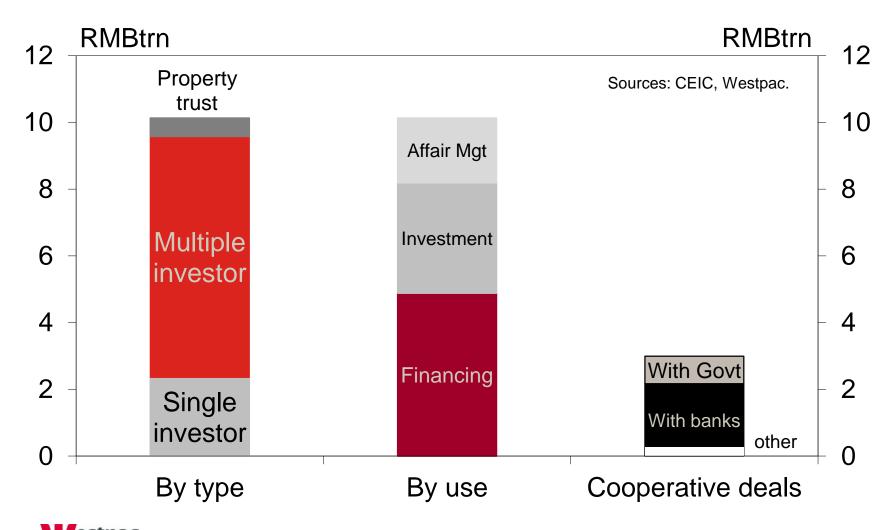
Assets of Chinese trust companies







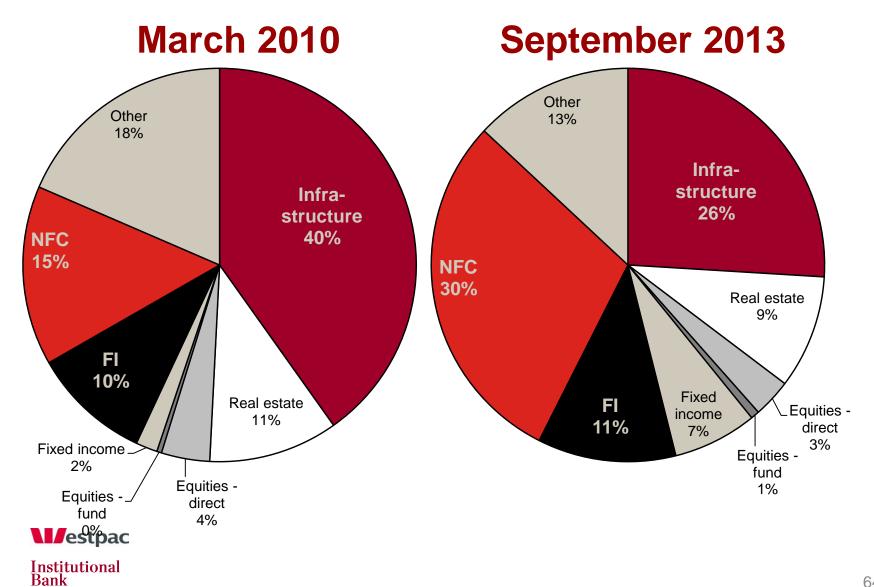
Chinese trust company activities





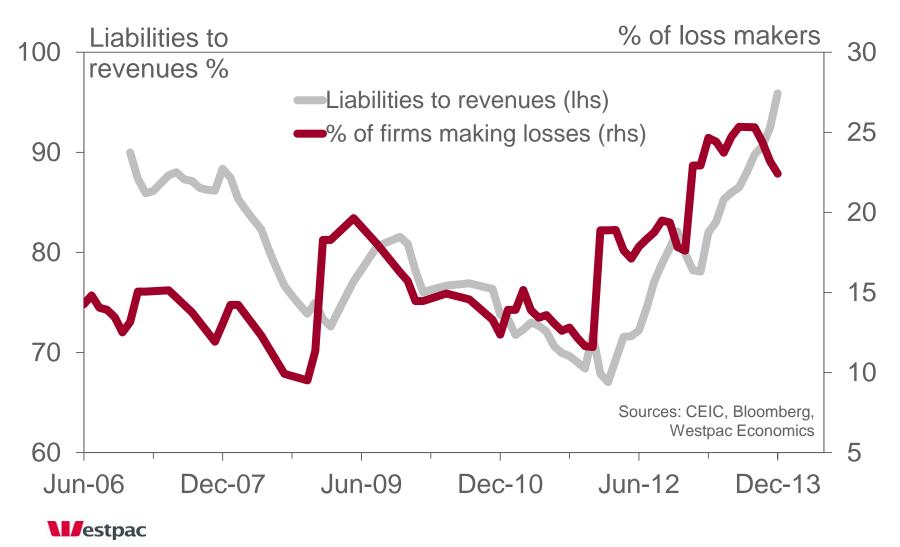


Chinese trust company assets





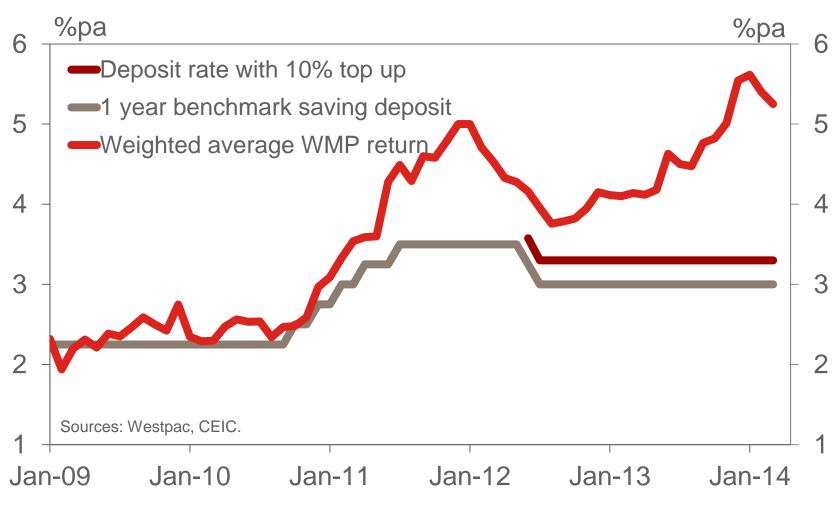
Coal miners' debt & loss making firms







The deposit ceiling and WMP returns









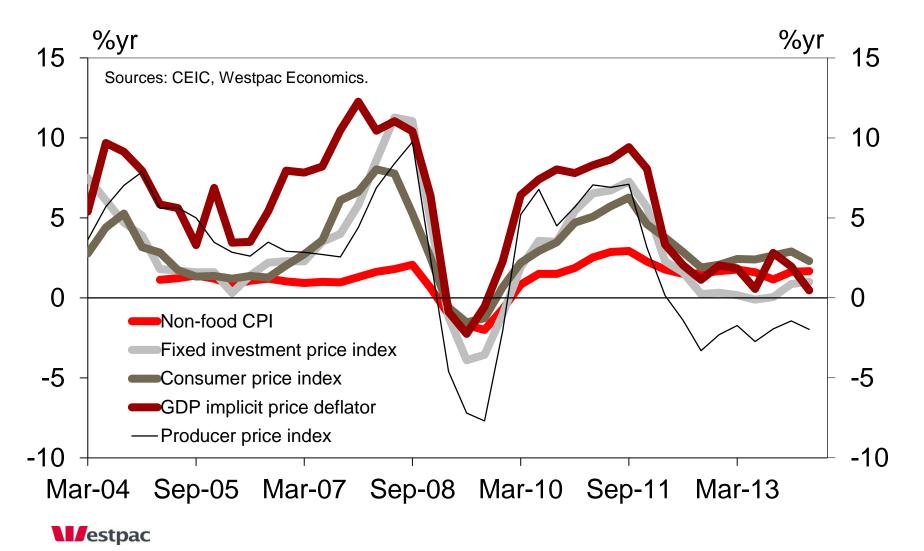
PRICES

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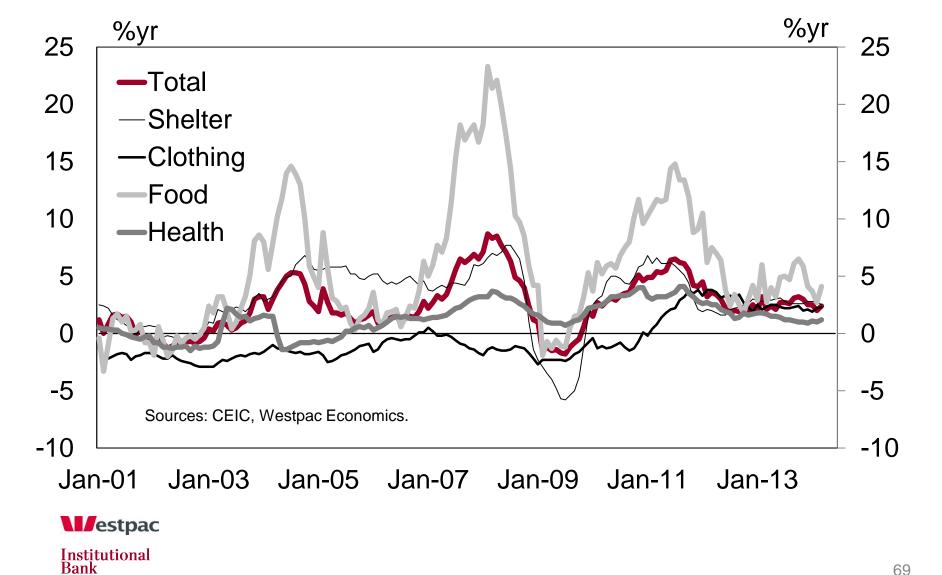
Various measures of inflation





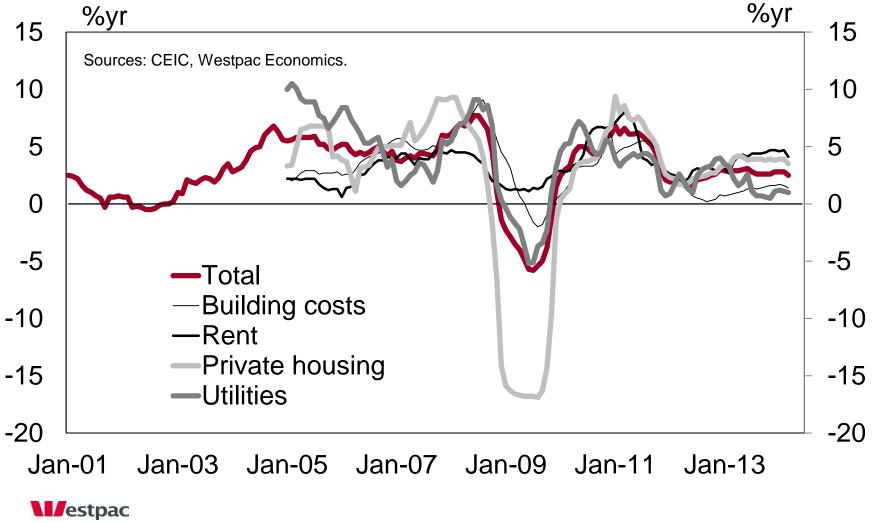


Chinese consumer prices





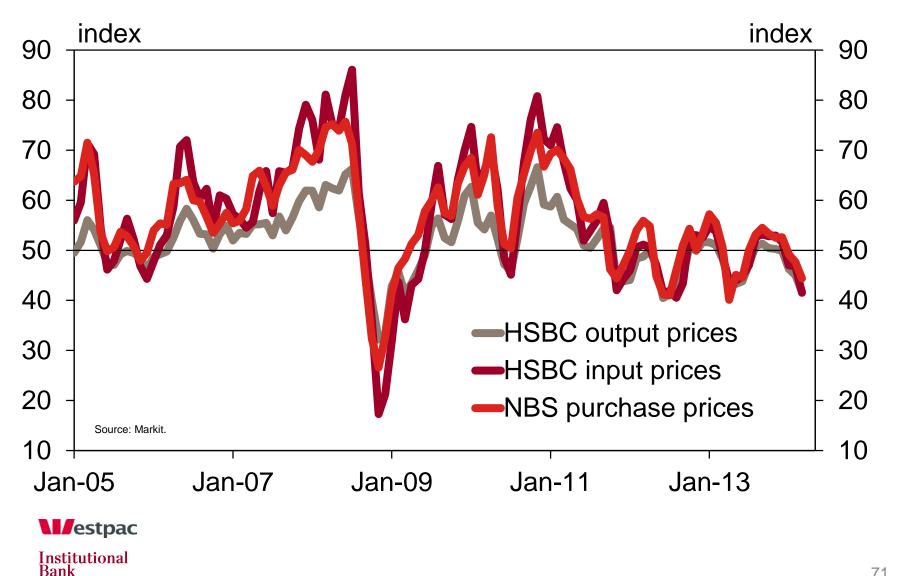
Chinese CPI: the shelter component





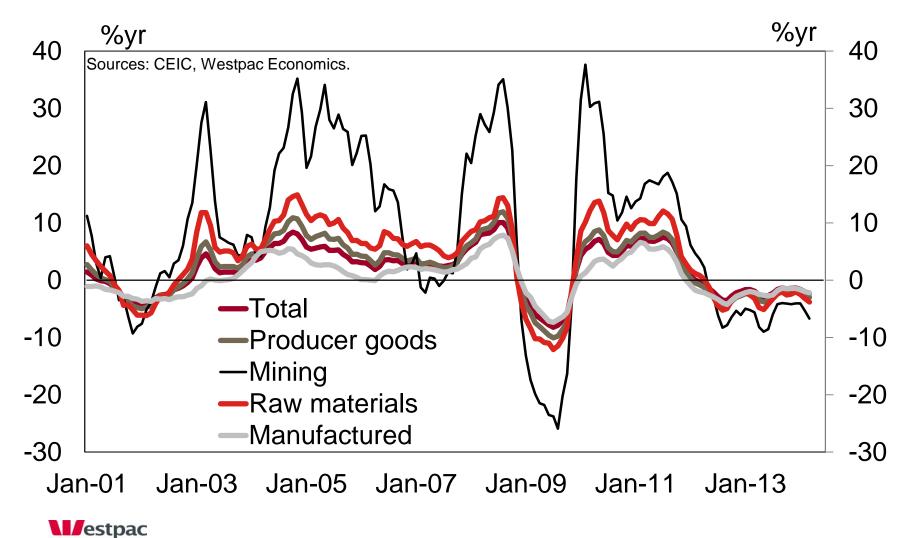


Input and output prices: PMI basis





Chinese producer prices





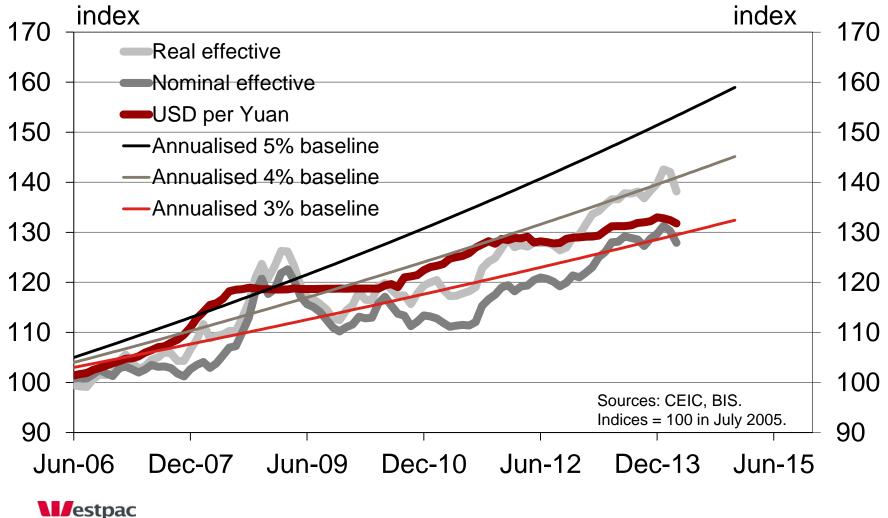
EXCHANGE RATE

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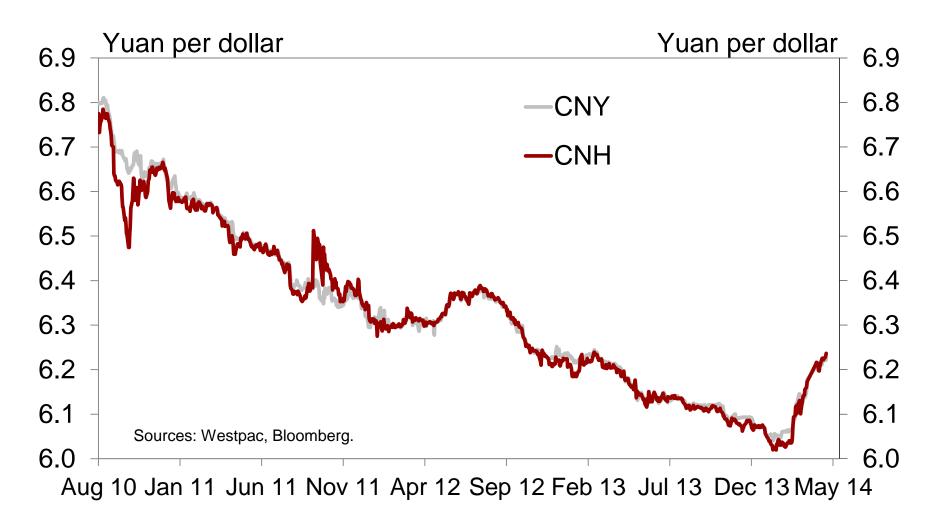
The path of the Chinese exchange rate







Onshore CNY and offshore CNH

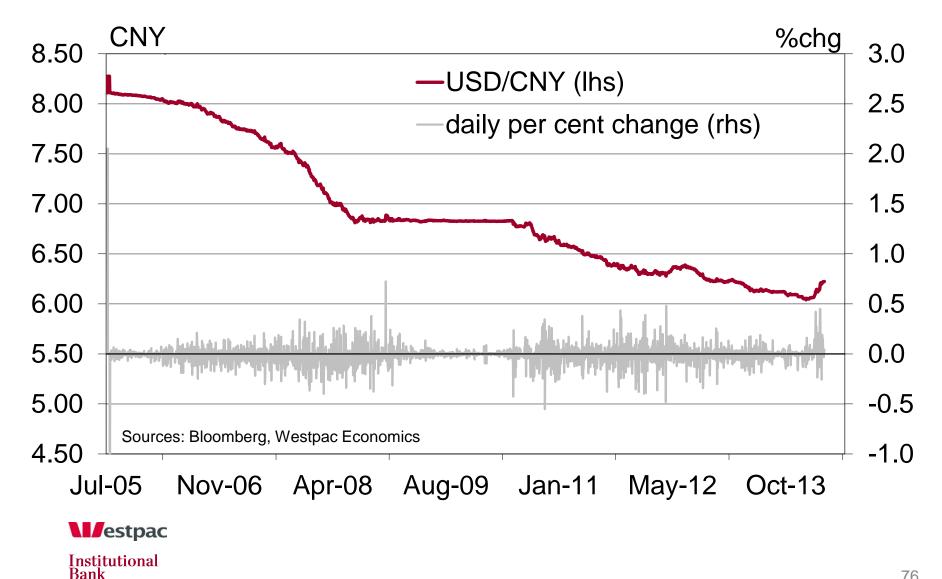






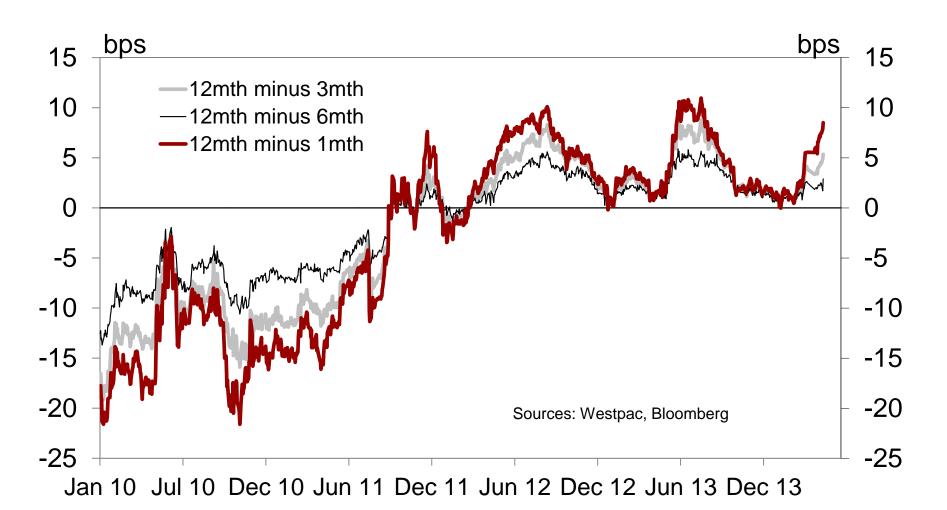


Chinese exchange rate flexibility





USD/CNY NDF curves: daily since 2010

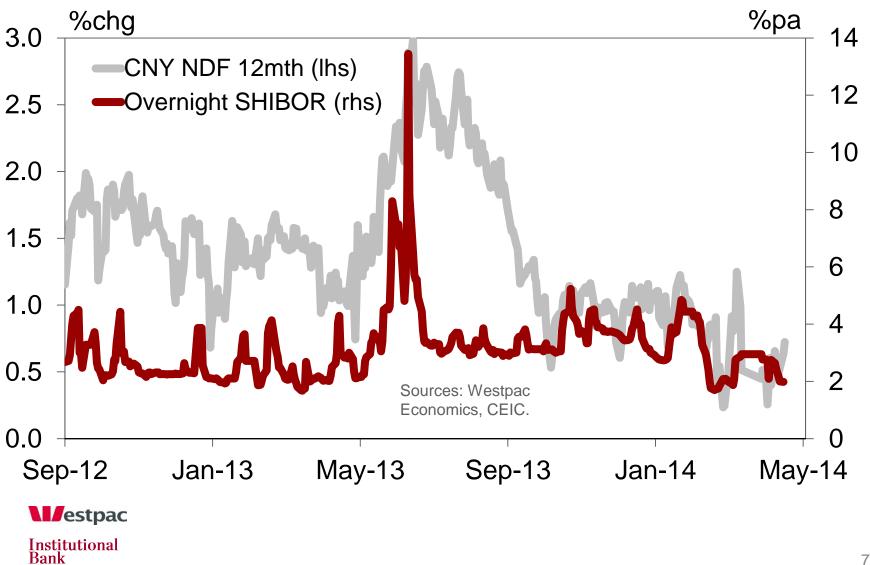






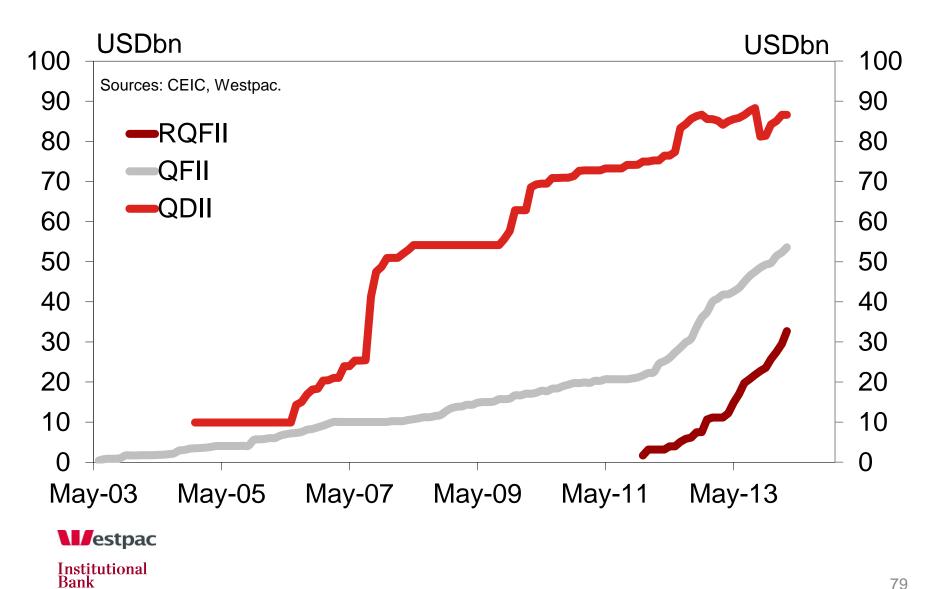


Overnight SHIBOR & the 12mth CNY NDF



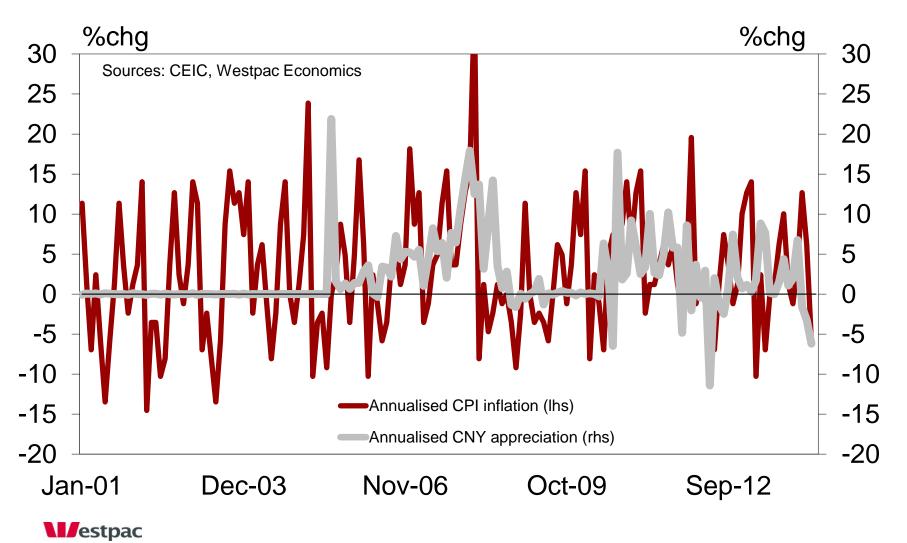


QFII, RQFII & QDII: accumulated quotas





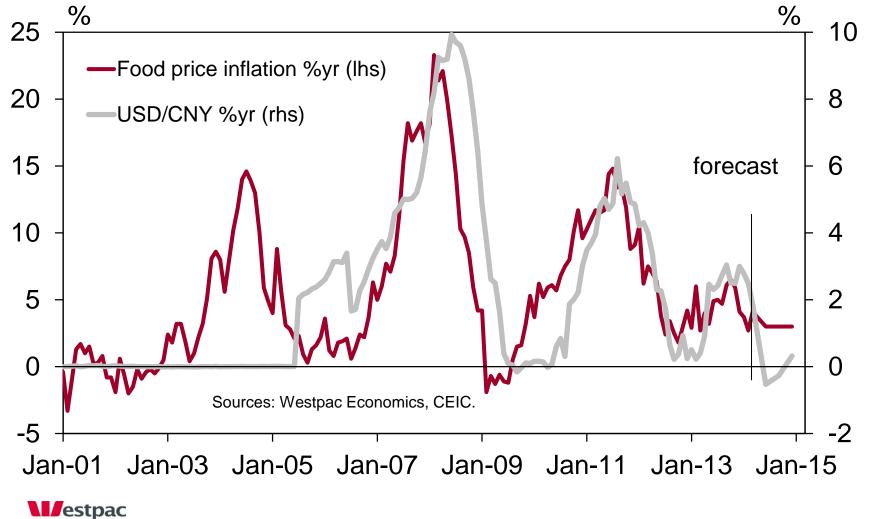
The exchange rate & inflation







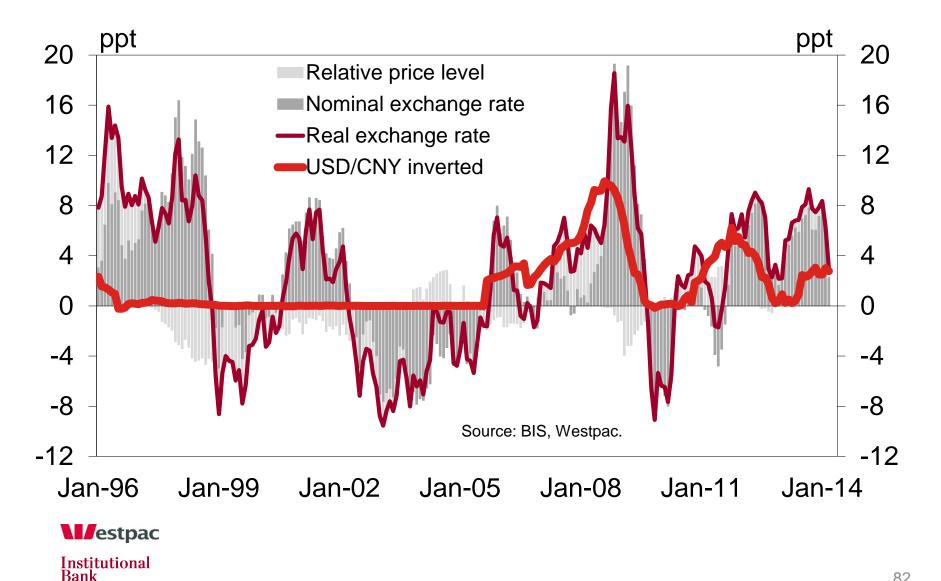
Food prices & the CNY exchange rate





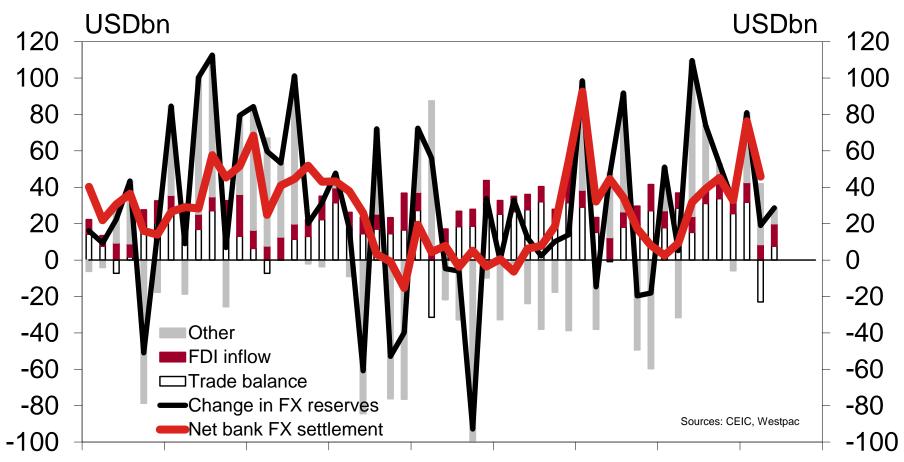


Decomposing 12 month real CNY appreciation





FX reserves, capital flows & bank FX positions



Jan-10 Jul-10 Jan-11 Jul-11 Jan-12 Jul-12 Jan-13 Jul-13 Jan-14



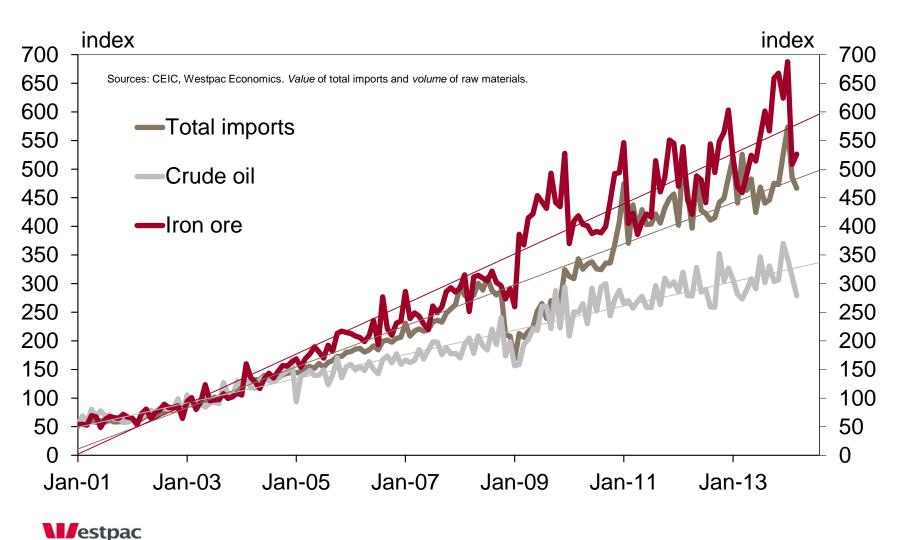
EXTERNAL SECTOR

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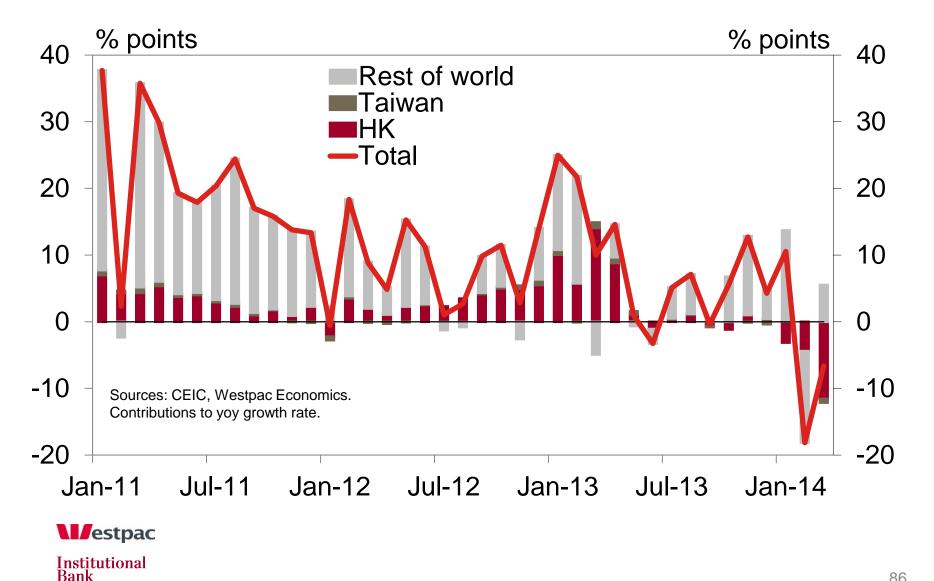
Chinese imports – total & key raw materials





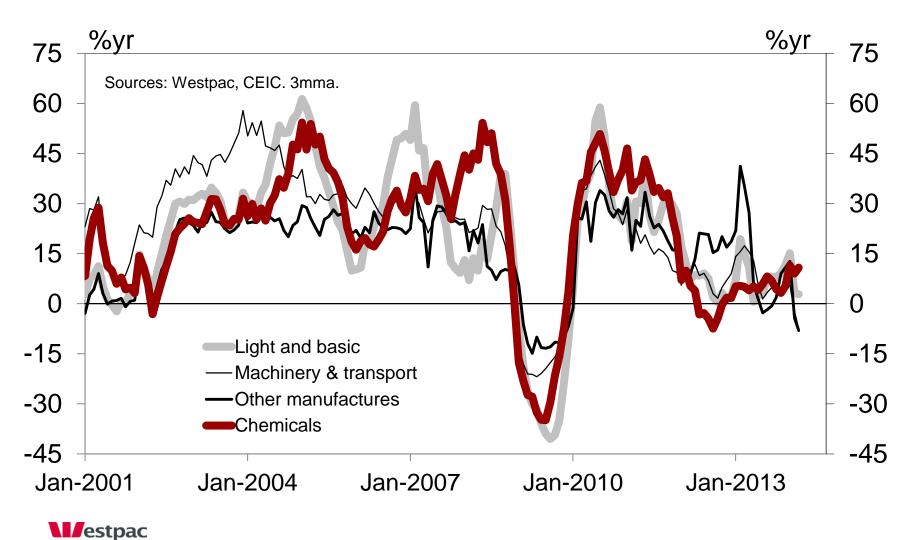


Contributions to Chinese customs exports





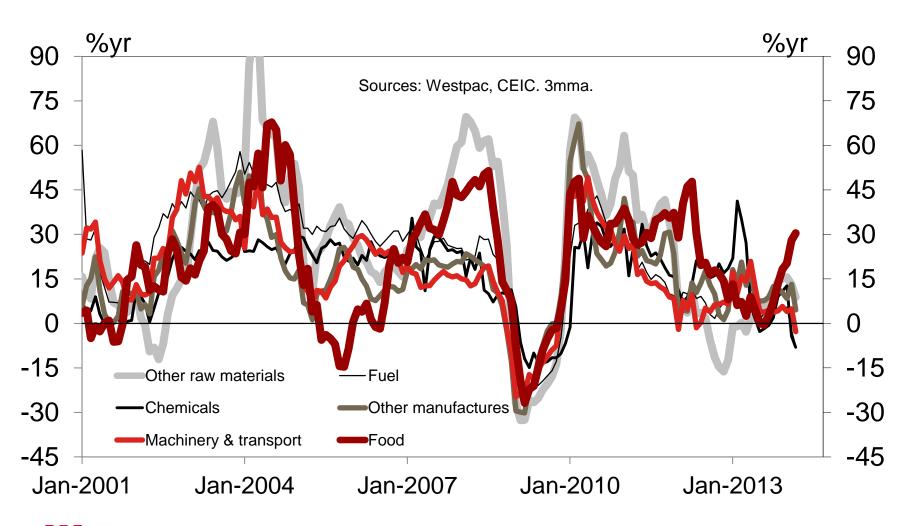
Exports by broad sector







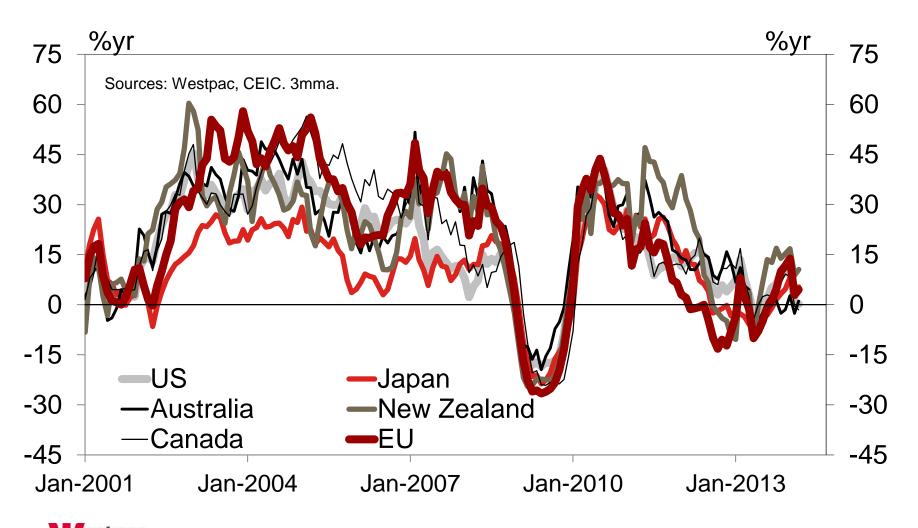
Imports by broad sector







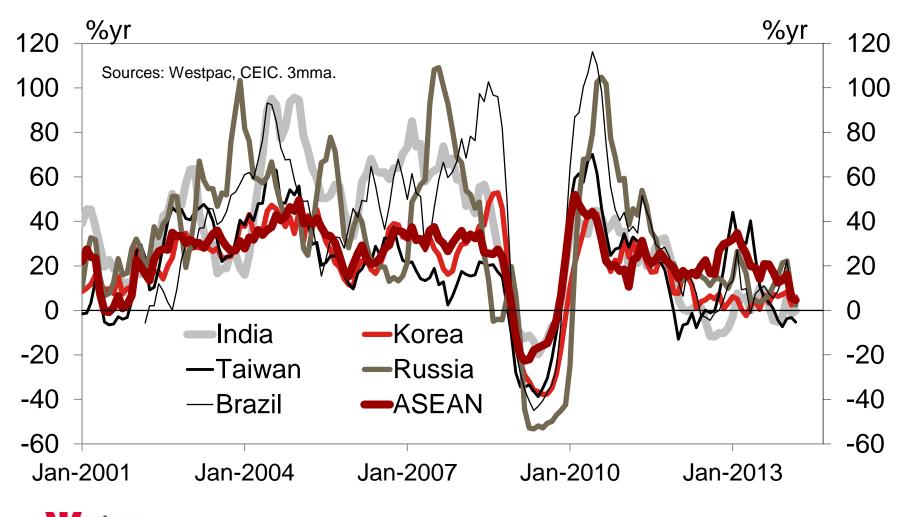
Chinese exports to developed markets







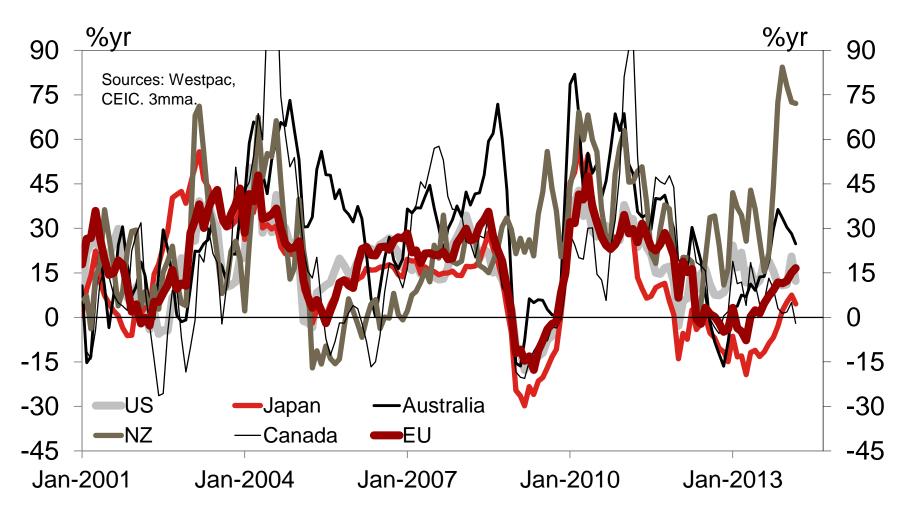
Exports to emerging markets







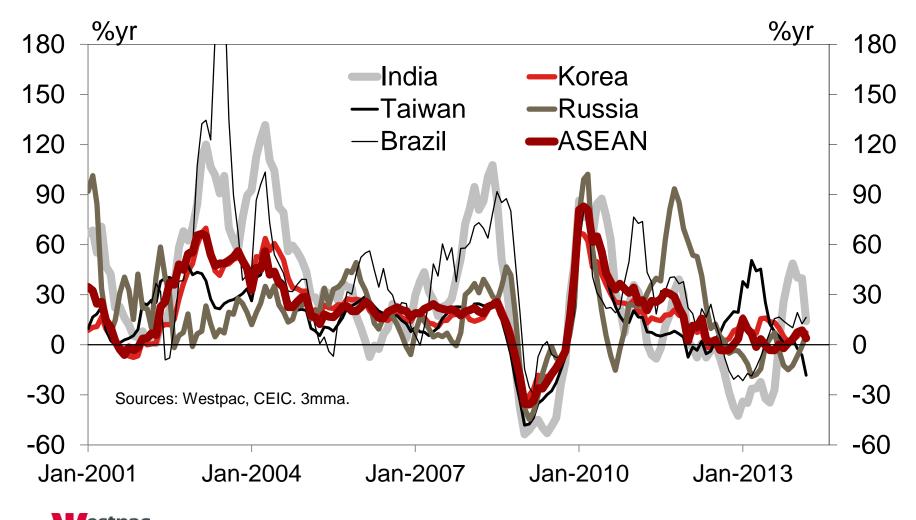
Chinese imports from developed markets







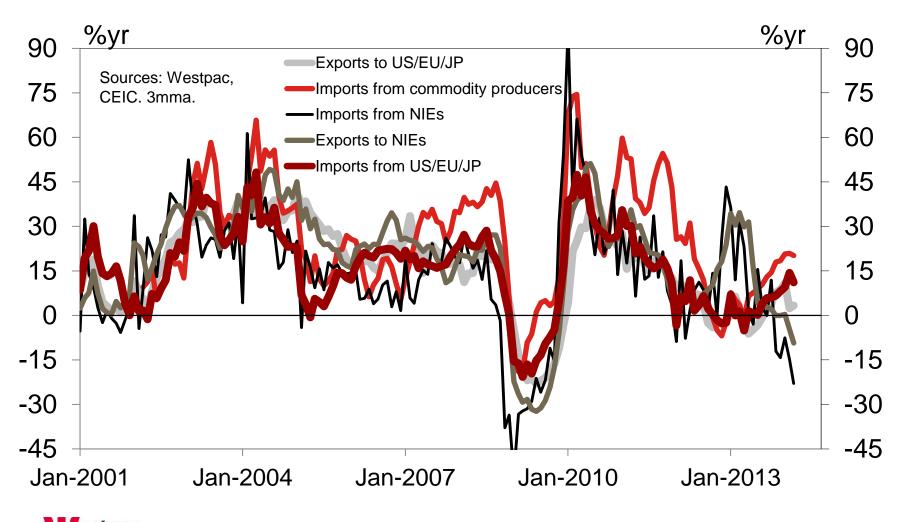
Imports from emerging markets







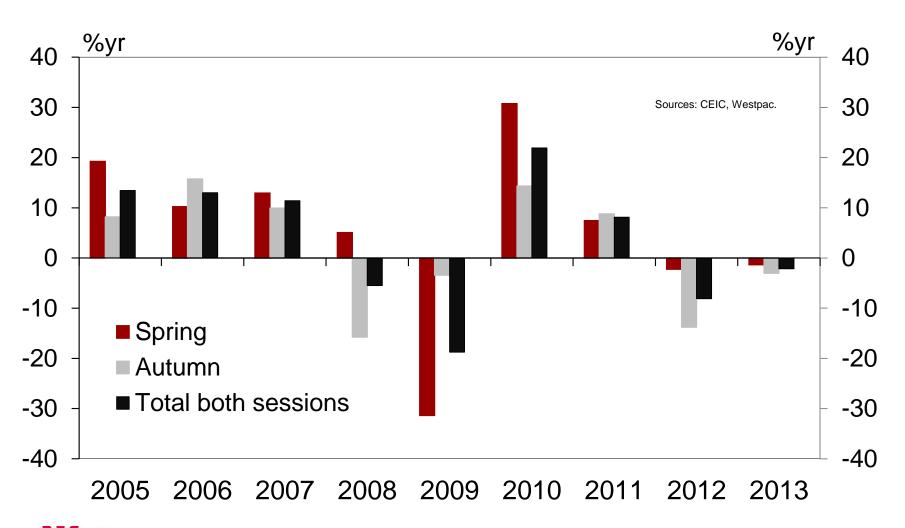
Chinese trade: uneven outcomes







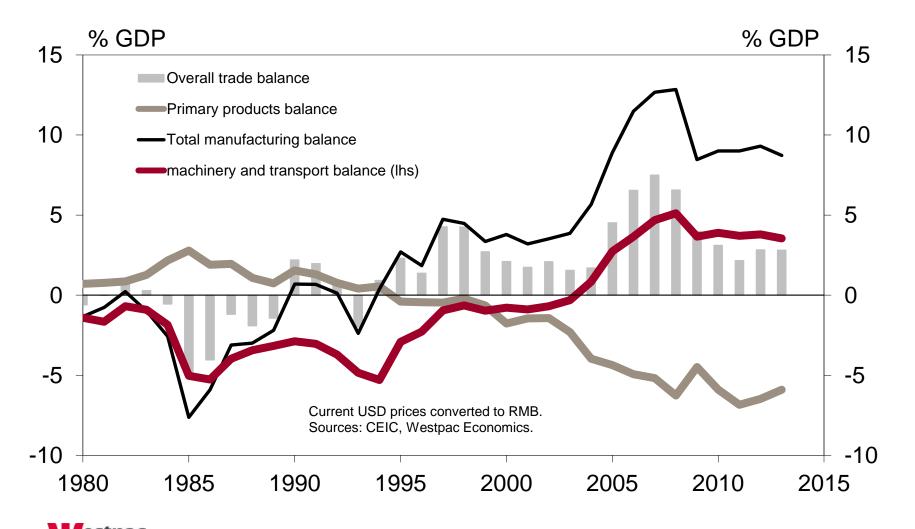
The Canton Trade Fair: sourcing bellwether







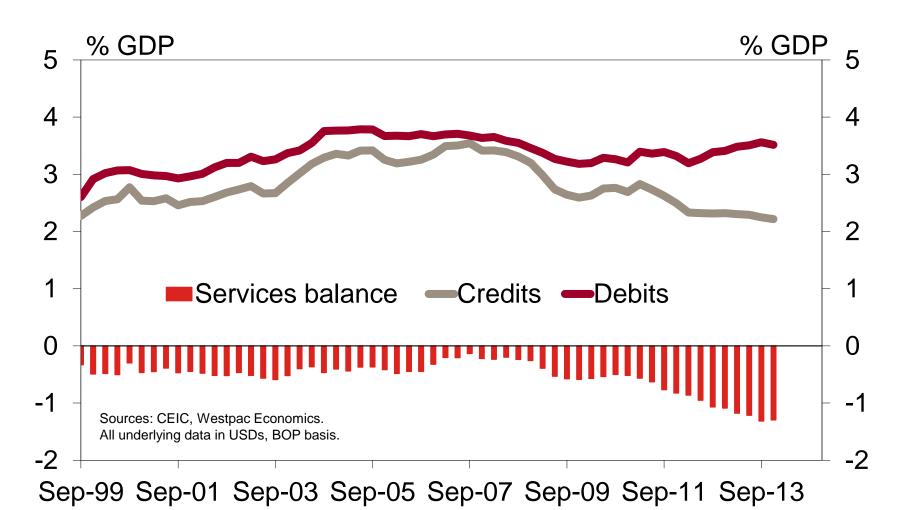
China's goods trade balance decomposed







China's trade balance in services

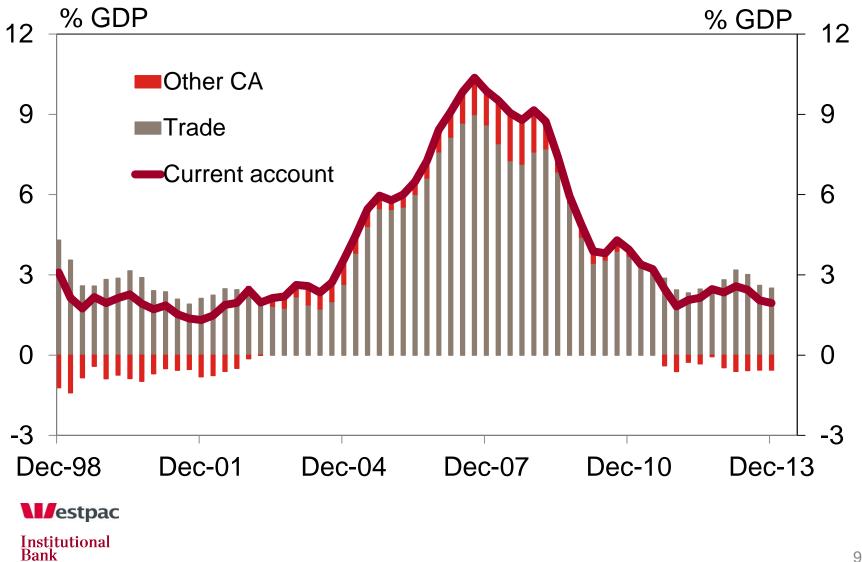








China's current account balance



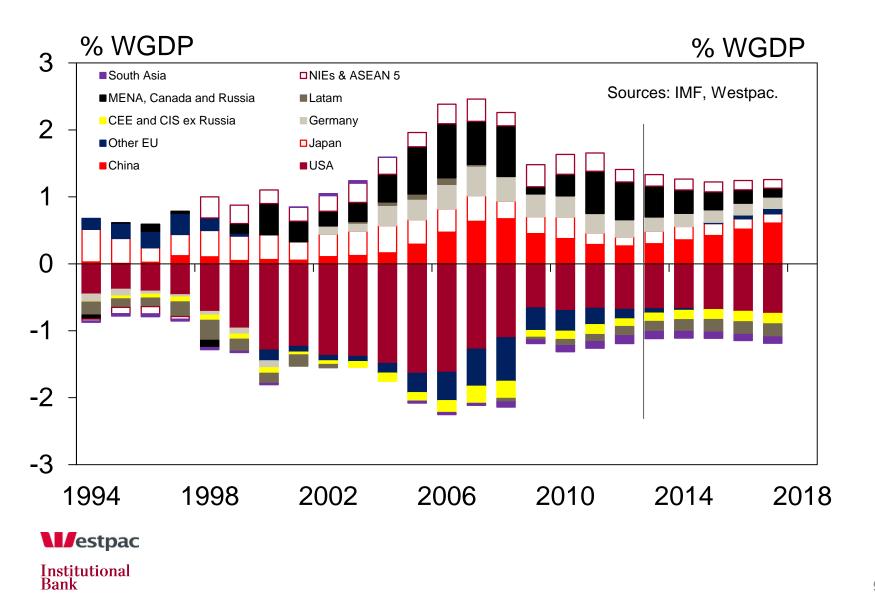
SELECTED BIG PICTURE ISSUES

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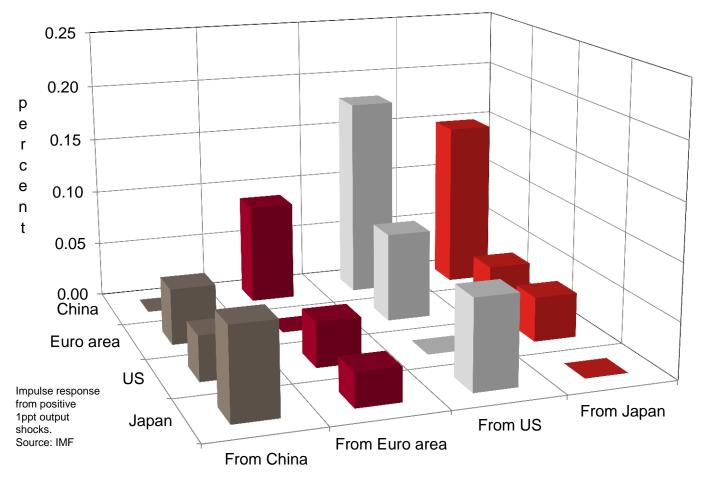


The state of global imbalances



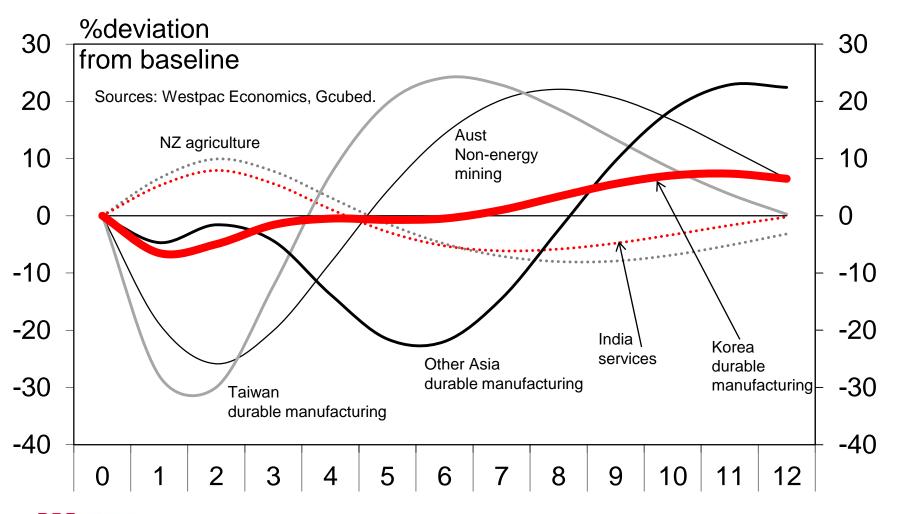


Growth spillovers between systemic economies





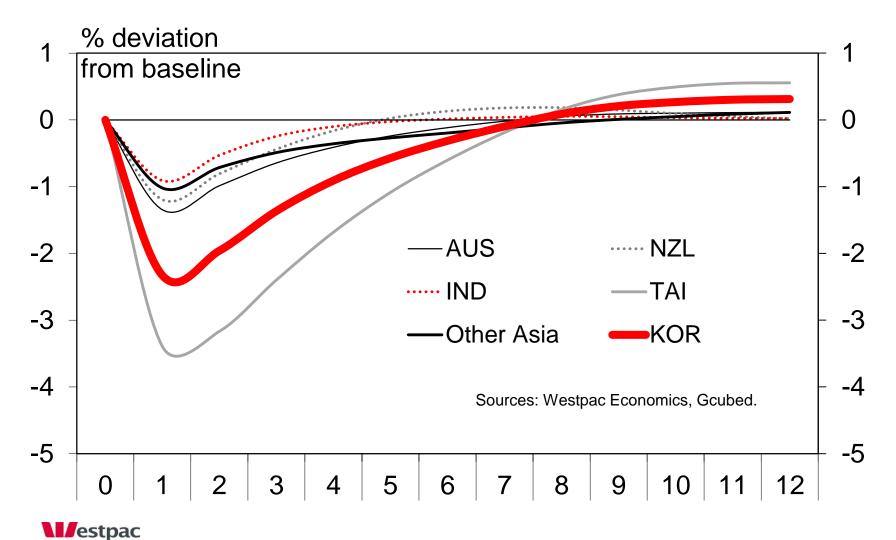
Investment in a China crunch scenario







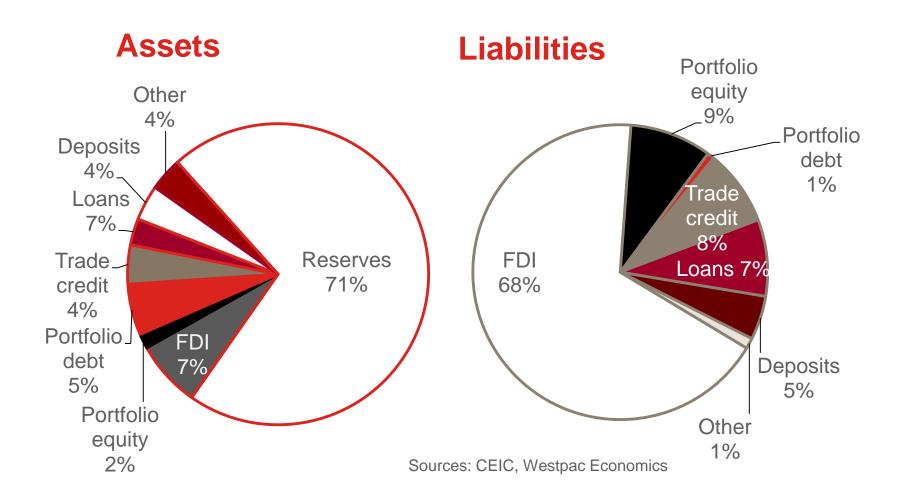
2 year interest rates on China crunch scenario







China's IIP assets & liabilities: 2009

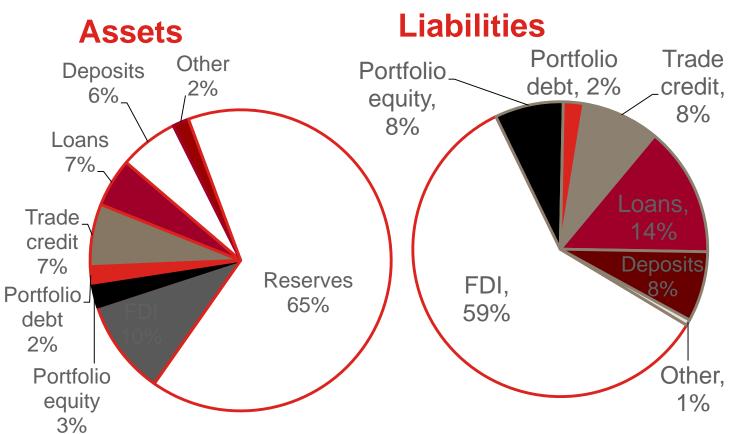








China's IIP assets & liabilities: 2013

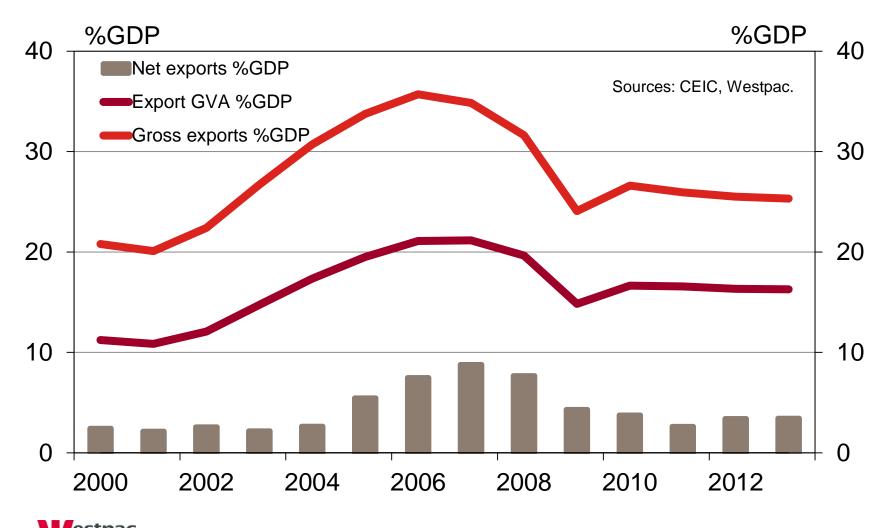








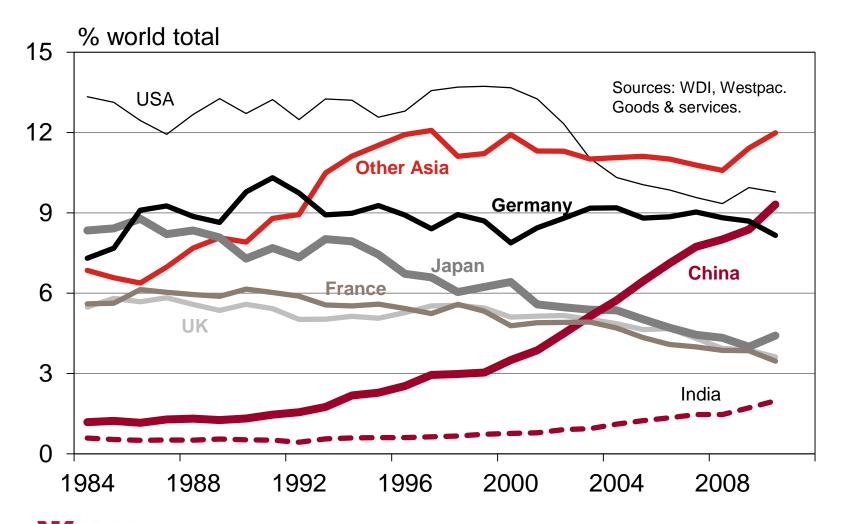
Various measures of Chinese export 'leverage'







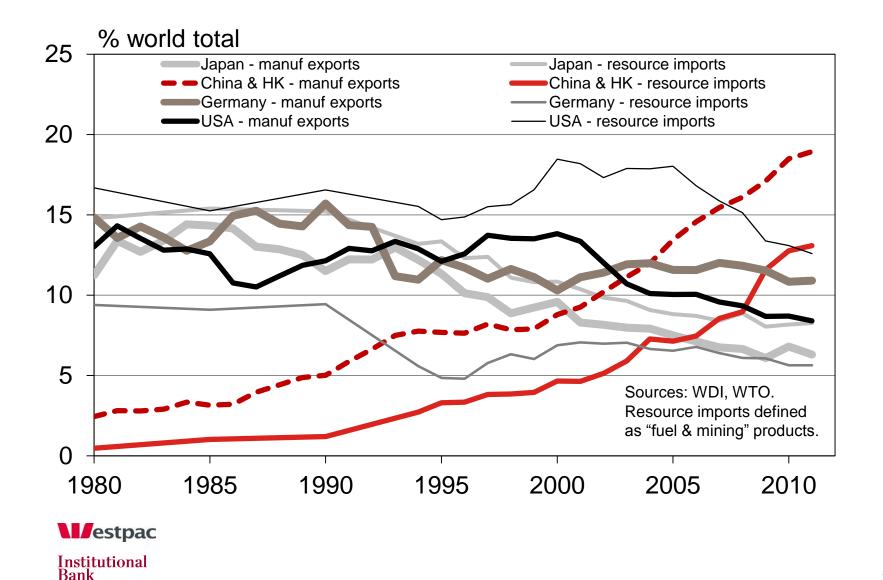
World export shares by country & region





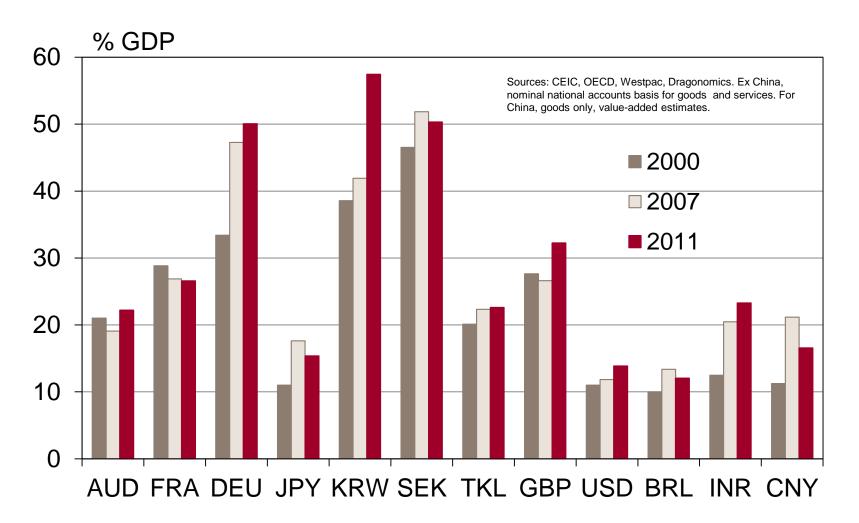


Manufacturing exports and resource imports





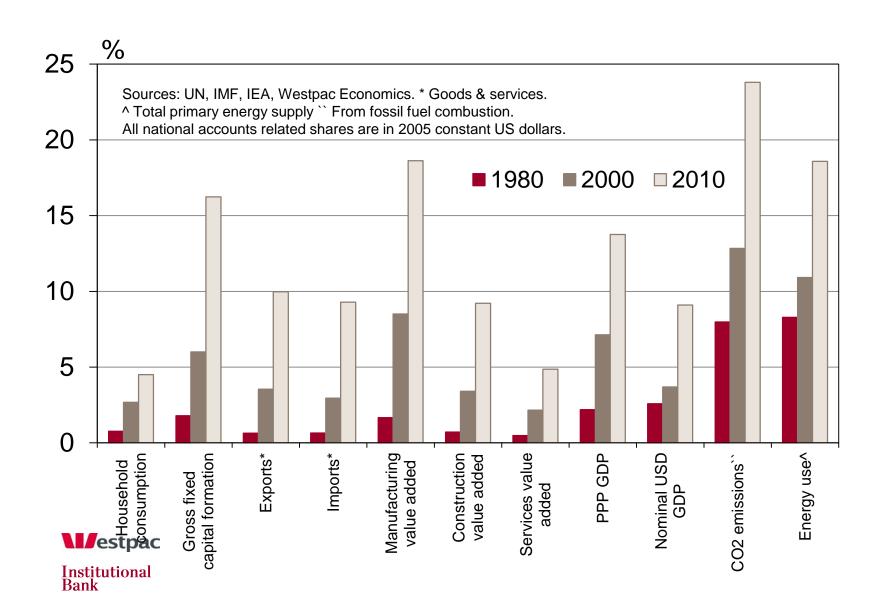
Nominal export shares: major countries





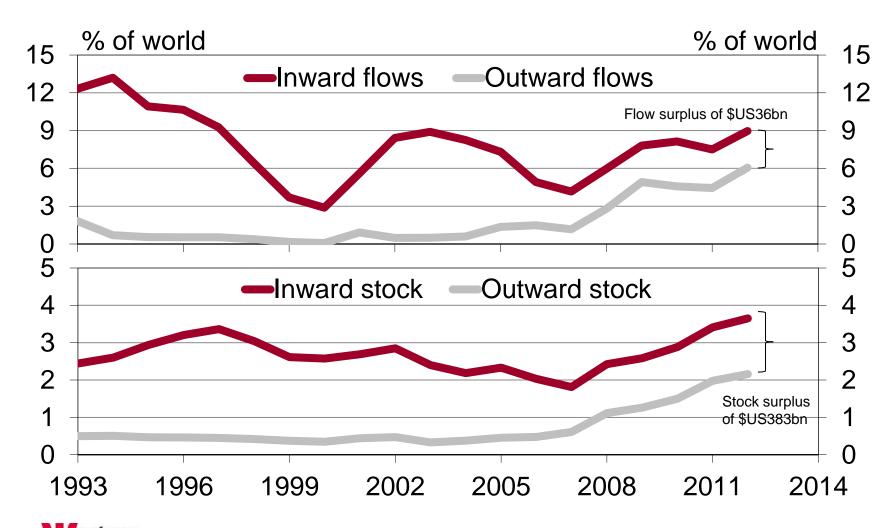


China's share: selected elements of world activity





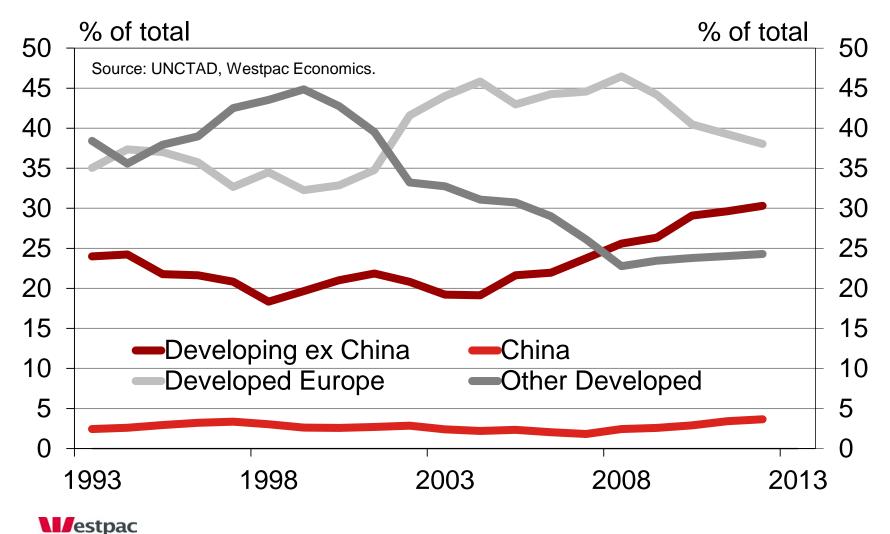
China's share of global FDI flows & stocks







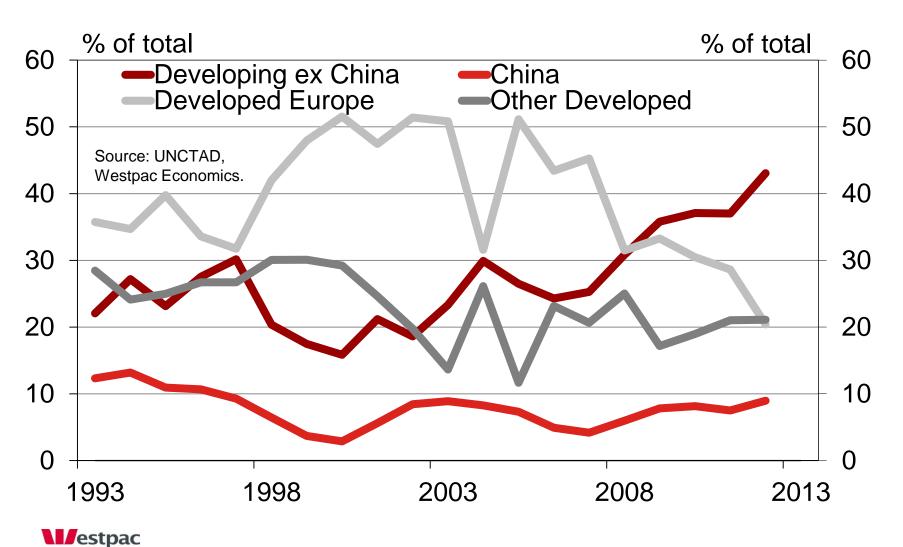
Shares of the global inward FDI stock







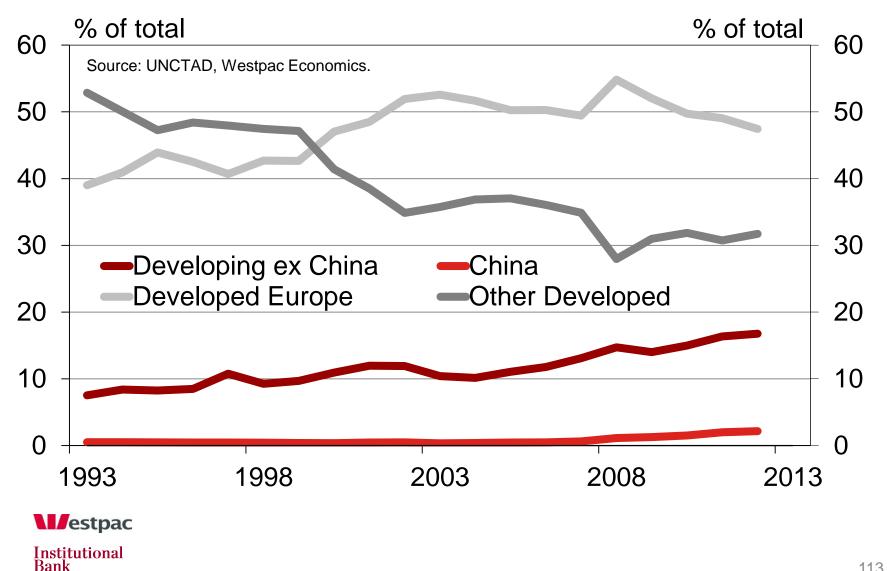
Shares of global FDI inflows





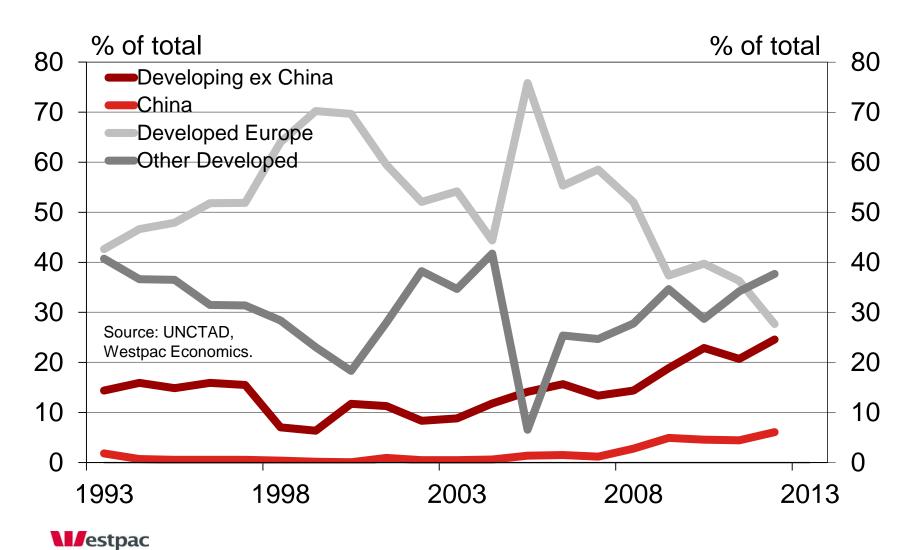


Shares of the global outward FDI stock





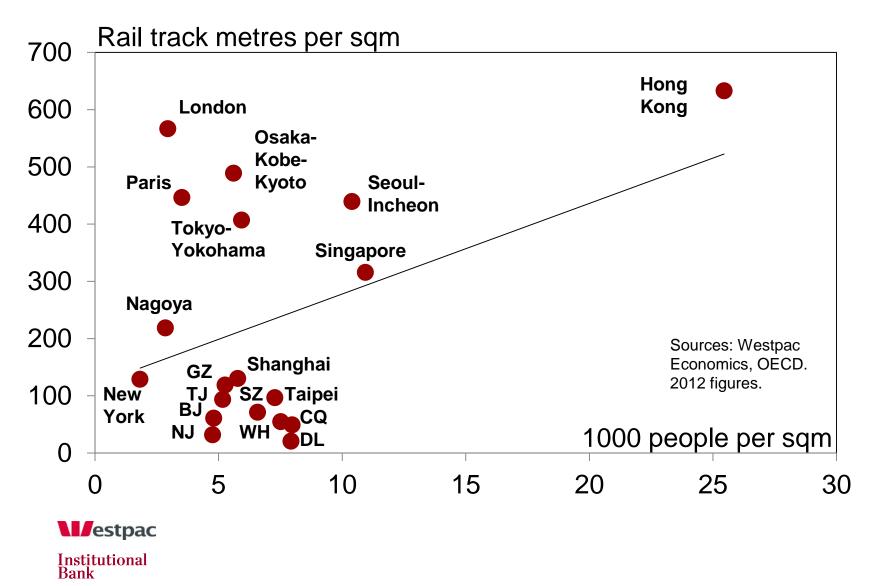
Shares of global FDI outflows





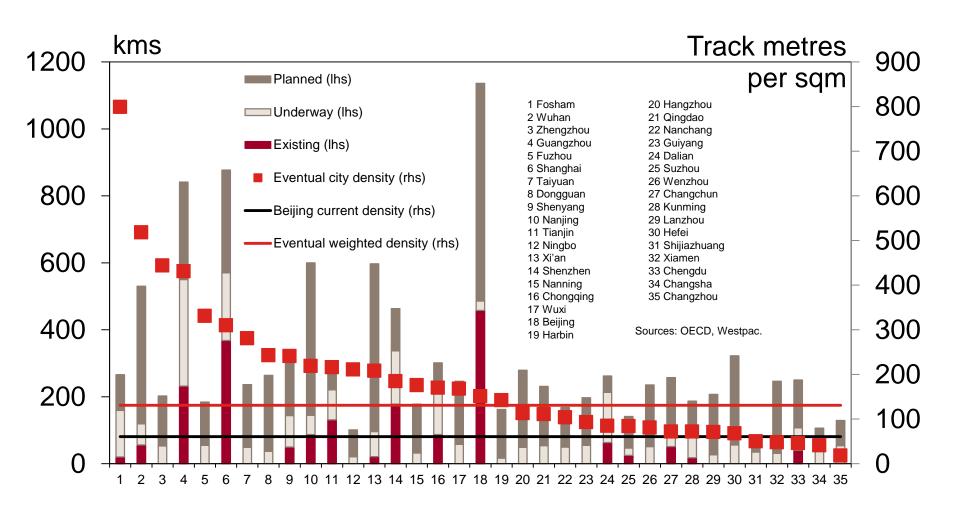


Major cities: rail network & population density





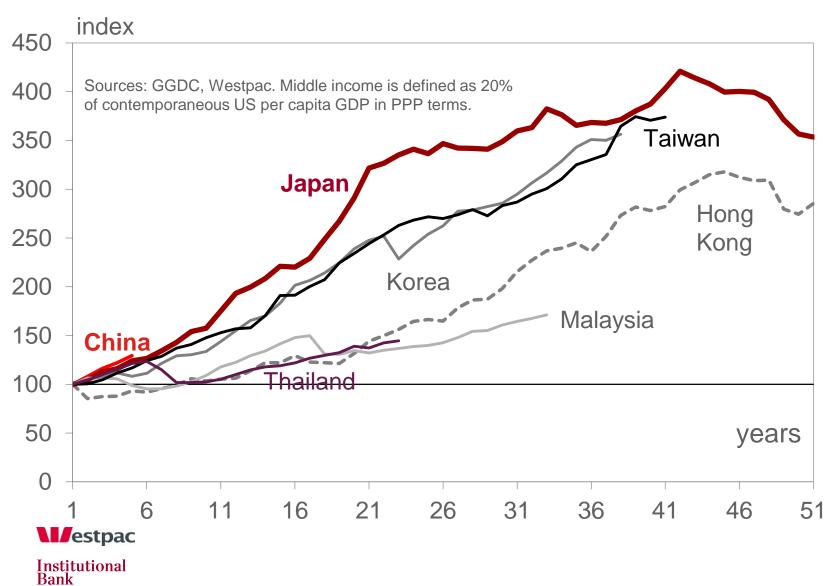
China: existing and planned subways





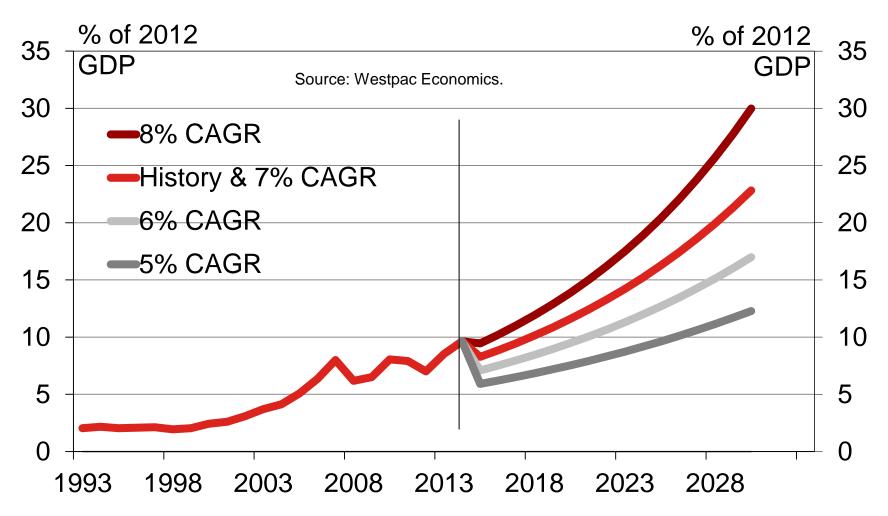


Per capita growth from middle income stage





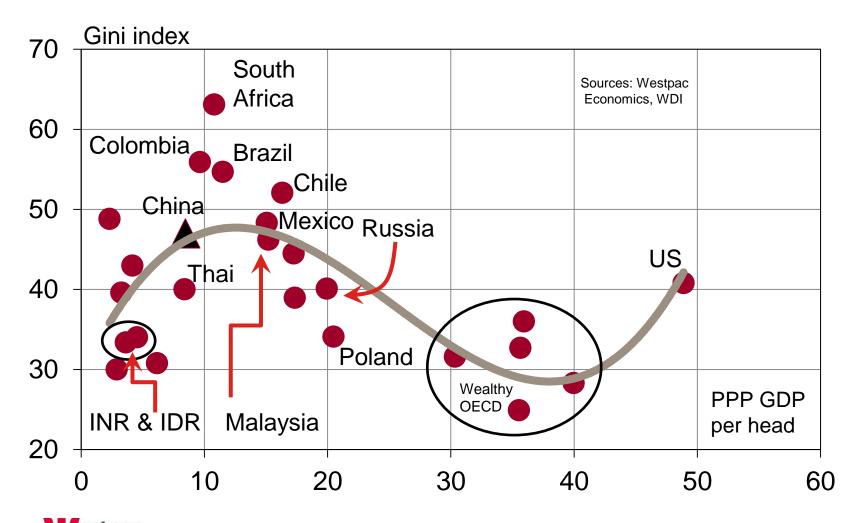
Chinese real GDP increments: 4 scenarios







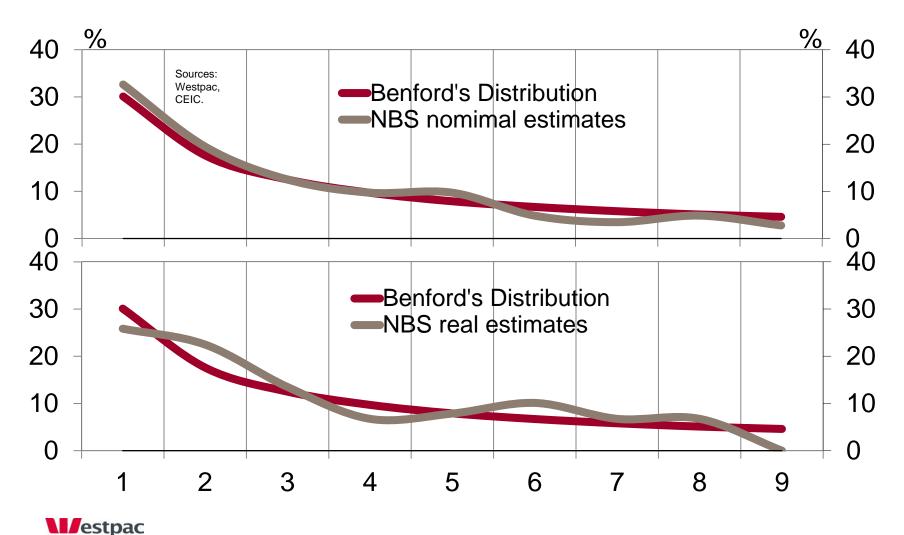
Income level per capita & its distribution







Benford's law & China's GDP figures







China: the key messages reiterated

The end-2013 data described an investment cycle that was beginning to decelerate, with the softer elements beginning to out-weigh those that were still in good health. Clearly 2014 was beginning on a softer footing than the year that just closed, as *Phat Dragon* had long foreshadowed. The Q1 data, when it arrived, confirmed the slowdown in no uncertain terms. The weakness of nominal activity was particularly striking in the March quarter national accounts, consistent with the deterioration of survey measures of business conditions throughout the quarter.

Phat Dragon notes that the poor partial data has been principally due to weak outcomes in manufacturing (an overdue crunch for heavy industry) and utilities capex (a surprise, reflecting tighter fiscal policy and weaker SOE activity in 2013H2) in the months of January and February, with the weakness spilling over into real estate construction in March. Transport has been surprisingly resilient though, with central and western regions still seeing some action in this space. Also, the value of new projects unexpectedly spiked higher in the new calendar year, implying that the investment pipeline is being replenished to some degree, supporting a stabilisation of growth around the middle of the year. The composition of investment will continue to shift, but the growth rate will retain a "17" handle even as the sectoral situation settles down. Note that Phat Dragon published a 17.0% forecast for CY2014 fixed investment ahead of the Jan-Feb data outturn, while the NPC's FAI target is 17.5%.

An additional factor influencing *Phat Dragon's* forecasts is the tightening of credit conditions since the June quarter of 2013. Our research indicates that shifts in credit lead developments in the real economy by 6-9 months, so the interbank turmoil of May and June is weighing on the economy now; the erratic credit supply to firms over the second half of the year will hinder 2014H1, while Q1's OK bank lending, married to a shadow crunch, is relevant for outcomes from late Q3 forward.





China: the key messages reiterated

Phat Dragon brought forward the timing of the enactment of growth stabilisation policies from midyear to 'immediate' not long after the NPC. Policy needs be loosened to a degree because without a replenishment of the investment pipeline, the growth pulse will slow to the point where domestic demand growth will fall below 7% in Q3. Chinese policymakers have little room to move nowadays, with domestic demand growth sub 7% viewed as unpalatable from the point of view of job creation and anything exceeding 8% likely to be inflationary.

This change of tack by domestic policymakers will combine with an improvement in global economic conditions to lift the economy in late 2014, ensuring that it enters 2015 will some positive momentum. *Phat Dragon* anticipates that the world economy will be significantly firmer in 2015, which will assist China as it attempts to grow in a less credit-intensive fashion.

While RRR cuts remain possible, *Phat Dragon* argues that it must be obvious that OMO could not achieve the same ends before the PBoC would choose that avenue for boosting liquidity. The most likely time for a RRR cut is probably post deposit rate reform, which now has a definite "within two years" timeframe attached to it. (Note that "in the near future" meant 11 months in the case of the wider CNY band, and deposit insurance/guarantee system is likely to be built first).

Regarding China's balance sheet challenges, the financial system will remain a source of bearish news flow. While *Phat Dragon* feels that the ultimate risks relating to Chinese debt are generally exaggerated (it still has a current account surplus after all, and is the world's second largest international creditor) there seems little doubt in *Phat Dragon's* mind that bearish views on the growth-credit nexus will be remunerative in the first half of this year.

Finally, regarding commodity prices, *Phat Dragon* feels that the threat of a collapse has receded, given seasonality, cost curves and downstream inventory positions.



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